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The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Daily Commercial

THE tailor strike in Paris has come to an end, they having obtained an increase of ten per cent. on their wages, which is a good deal under the demands of the "Unions." Their societies are virtually abandoned thereby.

THE BEAVER VALLEY.—As will be seen by our correspondent "Linnwood's" letter, the group of towns lying along the Beaver and Ohio rivers—Fallston, Sharon, New Brighton, Beaver Falls and Rochester—is rapidly growing in importance. New manufactories in various branches of industry are being established in the towns on the Beaver river, thus fulfilling the expectations of the original proprietors of the villages as a manufacturing point. The water power on the Beaver is one of the finest in the country, and notwithstanding the large number of manufactories now in successful operation, there is abundant room for more. Railways and river furnish all the transportation facilities than can be required.

ARCHBISHOP SPALDING has issued a letter of instructions relative to the colored people, exhorting pastors in the Roman Catholic Church to establish in their respective parishes or districts, as soon as may be at all practicable, schools for colored people; as experience proves how difficult it is to impart religious instruction to those that cannot read. The Bishop remarks further: "We would also be gratified to find the number of churches for colored people multiplied, especially in the cities where they are most needed." He also bears witness to the generosity of the colored people, who have always given according to their means for the establishment of schools and churches.

The Doctors on Female Physicians.

In the National Medical Convention, in Cincinnati, last week, the question of recognizing female physicians by the same rule as other physicians came up. Dr. Paller of St. Louis opposed the resolution. In Europe, Austria, France and Prussia, the practice of medicine and obstetrics by females has proved a failure. It is contrary to the spirit of our profession to have anybody connected with it except men, and men of reason. Nature has so ordained the female that, at certain periods, she is absolutely unfitted to do anything; consequently, could not attend to the legitimate duties of the physician. Another serious objection—no person can practice medicine or surgery without a knowledge of pathological anatomy, and no woman, having sufficient delicacy to enter the sick chamber, would enter the dissecting room to obtain such knowledge. Imagine a lady with her style of dress flitting around in the charnel house, or with microscopes diving into cancer cells.

He spoke at considerable length, when Dr. Bowditch undertook to advocate the resolution, but both were summarily put down, not more than a dozen votes being given for the proposition.

The Steamer Miner.

The North American Fur Company, which owns the steamboat Miner, said to have been captured by the Indians and the crew massacred, discredits the report altogether. The agents of the company, whose headquarters are in Chicago, at various points along the river, have given no information of the event, and her armament and regulations were such that a capture as reported is not deemed possible. The story is discredited at Omaha. The boat left St. Louis on the first of April last. Her crew consisted of twenty-four men accustomed to the line of travel. They were headed by Capt. A. F. Hawley, an old Indian trader, used to the modes of Indian life, and acquainted with the manners of his supposed assailants. The boat is of the capacity of four hundred tons. She carried on her trip two brass howitzers, and in her armory twenty stands of muskets. These, besides the weapons carried by the passengers, who, before they left St. Louis, were provided with revolvers and Henry rifles. There were several passengers upon the boat, a majority, perhaps, of them being residents of Chicago.

Later than the above the Chicago *Journal*, of Monday, gives the following:

A gentleman who left Yankton on the 7th, and Sioux City on the 9th, three days later than the steamer Le Claire was there, informs us that there is no truth in the report of the loss of the steamer Miner, and the massacre of her passengers and crew by the Indians. There was no such report at Yankton when our informant left, nor at Sioux City. The steamer Le Claire had not been above the latter point, consequently could not have heard anything from up the river which was not known by the steamer's agents at Yankton.

Internal Revenue Decision.

Commissioner Rollins has addressed the following letter to George D. Copeland, Esq., United States Assessor at Goshen, Indiana:

SIR: I have received your letter of the 26th ult., in which you inquire if castings made for repairs, mowers, threshers, separators, wheat drills and cultivators, are exempted from taxation under that clause of the act of March 2, 1867, which exempts castings made for machinery, &c.

In reply, I have to say, that under the law as amended by the acts of July 13, 1866, and March 2, 1867, the following classes of castings are exempt from taxation:

Castings made for particular articles, machines or structures, all of which are enumerated, as for instance castings for locks, safes, looms, spinning machines, steam engines, hot air and water furnaces, sewing machines, cars and scales, and castings for iron bridges.

Castings of a particular kind, or for a particular use, as malleable iron castings, unfinished, and castings for hollow-ware.

Castings made for articles which are not enumerated, but which articles are liable to tax in a finished state.

Castings made for machinery.

All castings which are not exempt under one of the above heads are liable to the specific tax of $3 00 per ton.

These are the following, to-wit:

Castings used for buildings or permanent structures, except castings for iron bridges.

Castings which are complete articles in themselves and not made component or constituent parts of other articles, &c.

Castings which are intended for and used as a component or constituent parts of other articles, except such as are used in the manufacture of shafting or gearing (machinery:) and of cars, scales, articles, machines, instruments, or engines on which a tax is assessed and paid in a finished state.

The agricultural implements or machines enumerated in your letter are all exempt from taxation in a finished state: the castings, therefore, used in their construction, come under the third class enumerated above of taxable castings, and not under either of the exceptional or exempted classes.

Yours, respectfully,
E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.
Treasury Department, Office of Internal Revenue, Washington, May 10, 1867.

The Monongahela Valley Railroad Project.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

I notice that under the charter granted the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company, there is a movement towards organization, and that a meeting is to be held in a few days for the further consideration of the subject. I would, through your widely circulated paper, call the attention of our citizens to the importance of a railroad leading up the Monongahela valley. The facilities afforded by water transportation are not sufficient or adequate to the wants of the people. That a railroad is wanted and needed there is not a doubt. The question is, will it pay? There is no district of country near the city so closely populated. An idea of this may be had when we consider that for a distance of sixty miles there are from five to seven steamboats running daily, and all with enough of business. All the passenger business, together with a large proportion of the freights, would be turned in favor of the railroad, as on the freights there is charged lockage nearly equal to the cost of transportation, which would give the railroad the advantage in competition. Again, the Monongahela valley is one of the richest in the best quality of coal in the whole country, and is one great source of wealth to Western Pennsylvania. A railroad, especially on the west side of the river, would form a new outlet for a large portion of this mineral, which cannot come by water transportation, as it lies too far back from the river. There are large fields of coal, commencing within four or five miles of the city, that cannot now be brought to market, while we are bringing other coal a distance of say thirty to fifty miles. No sooner would a railroad be commenced than up every stream emptying into the Monongahela there would be commenced a branch road leading to these vast coal fields, and connecting them with the main line.

The travel on the road would also be much increased by the great number of persons now resident in the city who are anxious to obtain small homesteads in the country. With high rents, and the crowded state of the city, there is a great desire to obtain a small place in the country. In every other direction along the line of the railroads leading from the city, land has been bought up by persons doing business in the city, and here is one of the most beautiful valleys in the country, as yet for this purpose comparatively unoccupied. I think that on examination, men of money will find the Monongahela Valley Railroad a paying investment.

MONONGAHELA.

THE Chicago *Tribune* describes the effect of the eight-hour riots in that city upon the building business as very disastrous. The *Tribune* says: "It is estimated that from three to four million dollars' worth of buildings would have been erected this year in Chicago, not one of which will now be commenced. People are afraid to build. Last year the cost of building was fearfully high, and many shrank back from the undertaking, appalled by the thousands of extra dollars required. Now that those figures are threatened to be increased by twenty-five per cent. they think it altogether too much, and will not face the music."

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

BOOTH'S DIARY NOT SPOLIATED.

Testimony of Col. Conger and Judge Holt.

Reported Capture of the Steamer Miner.

WASHINGTON CITY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

The Registration Question in the South.

Intercession for Condemned Fenians Asked For.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, May 14, 1867.

Mandamus Issued.

In the Supreme Court yesterday, in the original bill of petition of the Milwaukee and Minnesota Railroad for mandamus against the Circuit Court of Wisconsin to compel the St. Paul and Milwaukee Railroad Company to deliver the property to the former Company, the petition was granted and mandamus issued.

Booth's Diary.

The Judiciary Committee heard the conclusion of Colonel Conger's evidence relative to Booth's diary. He testified that the diary is now in the same condition as when he took it from Booth's body before the latter died. The eighteen pages which appear to be cut out were missing when he first saw the diary, and must have been cut out by Booth. Judge Holt testified that Colonel Conger handed him the book, and it was in the same condition now as when he received it. He in turn handed it to Assistant Secretary of War, Eckert, who has been summoned to confirm the statement. This evidence of course effectually disposes of the story that the diary was spoliated after coming into the hands of the Government officials. Postmaster General Randall also continued his evidence to-day relative to postal operations, appointments, etc., in the South.

The Outrage on the Steamer Miner.

The Indian Bureau has no advices confirming the reported massacre of the crew and passengers of the steamer Miner on the Missouri river, and the burning of the steamer by the Indians, and is inclined to doubt the entire story.

Republican City Convention.

The Republican Convention, of this city, met to-night to nominate municipal officers for the election in June. The Convention was composed equally of white and black delegates, though no colored men were placed in nomination.

Registration in the South.

A number of Louisianians had an interview with the President to-day, with reference to the time for registration in Louisiana and other States in the South. In the State named General Sheridan has fixed on June first as the day on which the registration is to close, while in South Carolina General Sickles has named the first of July as the day on which it is to commence. The Louisianans desire at least two months more. The President informed them that the registration would probably be kept open in all of the Southern States until September first, but that the time would be definitely agreed on when the Attorney General's opinion was promulgated to the commanders of the military districts through a general War Department order. Both Generals Sickles and Schofield have delayed registration in anticipation of this opinion. In Virginia the registers are prepared to commence work the moment they have it before them for official guidance.

The Condemned Fenians.

The Cabinet had under consideration to-day the applications of large numbers of prominent Irish-Americans, for an intercession of this Government on behalf of the convicted Fenians now in Ireland. The Government has already received an intimation that the cases wherein sentence of death has been pronounced will probably be commuted to imprisonment. Such has been the case already in one instance.

The Patent Office.

For the week ending Tuesday, the 21st of June, 222 patents will be issued from the Patent Office. During the past week 425 applications and fifty-six caveats were filed.

The Japanese.

The Japanese Commissioners have very nearly completed their tour of inspection in and about this city, and contemplate visiting Boston the present week. They will be accompanied by an official detailed from the State Department.

WASHINGTON, May 14, 1867.

THE MISSISSIPPI BILL.

Considerable interest attaches to the amended Mississippi bill, and complainants entertain strong hopes that the Court will take cognizance of General Ord's action, at least to the extent of restraining him from any measure which might expose State property to waste. The bill has been submitted without argument, and from the fact that it was disposed of yesterday, it is inferred amendments have weight with the Court.

THE SUPREME COURT.

The cases of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad vs. Soutter were argued in the Supreme Court to-day. Also that of the State of Texas against various parties in reference to the Texas indemnity bonds, issued by the United States upon her annexation, many of which were sold by the authorities of Texas because current in New York. The question whether the *de facto* government of Texas was competent to dispose of these bonds was mooted, and the decision really involves the statehood of Texas during the rebellion. It is an exciting case, as political as well as pecuniary questions are involved. The rebel authorities who negotiated these bonds by Governors Throckmorton and Epperson, now come into court and say the government they helped to keep up in Texas against the United States was an usurper, and seek to get back the means they themselves dedicated to the help of Texas on the plea that they were usurpers.

ARRIVAL OF EMIGRANTS.

During the quarter ending March 31, last, 27,619 foreign emigrants arrived.

NOT INDICTED.

Two of the Grand Jurors of the District Court of Virginia authorize the statement that there is no truth in the report that the Grand Jury have indicted Jno. C. Breckenridge and Judge Thomas, of Fairfax county, for treason. The names of those persons have not even been before the jury during the present term.

FROM LOUISVILLE.

Arrival of the Remains of Bishop Lavielle.

LOUISVILLE, May 14.—The remains of the late Bishop Lavielle, of the Roman Catholic Church, reached here at three o'clock to-day by special train from Nazareth, and were escorted from the depot to the Cathedral by one of the largest funeral processions ever witnessed here, numbering about eight thousand, including the Mayor, City Council, about twenty-six Catholic societies, and a large number of citizens. The remains will lay in state until Thursday.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Convention of Steamboatmen----Pittsburgh Not Represented.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—A convention of steamboatmen met here to-day, to consider various interests of river navigation. Louisville, Cincinnati, Wheeling, New Orleans and St. Louis were represented. An organization was effected by the election of Wm. McPherson, of St. Louis, President; Geo. Kirk, John W. Carson, of New Orleans, Vice Presidents, and three Secretaries, after which the Convention adjourned till to-morrow.

The Liquor Question in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, May 14.—The Legislative Committee on licenses made several reports to-day. The majority report recommends the giving of licenses to inns, hotels, victualers, &c. A minority report favors the existing prohibitory law. Another report recommends slight modifications of the present law, and the fourth proposes to refer the whole subject to the next Legislature.

Cotton and Woolen Mill Burned---Firemen Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—The main building of Simeon Lord's cotton and woolen mill, near Derby, was destroyed by fire this morning. The building was valued at $175,000; insured for $100,000. The stock and machinery were valued at $135,000; insured. Two firemen were run over and killed by a fire engine when returning home.

JEFF. DAVIS.

He Leaves Richmond for Niagara.

His Object to Visit His Children.

PROTEST AGAINST HIS RELEASE.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

RICHMOND, May 13, 1867.

Mr. and Mrs. Davis left to-night by steamer for Niagara, New York, *en route* to Montreal to see their children, who are at school there.

Horace Greeley left for Washington to-day, *en route* for New York.

The blanks in Davis's bail bond were filled by the names of Gerritt Smith and Cornelius Vanderbilt.

By Associated Press.

RICHMOND, May 13.—As Davis came out of the Court House and entered the carriage after his release, there was a loud cheer from the crowd of negroes outside, and about fifty of them gathered around the coach and shook hands with him. He remained quietly in the hotel all the evening. He will visit Canada soon to see his children.

The first names signed on the bail bond after that of Jefferson Davis is Horace Greeley, then Schell, of New York, and Jackman, of Philadelphia. A little lower down is the name of John Minor Botts, of Virginia. The residents who signed it were prominent citizens of Richmond, merchants and lawyers. There seems a general feeling of relief among the citizens and authorities that Davis is in the city. It is stated the Grand Jury has indicted Vice President John C. Breckinridge, Judge H. W. Thomas, of Fairfax, and four others, for treason.

The following telegram was received by Judge Underwood in the Court room, to-day, a short time before he admitted Davis to bail:

"WASHINGTON, May 13.—*To Judge Underwood:* Beware of Greeley. Remember Libby Prison, Andersonville and Belle Island. Fifty millions are looking on, and expect you to do your duty, while 300,000 patriots' graves cry aloud for revenge. [Signed] YOUR FRIEND."

Jeff. Davis, on his release, telegraphed his brother, Jas. C. Davis, in Mississippi, the fact, and informed him that he would write from New York. Mr. Davis and wife visited the grave of their son in the evening late, at Hollywood Cemetery. Davis and family went on board the steamer Niagara to-night at 10 o'clock. She sails for New York to-morrow morning, thence to Canada.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 14.—The steamer Niagara arrived at Norfolk this evening with Davis's family and Miss Howell among her passengers, and sailed to-night for New York. Mrs. Davis visited the Fortress this evening.

HIGHLY INTERESTING.

NEW YORK, May 14, 1867.

BUILDINGS STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

During the storm last night the large store house of G. B. Archer, foot of Van Dyck street, Brooklyn, was struck by lightning. Flames soon burst from the store house, and in a few moments enveloped it. The storage consisted of saltpetre and nitrate of soda. The former ignited with great rapidity, and the greater part of the building with about one-third of the stock was destroyed. Loss on building and working tools about $10,000, on which there is $5,500 insurance. There were 6,000 bags saltpetre, valued at $130,000, stored in the establishment, more than two-thirds of which was destroyed. There was also 11,500 bags of nitrate of soda belonging to different parties, most of which was lost, valued at $173,000. There was also eighty-eight casks of refined saltpetre, valued at $4,400. The loss on this property amounted to nearly $125,000. The bark Lewis caught fire and was slightly damaged. A German boy was drowned by jumping overboard. Several other buildings were struck by lightning during the storm, including the house occupied by the heirs of Madame Jumel, at One Hundred and Sixty-first street, injuring the women. The firemen were called out and soon extinguished the fire.

NEW BISHOP.

Rev. J. F. Young, an assistant minister of Trinity Church, New York, has been elected Bishop of Florida.

EMIGRANTS.

Nearly 13,000 steerage passengers have arrived at this port since the 30th of April.

WHO BOUGHT THE DUNDERBURG.

The *Express* says it is stated on good authority that the Government to which recent telegrams alluded as having purchased the ram Dunderburg is France.

HOBOKEN RACES—FIRST DAY.

The first race was won by Blackbird. The second was won by Morrissey; time, 3:53½. The third race was won by Ripley; time, 1:51¼. The fourth race was won by Ripley; walked over.

ILLICIT SALE OF LIQUOR.

The immense sale of illicit liquor in this city and suburbs during the last few months has resulted in defrauding the government of an amount of duties estimated at half a million dollars. Seven distilleries have been seized within a few days.

FROM BALTIMORE.

Radical Republican State Convention---Large Number of Colored Men Present.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Republican Radical State Central Committee on the 17th of April, a mixed convention of the white and black races assembled at noon at Broadway Hall, to take into consideration the political affairs of the State. Col. Wilson, Chairman of the State Central Committee, called the Convention to order, and nominated Major General Andrew Dennison for temporary Chairman, and the nomination was adopted by acclamation. The General returned his thanks for the honor conferred in appropriate remarks. On motion a Committee on Credentials was appointed. It being announced that a delegation from the Republican Association of Delaware were in attendance, a resolution was unanimously adopted inviting them to seats. The number present in the hall was about 2,000, equally white and black. The latter generally occupy separate portions of the floor and galleries. Colored representative Sanders made an eloquent and witty speech, advising his colored brethren to vote the Republican ticket, and predicting that they will do so from the Potomac to the Rio Grande. Crowds of colored citizens are wending their way to the hall, which promises to be densely packed during the evening. Some fifty or sixty police are on duty, preserving the best order. There is no excitement beyond the enthusiasm of the participants in the Convention. There is no apprehension of violence or disorder.

LATER.—The Radical State Convention adopted resolutions in favor of impartial suffrage, calling on Congress to abolish all distinction of race or color; say the Constitutional Convention at Annapolis is in violation and for the subversion of the legal government of Maryland, and any Constitution framed by it without impartial suffrage ought not to be recognized by Congress, and should be disregarded by the people; if said Convention should submit a Constitution which does not recognize impartial suffrage, the Republicans of the State should use all means at the ballot box to defeat such Constitution. Senator Cresswell was previously made permanent President of the Convention. After passing the resolutions, adjourned.

FROM MEMPHIS.

Adjournment of Baptist Convention--Riot at a Radical Convention---Five Men Shot.

MEMPHIS, May 14.—The Baptist Convention adjourned at two o'clock this morning.

A serious riot occurred at Brownsville, Tenn., yesterday, at a Radical Convention. Three negroes and two whites were shot, but not fatally. Reports as to the origin are conflicting. The Radicals charge that it was the result of an organized plot to break up the convention. Others assert that it was the result of a negro speaker making incendiary speeches, and saying every man that owned slaves ought to have his heart cut out. All was quiet at last accounts.

KENTUCKY ELECTION.

Democratic Majority in the State 42,000.

LOUISVILLE, May 14.—Returns to-day indicate the certain election of Adams over Rice in Randall's District by a majority of 800. Young's majority over McKee in the Ninth District is about 2,000. The Democratic majority in the entire State over both the other parties combined is about 42,000, as follows: First District, 8,000; Second District, 4,591; Third, 6,000; Fourth, 5,414; Fifth, 3,582; Sixth, 5,641; Seventh, 6,724; Eighth, 800; Ninth, 1,200.

The Nashville Impeachment Trial.

NASHVILLE, May 14.—The Impeachment Court to-day overruled the objections of the defense to Senators Hall and Powell, and went into the examination of witnesses. General George H. Thomas was examined, but his testimony developed nothing, and was scarcely relevant to the subject.

The Steamer Miner Heard From.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Letters were received in this city to-day, dated on board the steamer Miner, the 3d. At that time she was at Fort Sully, 500 miles above Sioux City, and above the point where her capture is said to have occurred. Parties in this city interested in the steamer consider the report as entirely without foundation.

FROM BEAVER VALLEY.

The Pittsburgh Cutlery Company---New Manufactories Established---Building Improvements---Prosperity of Beaver Falls, New Brighton, Sharon and Rochester.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

BEAVER VALLEY, May 10, 1867.

BEAVER FALLS.

As already announced in the COMMERCIAL, a charter has been granted by the State Legislature for the enlargement of the Pittsburgh and Erie Canal, the present capacity of which is sixty tons. Active measures are now on foot to commence the work immediately on the Beaver river, to make it capable of admitting steamers of two hundred and fifty tons burden. Such an enterprise cannot fail greatly to enhance the commercial interests of the State. The Pittsburgh Cutlery Company have increased their firm by the addition of Messrs. Hussey, Howe & Company, of Pittsburgh, and Messrs. Baker and Henrici, Trustees of the Society at Economy, with a capital stock of fifty thousand dollars. They have removed their manufactory to Beaver Falls, where in addition to pocket cutlery, they intend to manufacture scissors, table cutlery, &c. They have purchased the site, near their new building, of Waddle & Wilson, to increase their facilities, for more extensive operations.

The latter firm have purchased a situation across the main race, where they are erecting a new three story planing mill sixty feet square. The large flour mills at Beaver Falls owned by the "Beaver Falls Mill Company," (formerly of Pittsburgh) is now completed, and in successful operation, with a capacity of from one hundred and fifty to two hundred barrels of flour per day. A purchase has been made at the Falls by Chapman & Webster, from Atwater, Ohio, for the purpose of starting a pottery. The parties are actively engaged in making preparations to carry out their design. A brick yard will soon be in readiness here for the manufacture of that much needed article, by Thos. Dewnelist & Co. A large tract of coal land has recently been disposed of to Glenn & Whitacre, who intend to employ at once a large number of men to carry on an extensive coal trade.

The firm of Crane & Harold, from Erie, are erecting a large planing mill for the manufacture of round lumber, mouldings, and plain lumber. Mr. Whisler has the large brick store house on Main street, where he has opened a fine stock of dry goods, queensware, &c. Mrs. Ramer and Mrs. Howe have opened a millinery establishment in the building occupied by Mr. Ramer, as a grocery store, on the corner of Tank and Mound streets. Mr. Hoon has opened a large tin shop on the corner of Tank and Oak streets. About fifty private dwellings have been erected during the present spring, some of which are very fine buildings. Several others are under contract, and will be completed the coming summer. All hail to Beaver Falls.

NEW BRIGHTON.

New Brighton is not disposed to be outdone by her neighbor in making some very fine improvements. The First Presbyterian Church, of stone, is in process of erection, and will be pushed to completion the present summer at a cost of thirty or forty thousand dollars. The Episcopal Methodist Church, of brick, is also rapidly advancing, and will be a very fine building, at a cost of twenty thousand dollars.

The Directors of the National Bank of Beaver county are about letting contracts for the erection on Main street of a fine new building. The firm of Duncan & Edgar, are also erecting on Main street, a three story house, one hundred feet deep and twenty-five feet in width for mercantile purposes. Messrs. Bently & Gering are also erecting a new and commodious twine factory. Mr. Hiram Reed has just completed a new building on the corner of Main and Apple streets, and is now occupied by him as a grocery store. Samuel Barnes, Esq., of Bowlesville, is erecting, on Main street, a fine private dwelling, at a cost of six thousand dollars.

FALLSTON.

The manufactories of Fallston have been compelled to suspend business, since the late freshet, in consequence of about sixty feet of race being broken. It is now fully repaired, however, and they will be again in operation as soon as the present rise of water will permit. It is the intention of the stockholders to put in a new dam during the coming summer, which will cost several thousand dollars, and employ a large number of workmen. Mr. William P. Townsend is now building a large brick addition to his Wire Factory. The Literary Society of this place have been giving a very creditable exhibition in the school house, which served the three fold purpose of purchasing a new fire engine, affording amusement for the citizens, and cultivating home talent. It is to be hoped they will give the neighboring villages an opportunity to judge of their merits in that capacity. Dr. Garrard, of that place, has lately received letters patent for an "Evaporative Cooler," by which butter and meat can be kept perfectly sweet in hot weather.

SHARON.

Mr. Davison, of Sharon, has recently completed a new planing mill, adjoining his steam saw mill, which is in full operation. Thompson & Hamilton have started a new broom manufactory in that place, near Mr. Darragh's store. Several new buildings have gone up in Bridgewater during the present spring. Capt. Dickey's fine new front to his Grocery store on Water street, which is also occupied in part, by Mr. Gealey as a Millinery, Trimming and Fancy store, is quite ornamental, and creditable to the place.

ROCHESTER.

In Rochester about eighty buildings have been erected within the last year, including shops and business houses. Messrs. A. B. Smith & Co. have purchased the building formerly occupied by Mr. Glass as a machine shop, and have just commenced the manufacture of agricultural implements. Their machinery is new and embraces the latest improvements from the East, some of which are well worthy of the inspection of persons interested in labor-saving machinery. Mr. Linnenbrink has removed his News Depot to the Cleveland Railroad depot buildings, where he has postoffice boxes for the accommodation of that part of the town. In addition to watches, clocks and jewelry, he keeps on hand all the principal Eastern papers and magazines, prominent among which is the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL.

LINNWOOD.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Moses A. Hawkes, who killed his wife, accidentally, it is supposed, while on their wedding trip, at St. Paul, Minnesota, has been indicted for murder in the first degree. It is supposed he killed her to get the insurance on her life.

It is said a theft of eighteen thousand dollars has been perpetrated in the Currency Bureau, at Washington.

Marsh's Grain Drying House, Chicago, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The building contained about thirty thousand bushels of grain, which together with all the machinery was totally consumed. Loss about eighty thousand dollars, with comparatively no insurance.

The Rock Island *Argus* of Monday evening says that the Western Union Railroad steamer Lansing, running between that place and Port Byron, exploded her boiler about eight miles above the city. The following persons were killed: Geo. White, pilot; Wm. Wassign, cook; James Tracy, fireman; W. H. Noble, of Burlington, and W. H. Beebe, of Galena. H. Curtiss, of Dubuque, is missing, and supposed to be drowned. Several persons were badly scalded. The boat immediately took fire, and is a total loss.

Twenty-four distilleries have been seized in New York city within the last three or four days for violation of the Internal Revenue laws.

A San Francisco dispatch, dated the 12th, says: The Los Angelos *Telegraph* says that a gentleman from Prescott, Arizona, reports the defeat of a company of United States troops by the Indians. The Apaches, while raiding on the Lapaz and Prescott roads, captured forty-eight mules, and seized a train of seventy mules loaded with goods. The wife of Governor McCormack died suddenly at Prescott on April 30th.

The receipts from Internal Revenue, Monday, amounted to $718,594 03.

General Palmer, of the Kansas branch of the Pacific Railroad, is in Washington, to invite the Judiciary Committee to visit and examine into the road, its organization and management. A sub-committee will be sent out, to leave next Thursday.

The Supreme Court of Louisiana have decided, by a majority of one, that notes for negroes sold before the war are invalid. The decision involves many millions of dollars.

Commissioners from Washington are now in New Orleans to inquire into the affairs of the National Banks and the Sub-Treasury, respecting which there is some trouble. Nothing, it is reported, will be lost by the Government, and depositors will recover every dollar.

Late Havana intelligence reports that the muddle existing between the merchants and provision dealers was still unsettled. Several meetings had been held without a final arrangement. The situation of the banks was worse than in April. The ship Ocean Home had been given up to the government, the authorities insisting on her payment of a fine of $12,500. A number of the discharged officers and soldiers of the Spanish army had shipped for Vera Cruz. They had not been recruited for Maximilian's army, but most of them were going to Mexico to take service under his Government.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Captain David McDougal has taken command of the Pensacola, relieving Captain Warden, who goes east. The Suwanee sailed on a cruise to Independence, to be stationed as the harbor receiving-ship of the North Pacific Squadron.

The Southern Relief Committee remitted to the New York Commission to-day by telegraph $16,800.

The last Panama steamer brought over five hundred firkins of butter, an unaccountable shipment, considering the depressed market. Flour active and firm at $6 50@7; Oregon $6 20@6 50. Wheat quiet; sales at $2 12½. Legal tenders 74½.

Explosion of a Powder Mill.

CLEVELAND, May 14.—The Austin Powder Company's Mill here exploded last night, containing about 1,000 pounds of powder. Damage $3,000. No person hurt.

Ex-Commissioner Bogy, it is said, is trying to get a bill through the Treasury Department for five thousand dollars, on the plea of its being his expenses, etc., as agent, or in reality Commissioner of the Indian Department after he was rejected by the Senate. Any officer paying him is liable to a fine and imprisonment for misdemeanor, under the tenure of office bill.

THE striking ignorance of American affairs betrayed by English writers has often been remarked. Some of the worst blunders have been perpetrated by *Blackwood*. Its last number stated that "General Jackson owed his elevation to his having fought the British at New Orleans, and to having served with distinction in the war against Mexico!"

CITY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT.—A meeting of the Board of School Directors of the several Wards of this city, will be held in the Third and Tenth Wards School Building, on Grant street, on Monday evening next, at half-past seven o'clock, to determine whether they will elect a City Superintendent of Public Schools, under the act of Assembly approved April 9th, 1867. If such determination is made, the time and place of holding the election will then be fixed.

A DAY WITH ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

What he Thinks of the Rebellion.

THE PART HE TOOK IN IT.

"Mack" prints in the Cincinnati *Commercial* an entertaining account of a visit to the home of Alexander H. Stephens, the principal part of which we give below:

"Returning from the farm, Mr. Stephens talked freely of the late war. The South, he believed, made two fearful mistakes: First, in going to war at all, and secondly, in the object for which they went to war. It was a great absurdity to think that there could be such a thing as permanent separation of the two sections. He was opposed to secession in the first place; but when he could not resist that—when Georgia went out, and he, as a State's rights man, felt bound to go with Georgia, then he wanted to fight only on terms of reconstruction, such as would cement the country on a better basis than it ever stood. Jeff. Davis and the fire-eaters fought for Southern independence, and ruined the South in doing so. I called his attention to reports in Southern newspapers during the war, that he, Stephens, had declared his opposition to reconstruction upon any terms. They were all false, he said, and he was sorry to see in Pollard's Lost Cause, which he considered a wretchedly bad history of the war, what pretended to be an extract from a speech made by him at Charlotte, North Carolina, after his unsuccessful attempt to confer with Lincoln at Fortress Monroe (before the Hampton Roads conference), in which he is represented as saying that under no circumstances would he consent to reconstruction. He never said any such thing. He was a reconstructionist, he said, from the first day of the war till the last. Referring to politics in the North during the war, he expressed his regret that the peace party had not been successful in 1864. He thought the Democrats made a mistake in nominating a war man. If a straight-out peace man had been nominated he might have been elected, and the reconstructionists of the South would then have made terms of peace and reunion with them. "But," said I, "in the North the people could not be persuaded that the peace party was not a secession party." "There's where you made a great mistake," said Mr. Stephens. "Jeff. Davis wanted Lincoln elected; he told me so. The reconstructionists of the South wanted you of the North to elect a peace man, and we would then have overthrown the Davis war party of the South, and made terms of reunion without any difficulty." I replied that I thought if the people of the North had had any assurance that the election of a peace Democrat would have restored the Union on honorable terms they would have elected one. But the Democratic party of the North had made itself obnoxious as a secession party; its leaders had been to a great degree instrumental in bringing the war about by assuring the Southern fire-eaters of a fire in the rear party, and while they might prefer union to secession they certainly preferred secession to war—while the Republican party preferred Union to any thing else, and were willing to keep up the war ten years to secure it. Besides, if there were so many reconstructionists in the South, why did they not make their influence felt—why not make overtures to the Republican party of the North? Mr. Stephens replied. "There were a great many of us, but we couldn't get the helm. One man at the helm of a ship has more power than five hundred amidship. But, if the first desire for peace had come from the North we would have been strengthened so that we could have broken down the permanent separation party. All we wanted was for you of the North to show that you wanted peace and reunion; and then we could have responded. Take the State of Georgia, for instance. While there was an immense majority in favor of keeping up the war as long as the Federal army was in the field against us, there was a great majority in favor of reconstruction, but they wanted the first indications to come from the North."

Speaking of the conduct of the war on the part of the South, Mr. Stephens criticised it as extremely unwise. It ought never to have been an offensive war, and if the resources of the South had been properly economised, instead of being wasted in aggressive battles, the North would certainly have been worried into giving up the contest. Then in a few years the South would have gone back to the Union without a doubt, for the dream of a separate nationality would soon have been dispelled. The great error of the North, he thought, was in adopting the policy of coercion. If South Carolina had been permitted to go, and a few other States with her, secession would soon have been at an end. The South was getting very sick of it, when the call for 75,000 troops came out. A tariff of twenty per cent. on every thing produced in the country had been levied by the Montgomery Congress, and it had caused a rise in prices and great discontent. One thing after another had occurred to persuade the people that secession was a foolish undertaking, but when troops were called for to invade the South the tide immediately turned the other way, and the separationists triumphed every where. He regarded Jeff. Davis as a man of kind heart, who meant well in what he did, but was not fitted for the head of a nation in a time like that of the late war. He would listen to no advice, and heed no warning. Because he wanted to succeed, he thought therefore he must, and he had no idea of giving up the contest until Lee telegraphed him that his lines were broken, and that he must evacuate Richmond. The capture of Jeff. Davis, Mr. Stephens thought a great *faux pas* for the North; better a good deal have let him go wherever he wanted to go. I asked where Davis was going when he was captured. Mr. Stephens said he didn't know—he doubted if Davis knew himself. He seemed to him to be running about like a gad-fly in a stable, after the boys had taken his eyes out—bobbing up and down, running against everything and hitting everything, utterly unconscious of what he was doing or where he was going. He believed the government would release Davis without any trial. The Supreme Court decision in the injunction cases would have an important bearing on the trial. If the injunction was not granted, he could not see how Davis could be tried for treason—for the refusal would convey with it the assertion that the Southern States were not States of the Union, and therefore their citizens could not have been guilty of treason in rebelling. This seemed to him to be the light in which Charles O'Conor, who was counsel in both cases, viewed it.

I remained at Mr. Stephens' residence that evening and during the following day until train time. He expressed great wonder when I told him of my intended departure, and begged me "stay a week and see the country," or, in any event, to "come back this way," and call to see him again. I spent Friday evening in conversation with him, and found him the most delightful and inexhaustible talker I had ever listened to. Many of the events connected with the war, with which I was already familiar, he related to me with such an interesting and attractive manner that I forgot I had ever known anything of them, and listened to them as to something entirely new and startling. He spoke of the Hampton Roads conference as having been consented to by Jeff. Davis only to thwart another proposition looking to peace and reunion. The Confederate Congress was about to pass a joint resolution in favor of a cessation of hostilities, for the purpose of calling a national convention to settle all existing differences. Davis wanted to defeat this, by making the Southern people believe that the North would accept no terms but an unconditional surrender, and this he thought the Hampton Roads conference would accomplish. Mr. Stephens on his return from Hampton Roads felt convinced that the Southern cause was lost, and told Jeff. Davis so, but Davis wouldn't believe it. He soon after started for his home in Crawfordsville, where he remained until arrested by Wilson's cavalry, and taken to Fort Warren. He is now engaged in collecting and arranging the materials for a book to be styled "The War, its Causes, Conduct and Results." It will be in two volumes, the first to appear about the close of the present year. He told me he would say very little about battles or battle-fields, for he has an utter loathing for them. He holds that war degrades any people who engage in it, and retards instead of advances civilization. His book will be on the war in its relation to civil liberty and republican government in this country and throughout the world.

Respecting the present political contest in the South he desires no public expression of his views. As one who is disfranchised and a paroled prisoner, he feels it prudent for him to keep quiet and take no part in public affairs. I shall therefore say nothing in this letter touching his position on the question of reconstruction under the Military Law. He converses freely on the subject and has no hesitation in giving his opinion when asked in his own house. He does so, however, with an injunction that no public use shall be made of what he says on the subject—and he has a right to demand this much. No man in the country loves the American Union more than he does, or more sincerely desires its preservation; no one is more ardently devoted to constitutional liberty than he; no one is less of a monarchist or an aristocrat, or more of a republican. He takes little interest in parties, except as they tend to promote the cause to which he is so warmly attached, and views all questions as a philosopher rather than as a politician.

THE Chicago *Tribune*, of Monday, says: "That the great mass of workingmen in this city have ceased to take an active interest in the eight-hour movement was pretty plainly demonstrated by the fact that the mass meeting, which was announced for Saturday evening, had to be postponed 'till a more favorable occasion.' The general feeling is that the whole question has been finally set at rest by the resumption of work on Monday.

THE PRICE OF RUSSIAN AMERICA.—A Paris correspondent of the *Independence Belge* mentions a report current in that city that the cession of Russian America to the United States is not to be paid for in money, but in kind—by the transfer to Russia of the vessels composing the American squadron now in Mediterranean waters.

THERE is a young law student in Boston whose deceased father left him a fortune of $60,000, and who, in order to save the expense of paying his board, waits on the guests at his employer's establishment from twelve to three P. M. each day, in consideration of his breakfast, dinner and supper.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

GREELEY AND SMITH.

MASS MEETING IN RICHMOND.

Addresses by Horace Greeley and Gerritt Smith.

Both are Opposed to Confiscation.

They Urge the Acceptance of the Reconstruction Acts.

WORDS OF COUNSEL TO COLORED MEN.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

RICHMOND, May 14, 1867.

General Schofield left for Norfolk, to spend a week. The report that the grand jury had indicted General Breckinridge and Judge W. H. Thomas is untrue. Gerritt Smith arrived this morning and signed Davis's bond.

There was a large mass meeting to-night at the African Church. Half of the crowd were white, and many ladies were present. Greeley and Gerritt Smith addressed the meeting. Mr. Greeley did not come to dictate to any party or sect, either as to their views or antecedents, but simply to state his views to the citizens of Virginia in reference to public affairs. He spoke in a friendly feeling. Feuds and hatred should be dropped. He favored immediate submission to all the acts of Congress; immediate reconstruction, full and equal rights and suffrage, and also the speedy enfranchisement of rebels now disfranchised by act of Congress. The action of the Southern people during the last two years, in not organizing free suffrage governments, caused the reconstruction act, which should be at once accepted.

He was opposed to confiscation, and advised the colored people to buy farms as the surest way to get them. He denounced and discountenanced mobs, and was eulogistic of the colored people for their good conduct and bravery during the war. He foretold the happy prospect for the South. Universal suffrage must be engrafted in all the States and Federal constitutions. He said no one favored confiscation but Stevens, but he favored all the public lands being sold so that all the colored people could get them. The latter days of Virginia would be prouder and greater than the former. Mr. Greeley was enthusiastically greeted, and cheered and applauded throughout his speech.

Gerritt Smith then arose and in a forcible speech blamed the North more than the South for the war. Pro-slavery sentiment in the North had always helped the South. He contended that the South was not in the Union. Virginia was not a State. She must be reconstructed. All the States should be bound in bonds of mutual love. He hoped the South would accept the situation, and come in. The South are a conquered people, and they should admit it, and act as such. It was no disgrace. They had fought well. The whole people of the South should submit promptly to the terms prescribed by Congress. He held State rights and Northern pro-slavery was to blame, with Southern slavery, for the war. He was opposed to confiscation, and felt assured that there would never be any. Universal suffrage and equal rights for all races and colors was his doctrine. All persons ought to vote, and he was opposed to disfranchising any one. He asked the colored people of the South to petition Congress to give the franchise to the late rebels. It would be a glorious act.

He advised them to go to work and come in as States. Elect proper men to Congress. The North would help the South now with means, money and aid of all kinds. The colored man must not vote for any one not opposed to slavery and in favor of equal rights and suffrage. In all respects the colored man was equal to the white, and must be so respected. He made lengthy remarks about mobs, and said black mobs were as bad as slavery. Leave mobs to white men. Be orderly, law-abiding, and seek justice in the courts and at the ballot box. Build schools and churches. Drink no rum. Let the question be, "what is a black man." Answer, "A good citizen," who drinks no rum. Let the white man drink all the rum and the black man work and buy lands, and he will soon own half the land in Virginia.

He was repeatedly applauded and at one time received three cheers, in which the white persons present joined heartily.

Judge Underwood and Governor Pierpont delivered addresses. The meeting was held at the African Church, but there was a crowd all around. Greeley and Smith will go to Norfolk to-morrow morning.

By Associated Press.

RICHMOND, May 14.—Gen. Schofield has ordered the Lincoln mounted guards (colored) to disband, and prohibited their parade or drill.

Horace Greeley and Gerritt Smith, who came on to sign Davis's bail bond, are addressing the people at the African Church. The audience is largely colored.

An intimate friend of Davis says he has no fixed plan for his movements until November. Mrs. Davis will reside in Norfolk.

The negro laborers in the tobacco warehouses have struck for higher wages. No disturbance.

The African church was densely crowded to-night. Judge Pierpont was on the stand. Horace Greeley and Gerritt Smith spoke. Judge Underwood, who was cheered and praised as he came forward, made a short address. After one or two other speakers the meeting adjourned.

THE DISMORE MURDER.

EXECUTION OF FOGLER TO-DAY.

He Has Made a Full Confession.

WASHINGTON, PA., May 14, 1867.—The excitement over the execution of Fogler, which will take place to-morrow, runs high. Much feeling is manifested by the citizens who feel that justice will be only half satisfied in the tragedy to-morrow.

Fogler is attended by the Rev. W. B. Watkins and J. D. Herr, Methodist clergymen and Rev. Dr. Brownson, Presbyterian. He evinces repentance for his crime. The final religious services will be conducted in his cell, and at two o'clock he will be led to the scaffold.

He has made a full confession, in which he reiterates the statement made at the time of his arrest, directly implicating a prominent young man of this borough as his associate and helper in the murder. He charges other persons with being in the original plot to rob Mr. Dinsmore. He also accuses a number of individuals with grossly deceiving him since his arrest, in holding out inducements to him not to involve other parties. His confession occupies twenty-seven pages of foolscap, and was written by himself in a clear and concise manner, hiding neither his own guilt nor that of his associates. It is thought a strong effort will be made by a powerful faction here to suppress this confession, but it will prove of no avail, as your reporter has a copy of it and will forward it by mail.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Important Decision---First National Bank Placed in the Hands of an Examiner---Arrival of Senator Wilson.

NEW ORLEANS, May 14.—Two important decisions were rendered in the Supreme Court yesterday. In the case of Wainright vs. Bridges, the court holds that no recovery can be had for notes given for the purchase of slaves. The case of Bowen vs. Racketford, the court held as previously that no recovery could be had, as the note was based on Confederate money; in other words, the money is illegal, and further, notes signed before the passage of the stamp law do not require a stamp to be used as evidence.

The First National Bank has been placed in the hands of an examiner, and all payment suspended.

Hon. Henry Wilson arrived to-day.

There is great excitement here in financial circles, caused by the closing of the United States Sub-Treasury and the First National bank, by order of the Comptroller of the Currency. Mr. Knox, of the Treasury Department, Washington city, has assumed charge of the Sub-Treasury, and closed the bank. Heavy defalcations are already announced in both. A. Pillay, formerly Treasurer and President of the bank, made an assignment this morning of his effects to the extent of a million and a quarter, to secure the government. The bank held a large amount of paper of General Herron, United States Marshal, but Mr. Knox is to secure this out of Herron's distillery and plantation, the property of General Gordon Granger, General Herron, Judge Whitaker, Miles Faxler, and Mr. Mayare, the principal directors of the bank. Wm. R. Whitaker is Sub-Treasurer. This excitement has caused a run on all the banks, and a very stringent money market. The bank and Treasury have been surrounded by a crowd all day. The City National bank suspended this evening.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Peace of Europe not to be Disturbed

THE FRENCH RESERVES DISBANDED

Work on Luxemburg Fortifications Suspended.

SENTENCE OF THE FENIAN BURKE

Peace not to be Disturbed.

PARIS, May 14, 2 P. M.—The President of the Corps Legislatiff has officially announced to that body that the peace of Europe will not be disturbed.

Reform Amendment Adopted

LONDON, May 14.—In the Commons last night the amendment to the reform bill providing for the ten pound lodger franchise, was adopted.

French Reserves Disbanded.

PARIS, Evening, May 14.—Orders have been sent to the various military depots and head quarters throughout the Empire, to disband the reserves recently called into service.

Work on Luxemburg Fortifications Stopped.

LUXEMBURG, May 14.—The work of strengthening the fortifications of this city, in which the garrison had for some time been actively employed, has been discontinued by order of the Prussian commandant.

To Attend the Exposition.

BERLIN, Evening, May 14.—Crown Prince Frederick William will leave for Paris during the present week, to attend the Exposition.

Col. Burke's Sentence.

DUBLIN, Evening, May 14.—The death sentence of the Fenian prisoner, Col. Burke, has been commuted to imprisonment for life at hard labor.

Shipping Intelligence.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 14.—The steamship Bremen, from New York, has arrived.

BREST, May 14.—The steamship Pereire, from New York on the 4th, has arrived.

SOUTHAMPTON, Evening, May 14.—The steamship Cimbrea, from New York, has arrived.

London Money Market.

LONDON, May 14, Noon.—Money quiet and steady. Consols 92; U. S. bonds opened at 72¾; Erie 42¼; Illinois 76¾.

LATER—Evening.—U. S. bonds 72¾; others unchanged.

LONDON, Evening, May 14.—Consols, 92; 5-20s, 72½; Illinois Central, 76¾; Erie, 42¾.

Liverpool Market.

LIVERPOOL, May 14, Noon.—Cotton firmer. Wheat, No. 1 Milwaukee red 13s 9d; white California 14s 6d. Corn 42s 3d. Barley 4s 9d. Oats 3s 7d. Provisions quiet. Cloverseed 57s.

LIVERPOOL, May 14, 2 P. M.—Cotton market has become brisk; prices unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Evening, May 14.—Cotton closed firm; Middling Uplands, 11½@11¾d; Orleans 11¾d. Sales 15,000 bales.

At Manchester goods and yarns are advancing and market active.

Breadstuffs closed quiet without change in prices. No change in the provision market. Rosin—Common Wilmington 6s. 3d.

London Market.

LONDON, Evening, May 14.—Sugar steady. Iron firm; Scotch pigs 53s. 6d. Oil steady and unchanged.

RIOT IN MOBILE.

Judge Kelley's Speech Interrupted.

Several Persons Killed and Wounded.

THE REBEL ACCOUNT.

MOBILE, May 14.—A large number of negroes met to-night at the corner of Grand and Royal streets, to hear Judge Kelley. A number of whites were also present. Everything was remarkably quiet till Kelley began speaking, saying he had come to discuss the rights of negroes. He declared he was entitled to a hearing, and bid defiance to all interruption and to the world; he had the 15th regiment at his back, and if this proved inadequate, he would have the whole United States army. Judge Kelley continued in this strain some minutes, using language and expressions of an incendiary character, and sentiments which were calculated to lead and incite riotous conduct. He was interrupted by a white man on the outskirts of the crowd, whom the police promptly arrested. The first shot was fired at this point. It was impossible to say who it was fired by. Instantly shots followed from the negroes, who were all armed. The firing then became general. Immediately after the firing began an alarm was rung, and continued ringing during the progress of the riot, which lasted about an hour. A large majority of the shots were fired by the negroes as but very few of the whites present were armed. The police succeeded in quelling the riot before the arrival of companies of the Fifteenth regiment, who were ordered out by Colonel Shepperd, and appeared on the grounds as soon as possible, but not until the meeting had been dispersed. They now guard the streets, and little or no excitement. At midnight it is impossible to state the number of killed or wounded. Three men are known to have been killed, one white and two negroes. A number are wounded, among them one patrolman and a white boy. Judge Kelley is at the Battle House, and leaves to-morrow for Montgomery.

FROM CANADA.

Closing of Government Departments---Another Fenian Raid.

OTTAWA, May 14.—Orders were issued to-day to the different Departments to break up business on the 30th of June, and reassemble in Toronto on the 5th of July.

MONTREAL, May 14.—It is said the Government has received information of another intended Fenian raid.

Officers of Selma, Ala., Removed.

MOBILE, May 14.—The Mayor and Common Council of Selma, Ala., were removed to-day by order of Gen. Wayne. The new officers appointed by him, were installed.

Maryland Constitutional Convention.

ANNAPOLIS, May 14.—The Constitutional Convention transacted no business of general interest to-day.

The Abbe Liszt.

The following in regard to the Abbe Liszt, the greatest pianist of modern days, we clip from the New York *American Art Journal:*

"Two or three months since, a friend of ours returned from Rome. Being well acquainted with the Abbe Liszt, he told him of the rumors current in America relative to his proposed visit to that country. The Abbe replied that he feared he should never visit America. He had heard of the terrors of a sea voyage and dreaded to attempt it. Besides, he would not visit it as a public performer, as he had given up all ambition in that direction. At one time he thought he would go, and give grand vocal and instrumental concerts of a sacred character, the proceeds of which should go to the Church, but that idea he had since abandoned.

"'I wished to visit America for two things,' said the Abbe Liszt; 'the one was to see Niagara and the prairies, and the other to try the Chickering pianos, of which I have heard so much.'

"The Abbe was delighted when he heard that Chickering & Sons would send pianos to the French Exposition, and said, 'I will go to Paris, if only to play upon the Chickering pianos.'"

WANTED.

Advertisements on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, &c., *will be inserted at transient rates only—*TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED — SHEARSMAN — A Mill Shearsman, capable of shearing all kinds of steel sheets and plates. Apply at Black Diamond Steel Works, Ninth ward. PARK, BROTHER & CO.

WANTED—PARTNER—A Partner with from $5 000 to $10,000, in a good manufacturing business. Address Box 2, Commercial office.

WANTED—A LIVE MAN—A Live Man of experience, having an established trade among jobbers in the Drug and Grocery trade, West and South, will receive proposals to travel for some established house, after June 1st, 1867. Address Energy, Commercial office.

WANTED—PARTNER—A Partner for a sleeping room, well furnished and situate near Postoffice, in a quiet, desirable locality. Address, stating where interview can be had, J. T. A., Commercial office.

WANTED—GIRL—A Girl to do general housework; must be a good plain Cook, good Washer and Ironer. Reference required. Address Box 153, McKeesport, Pa.

WANTED—FARMERS—One hundred Farmers to engage in a business that will pay from $100 to $150 per month from now until next spring. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., 507 Minor street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—TO SELL—The right of sale in Allegheny county, Pa., of a Valuable Patent. For particulars address E. A., this office.

WANTED—TO REGISTER—Landlords and Landladies who want Boarders, or have rooms to let, to register their names in the Boarding House Register, at the Rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, No. 23 Fifth street, in order to have their wants supplied. No charge. eod

WANTED.

WANTED — COOK — An experienced Cook; reference required. Apply at 317 Penn street.

WANTED—SITUATION—As Bookkeeper or Clerk, by one having seven years experience as Bookkeeper. Can give best city reference. Address "N," care Box 504, Allegheny city, Pa.

WANTED—LOT OF GROUND—A Lot of Ground somewhere in the city or suburbs suited for a shop. Must be about 200 feet square, or larger. The advertiser has first-class residence, with ground attached, near the city on the Pennsylvania Railroad, to offer in exchange. Address W, care this office.

WANTED—SASH MANUFACTURERS AND HOUSE BUILDERS—To examine Barney's Patent Flush and Safety Sash. Model to be seen at this office. Rights will be sold.

WANTED—SITUATION—A steady young man, good penman, of considerable business experience, wants a Situation as Shipping Clerk, or Assistant Bookkeeper or Salesman. Can furnish such references as may be desired. Address "M," Commercial office.

WANTED—PARTNERS—One or more partners, with a cash capital of from $5,000 to $15,000 in a manufacturing business, which has been in successful operation for several years. A good business man who can take active interest, preferred. Address A. B. C., this office.

WANTED—LABORERS—300 Laborers for my work on the Kentucky Imp. Co. Railroad, in Greenup county, Kentucky, on the Ohio river. For information, apply to Capt. KERR, of the steamer Robert Moore, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, or his agent, May 9th, 1867, or at my office, at Greenupsburg, Greenup county, Kentucky. Terms, for common laborers, $1 75 per day, and board from $15 to $16 per month. P. E ROACH per GEO. P. WALKER.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Three or four gentlemen can be accommodated with Board at No. 38 Franklin street.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Five or six single gentlemen can be accommodated with Furnished Rooms, with Board. Also, Day Boarders taken by applying at No. 79 Fourth street.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Single Gentlemen to board with a private family in Sewickley during the Summer. Address A. A., this office.

WANTED—LIVE MAN—To make arrangement with a live man who wishes to make money and can give good references. No capital required. Will sell a business now paying $1,500 per month, and rely on profits for my pay. Address J. C. TILTON, No. 10½ St. Clair street.

WANTED—AN INTEREST—A Practical Machinist desires to purchase an interest in some manufacturing establishment, where his personal services would be required, could invest $5,000. Address X. L., Commercial office.

WANTED—BOARDERS—A few Gentlemen can be accommodated with Board by applying at No. 195 Penna. Avenue.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—TRAVELING AGENT—One who understands selling Millinery Goods. Reference required. Address Box O, this office.

WANTED—AGENTS—For General L. C. Baker's History of the Secret Service. This work was announced more than a year ago, but owing to the attempts of the Government to suppress it, its publication was delayed. It will now be issued, unaltered and unabridged, under the supervision of Gen. Baker, whose marvelous narratives are all attested by the highest official authority. The morals of the National Capital are thoroughly ventilated, and there are some strange revelations concerning Heads of Departments, Members of Congress, Female Pardon Brokers, and distinguished military characters. Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address, P. GARRETT & CO., 702 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AGENTS—To sell County and State Rights for Barney's Patent Flush Window Sash. Model to be seen at this office. The most liberal terms offered. Apply at this office.

WANTED—BOOK AGENTS—For "Beyond the Mississippi;" from the Great River to the Great Ocean. Life and Adventure on Praries, Mountains and the Pacific Coast, with over 200 Descriptive and Photographic Views of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines, People and Curiosities of the New States and Territores. By Albert D. Richardson. Send for Circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., 507 Minor street, Philadelphia, Pa. d*

LOST.

LOST—HORSE—Lost, strayed or stolen, from a pasture field in East Liberty, on Saturday night, May 11th, a Dark Brown Horse, 5 years old, about 14 hands high, white stripe on the face and blemish on the right fore skin. Ten Dollars will be paid to any person returning the same to OWEN FITZSIMONS' Livery Stable, Irwin street.

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—COUNTERS—A lot of Counters, at A. FROWENFELD & BROS., 137 Wood street, third story.

FOR SALE—LEASE—A 4½ Year Lease of a Lot 100 by 150, on which is erected a new and well built Shop 24 by 150, with gravel roof. This is a very desirable location for a light manufacturing business. There is connected with this a Dwelling House and Stabling for 4 horses. For terms, apply to DEVLIN & SILL, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, Butler street, near Belfonte Engine, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT—A Manufacturing Establishment, having been in successful operation for several years, commanding a large western trade, is offered for sale. Will sell on fair terms and reasonable figures. Capitalists commanding from $25,000 to $30,000, will find this a rare opportunity to invest. For further information, address J. H. M., this office.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A retail and prescription Drug Store, on one of the leading thoroughfares in this city, doing a good business. Terms easy. Address K. L. Commercial Office.

FOR SALE—ENGINES—Second-hand Engines, from 4 to 20 horse power; constantly on hand in complete working order. All orders promptly filled. Address WILLIARD & FRASER, Box 339, Pithole City, Pa.

FOR SALE—FURNACE PROPERTY—The proprietors are disposed to sell that valuable property known as the McNickle Furnace Property, situated in Armstrong county, about two miles above Kittanning, on the opposite side of the Allegheny river, containing eight hundred and ten acres by actual survey, and having inexhaustible beds of Coal, of finest quality, Iron Ore and Limestone in superabundance, with two veins of superior Fire Clay. This property lies directly on the bank of the Allegheny river and possesses the finest inducements for one or more Iron Furnaces, Fire Brick Yard, Rolling Mill or Rail Mill. Will sell the above at a reasonable figure and on fair terms, or will become interested with other parties in the development of its riches. We invite capitalists to look at the property and call upon or write us. McKNIGHT, PORTER & CO., No. 111 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

FOR SALE—FACTORY—A Soap and Candle Factory in the thriving village of Salem, Columbiana county, Ohio, containing about 3,500 to 4,000 inhabitants. The building is 50 by 20, two stories, frame. Price, $1,600. For further particulars, address Wm. TURNER, of Salem, O.

FOR SALE—ENGINE—A Second-hand Portable Engine, 8½ inch cylinder, 14 inch stroke, boiler 10 feet in length, 40 inches in diameter, in complete running order; weight of Boiler, Engine and Fixtures, ninety hundred. Address JOHN CHILDS, Smith's Ferry, Pa.

FOR SALE—PEDDLER'S WAGON—A first-class two horse Peedler's Wagon. Inquire at No. 47 Fifth street.

FOR SALE—WOODWARD STEAM PUMPS—Two No. 4 Woodward Pumps, cheap. These pumps are in good working order, but too small for our work. For particulars inquire of JOHN M. COOPER & CO., corner Pike and Walnut sts., or at Eagle Oil Works, Lawrenceville. WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON. tf

FOR SALE—EAST BIRMINGHAM LOTS—Four Lots, each 22 by 120 feet, fronting on Sidney street, and immediately in rear of Episcopal Church. Apply to C. C. MELLOR, 81 Wood street.

FOR SALE—BUILDING LOT—A beautiful Building Lot of 2½ acres, at Shady Side Station, Pennsylvania Railroad. JOHN D. BAILEY, No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE—WINDOW SASH—A complete Window Sash, novel and handsome. The upper and lower Sash are flush, appearing as one, yet by an ingenious method they pass each other when not closed. Perfect safety secured. Old Sash can be altered at small expense. Rights will be sold.

FOR SALE—OIL REFINERY—All the fixtures and appurtenances of an Oil Refinery, consisting of Tanks, Pipes, one Still, hand Agitator, &c., &c., situated on the property of the late John S. Cosgrave, near Laughlin's Station, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad. For terms, &c., apply to S. A. COSGRAVE, Pittsburgh Steel Works, corner Ross and First streets. eod-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—OFFICE—Two Rooms on second floor, No. 74 Grant street. Inquire at Publisher's Office, same building.

FOR RENT—TO OIL REFINERS—The Humboldt Refinery, situated on the line of the Farmers Railway, near Plummer, Venango, Pennsylvania. Capacity 225 barrels of refined oil per day. The works are complete and in good order, with pipes, engines and pumps, for pumping the crude from the Tarr Farm. Tankage for 10,000 barrels crude oil. For particulars apply to GEORGE WORTHINGTON & CO., Cleveland, or on the premises.

FOR RENT — STABLING — Twenty-five Stalls, corner Third and Wood streets. Apply to J. C. BUFFUM & CO., 22 and 24 Market st., Pittsburgh. tf

FOR RENT—RESIDENCES—Four modern built suburban Residences in the neighborhood of Lawrenceville, on the Citizens' Passenger Railway. Possession immediately. For terms, &c., apply at No. 66 Third street.

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

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FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE—A complete residence at Wilkinsburg. The Mansion is in thorough modern condition as to conveniences, with all the usual out-buildings, and several Acres of level Ground. Possession immediate. Address H, at this office.

FOR SALE—BRICK DWELLING—That desirable two-story Brick Dwelling, No. 7 Cliff street, containing 8 rooms, having water and gas in both stories. Range in kitchen, good cellar, &c. Lot 43 feet front on Cliff street, by about 300 feet deep to Bedford st., with lot on hill side for stable. JOHN D. BAILEY, No. 102 Fourth street. tf

FOR SALE—HOUSE—A Brick House in Sharpsburg, containing Five Rooms and Cellar. Lot fronting on two streets. Apply to Rev. D. WILLIAMS, Sharpsburg. tf

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FARM—A valuable Farm, situated in Westmoreland county, one mile from Blairsville, at the intersection of the Pennsylvania Central and Western Pennsylvania Railroad, containing 160 Acres of good Land. About 100 acres are in a high state of cultivation, the balance well timbered. The improvements consist of one three-story Brick Dwelling, well finished; one Grist Mill, run by water and steam power; also, Stabling, Barn, Cottage House with 4 rooms, and another good building formerly used as a Distillery. The brick house, stable and still house are supplied with fresh spring water. The brick dwelling can be conveniently fitted up with all the latest modern improvements with hot and cold water. The land is particularly adapted to the raising of Stock, having a fine stream of water passing through the center, accessible from all parts of the farm. The above property is pleasantly located on the banks of the Conemaugh river, within one mile of Blairsville, and either of the above Railroads. For further information, apply to A. BUEKLE, 250 Ohio street, Allegheny, or at the office, 99 First street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE — COUNTRY HOMES—75 Acres of Land at Mansfield, on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad.—These lands are delightfully situated on the bluff overlooking Chartiers Creek and the village of Mansfield, and command a magnificent view of Chartiers Valley for miles. Native forest and fruit trees, with springs of good water, are on the lands. Will be divided into lots of 3 to 10 or 20 acres, to suit the views of purchasers. Depot and Telegraph Station very convenient also, Churches, Common Schools, one flourishing High School, and several Stores. For further information, inquire of LEE & MARSHALL, 139 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—TRACT OF LAND—A valuable Farm of 52 acres, situate at Nine Mile Run, being 9 miles from Pittsburgh, on the Connellsville Railroad. This property is susceptible of being laid out into country seats and building lots, or for gardening purposes, as the soil is very rich and has a Southern exposure. There are 2 or 3 very valuable springs on the property. It will be sold on reasonable terms, as the owner has moved to the East. Apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of G. S. BATES, Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE—FARM—A Farm of 160 Acres, 11 miles east of the city on Pennsylvania Railroad; large new Brick House, soft water at the door. Will be sold for cash or on time. Improved city property taken in part payment, or will be divided to suit purchasers. Apply to W. W. PATRICK, at Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Company. TThS

FOR SALE—PROPERTY—Thirteen Acres of excellent Land, property of the late John S. Cosgrave, situate at the foot of Squirrel Hill, and within five minutes' walk of Laughlin's Station, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, especially suitable for Vineyard Purposes and Building Lots. For terms, &c., apply to S. A. COSGRAVE, Pittsburgh Steel Works, corner Ross and First streets. eod-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPENING.

MISS L. W. TAYLOR, OPENS HANDSOME FRENCH BONNETS, HATS AND CAPS, TUESDAY, MAY 21ST, 44 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, Pa.

REMOVED.

JOHN F. CLULEY HAS REMOVED TO 134 SMITHFIELD ST., Directly opposite the old stand.

BY SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.

SEWICKLEY RESIDENCE AT AUCTION.

On SATURDAY, MAY 18th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the premises, will be sold a very desirable house, entirely new, of nine rooms, finished with all modern improvements, with lot of ground 108 by 140 feet (corner lot), with fruit trees in full bearing. Parties desiring to purchase a home should make it convenient to examine this property. It is situated only three minutes' walk from the railroad station. Terms easy. For particulars inquire of S. GASTON, Sewickley, or SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., Auctioneers, 55 and 57 Fifth street.

GAUGING INSTRUMENTS.

THE NEW GUAGING INSTRUMENTS Just adopted by the United States Government. Just received, a fine assortment, and for sale by JAMES BOWN, 136 WOOD STREET. ws

FISHING SEINES.

I have just received a fine lot of Seines, from 15 to 50 yards long, 7 to 9 feet deep, and 1¼ inch mesh. Also, a fine assortment of Minnow Seines, from 6 to 15 feet long. For sale by JAMES BOWN, 136 WOOD STREET. ws

3,000 Cane Fishing Poles.

I have just received, direct from the Canebrakes of Mississippi, the finest lot of Cane Poles ever brought to this market. For sale by JAMES BOWN, No. 136 WOOD STREET. ws

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

J. CLINTON HALL, JOHN M. BURKE, } .... MANAGERS.

Formal announcement of the Inaugural Performances of the Dramatic Season. The distinguished Histrionic Artist

Jas. E. Murdoch,

Who is making a short professional tour under engagement with Mr. C. D. Hess, Manager of the Olympic Theater, N. Y., will make his first appearance in seven years, in this city, in his famous representation of ALFRED EVELYN, in the beautiful five act comedy of

MONEY,

In which he will be supported by a carefully selected and strongly organized Company, embracing several new acquisitions, besides many established favorites, the combination undoubtedly composing one of the most thorough, efficient companies that has ever appeared in this city.

Thursday, School for Scandal; Friday, Wild Oats.

PRICES.

Family Circle	25c
Balcony	35c
Dress Circle and Parquette, admission	50c
Dress Circle and Parquette, reserved	75c
Orchestra Chairs	$1 00

STONE DRAIN PIPE, All sizes, from 2 to 8 inch, always on hand, ALSO, Water, Steam and Gas Goods, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., 167 SMITHFIELD STREET. WF

P. REYMER.....J. S. REYMER.....H. D. REYMER.

REYMER & BROTHER, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FOREIGN FRUITS, NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, SUGARS, FIRE WORKS, &c. And also manufacturers of all varieties of FINE CREAM CANDIES, Chocolate Creams, GUM, JELLY AND LIQUORICE DROPS, JELLIES, SYRUPS, &c. Nos. 126 and 128 Wood St., ABOVE FIFTH, PITTSBURGH, PA.

LARGE SALE OF Iron, Steel and Lumber.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Washington, D. C., May 13, 1867.

By direction of the Quartermaster General the following enumerated Iron, Steel and Lumber will be sold at public auction at Lincoln Depot, under the supervision of Captain James G. Payne, Assistant Quartermaster, commencing on MONDAY, June 3, at 10 A. M., to wit: About

293,000	lbs.	Flat Iron, from 1x⅛ to 4½x½, assorted.
40,000	"	Nail Rod Iron.
130,000	"	Horseshoe Iron, light and heavy.
30,000	"	Hammered Iron, assorted.
400,000	"	Assorted Iron, all sizes.
246,000	"	Round Iron, assorted from 3-16 to 2½ inches, all sizes.
114,000	"	Square Iron, assorted, from ⅛ to 2 inches, all sizes.
58,000	"	Round Iron, assorted, from 1 to 3½ inches, all sizes.
30,000	"	Hoop Iron, assorted, from ¾ to 1 inch, all sizes.
128,000	"	Spring Steel, assorted, from 1¼ to 2 inches, all sizes.
15,000	"	American Blistered Steel.
180,000	feet	Oak Lumber, from 1 to 6 inches thick.
16,000	"	Hickory Lumber, from 2 to 4 inches thick.
40,000	"	Poplar Lumber, ⅝ inch thick.
421,468	"	Pine Scantling, 3x4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9; 12 to 18 feet long.

Wagonmakers, carbuilders, and others will find this a fine opportunity to replenish their stock, as the material is ENTIRELY NEW.

Transportation will be furnished to Sixth street wharf or the railroad depot, as purchasers may desire, and at their risk.

From 10 to 15 days will be allowed in which to remove the goods.

Terms: Cash, in Government funds.

CHARLES H. TOMPKINS, Bvt. Brig. Gen., Depot Quarter.

The Daily Commercial

WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1867.

It is now said that France is in no humor for war, and really desires peace. This, no doubt, is pretty near to the truth. But Bismarck is quite ready for, if he does not really desire war. A year hence Napoleon will be better prepared, and his humor for that reason will have undergone a marked change. And so may Prussia's—and for the same reason.

A capital plot for a novel founded on facts, with plenty of war incident, and the romance of politics in it, has been furnished by the late events at Fortress Monroe and in Richmond. Mr. Davis, of course, must be the principal character and Mr. Greeley the second. The scene of the capture will have its appropriate counterpart in the *scene of the Court*. The President of the Confederacy will pass through the downward phases of political crime to the prison, to be escorted thence into the area of personal freedom by the veteran champion of emancipation. The whole will present an extraordinary mixture of the tragic and the farcical, in the political action of men and in the administration of Republican Government. Had Mr. Beecher but delayed his engagement till now!

It excites strange feelings, to read the political articles and the local news columns, in some of the Southern papers. In the former, the reader would get the impression that the Northern people were the most hateful oppressors, trifling with the rights and even with the sorrows of their fellow men in the South. From the latter he would learn, that the sufferings of the poor and the famishing were pitied and relieved by the hand of Northern charity, that food was sent to them to save them from starvation, and that the only condition accompanying the gift was, that it should be distributed to the needy, without distinction of color or of antecedent history or character. Some, too, of the more rabid partisan papers, it must be admitted, seldom allude to the sufferings that exist, or to the means by which they are relieved or mitigated. But what can be expected of such insane votaries of sectionalism and slavery, who, to their hereditary haughtiness, add the hatred and bitterness engendered by their righteous defeat?

WHO DID IT?

Were we not, with some degree and with such conditions as we have often specified, in favor of negro enfranchisement, we should naturally be looking for somebody on whom to lay the blame of its bestowment. And we think we should charge the blame of negro suffrage on the politicians or people of the Southern States, just as under similar conditions we should charge on them the entire blame of negro emancipation.

It was their persistence in rebellion, after the President's fair and seasonable warning, that caused the issue, at last, of the Emancipation Proclamation. This was the prescribed cure of rebellion, and could be avoided only by the voluntary submission prior to January 1st, 1863. The condition was in their own choice, and they virtually chose emancipation rather than abandon the crime of rebellion. So also, by rejecting the Constitutional Amendment, which left the question of negro suffrage to be decided by the States, they necessitated the formation of a plan of reconstruction by Congress, according to its own judgment, embracing the question of negro suffrage. The consequence was such as might have been, and probably was anticipated—the incorporation of suffrage in the Congressional plan. The Southern people are virtually the architects of this feature of the plan. That they regard both emancipation and negro suffrage with repugnance does not alter the facts or the logic of the case.

We do not regret the enfranchisement of the freedmen as an obligatory and necessary sequence of their emancipation. It is a question to be considered by itself, and to be decided on reasons, of which their emancipation may or may not be one. Certainly, it is not the only thing to be taken into account in deciding the question of suffrage. Emancipation was not given as a favor to the slaves, and it did not imply any promise of other action favorable to them, on the part of the Government. It was solely a measure of expediency, a war measure of the same design, and virtually of the same character, as the burning of military stores or the stampeding of animals employed in war by the insurgents. A much sounder argument for negro suffrage is founded on their voluntary military service in defense of the Government. To this we see no logical objection.

We regard, then, the entire and amazing revolution that has taken place in the social and political condition of the late slaves as the achievement of their late masters, as the legitimate and inevitable recoil of their measures for perpetuating slavery and debasing slaves. And we apprehend that they have not yet finished their suicidal work. Their present course indicates that they have still further mischief to do themselves, by their political madness. Having made the slaves free, having secured their enfranchisement, they are now pursuing a policy to exasperate them into positive and active enmity.

THE LATEST OUTRAGE.

The announcement that Jefferson Davis has been released is received with divided feelings. By those who never acknowledged the crime of rebellion it is regarded as a tardy act of justice; by those who care little about the vindication of the outraged law, it is accepted as a commendable act of mercy; but by those who keep in lively remembrance the fearful history of the rebellion, and the wicked part enacted therein by this arch-traitor, it is deplored as an insult to the majesty of the law and a burning outrage upon the memory of the loyal victims of his fiendish heart. It matters but little what the people may think and say upon this subject, so long as the judicial authority of the land has sent the felon free into the world.

We cannot but feel that the farce of Jefferson Davis's imprisonment and indictment is almost ended—that although he may possibly be required to go through the form of a trial for his life, there will be no precedent in American law declaring rebellion to be treason. If the one man by whose wicked genius the rebellion was planned, organized and armed; by whose counsel and authority immense armies were raised, and by whose orders and directions a fatal blow was aimed at the life of the nation, be not a traitor, then our wide domain holds not within its extened borders one disloyal man.

What claim that the government was bound to recognize had Jefferson Davis to be released on bail? Treason is not ordinarily a bailable offense, and on that score he had no legal right. On mercy, because he had been imprisoned for two years, he had no claim. The horrors of Andersonville, Salisbury, Belle Isle and Libby are too fresh in the memory to justify such a plea. To-day an unfortunate man in a neighboring county will lose his life for taking the life of a fellow man, in whose behalf the right to be bailed was not claimed, because the right does not exist. Yet Jefferson Davis, who attempted the overthrow of our government, by whose orders scores of thousands of lives were taken, cities depopulated, fields wasted, countless numbers of wives and children widowed and orphaned, and thousands upon thousands of brave men tortured to death in prison pens by exposure, disease and starvation, is set at liberty upon an insignificant bail bond! This act is particularly offensive when it is remembered that while Davis in his imprisonment was supplied with all the luxuries and delicacies of life, warm, comfortable and convenient appartments, and a heavily laden table, it was by his orders that thousands of our brave soldiers in filth, wretchedness and misery, in rags and tatters, in starvation and thirst, with bodies diseased and emaciated, and with brain frenzied, were slowly and hellishly tortured to death. The contrast is fearful! The merciless crying for mercy, and he who gave no mercy gets it all!

In any view we regard this matter it is little else than an insult to the loyal sentiment of the land. If it be really intended to give the traitor a trial next month as is alleged, we can perceive no necessity for releasing him upon bail at this time; but if it be not intended to try him, as may turn out to be the case, then his release is but a part of a plan that President Johnson must undoubtedly have had from the beginning of his Presidential career, to secure the traitor's unconditional release.

It was a common belief among loyal people that rebellion was treason, and that treason was punishable with death. It was also believed that Davis, if ever apprehended, should suffer the penalty of his crime. When captured, it was supposed that he would be speedily tried; but in this the people were disappointed, without having, to this day, a reasonable explanation of the delay in his trial. Mrs. Surratt and others were tried before a military commission for the murder of the Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy, and almost before the ink with which the finding was recorded was dry, four of them were in eternity. Davis procured the murder of tens of thousands of the officers, soldiers and seamen of the same army and navy, and was equally deserving to be hung upon the finding of a military commission. The keeper of Andersonville prison suffered a like fate upon the finding of a like tribunal, for the inhuman treatment of prisoners of war in obedience to the orders of his superior officer, and yet Jefferson Davis, that superior officer, is virtually a free man to-day and forever.

We regard Davis personally as of no importance; but as the Chief of the Rebellion we have always deemed it essential that he should be tried and convicted as a traitor, in order that we might have the principle established for which we sacrificed so much during the war and since, that rebellion is treason. Whether upon such a conviction he should suffer a traitor's fate or not we cared but little—the verdict of an American Jury and the opinion of an American Court would have been an eternal warning against the crime of treason. Until such a trial, Jefferson Davis should have been detained in prison under indictment for treason.

State Medical Convention.—The State Medical Society will hold its next annual meeting in this city, at Lafayette Hall, on Wednesday, June 12th, and not on the 2d as erroneously printed a few days since. There will be a very full attendance of the profession, delegates having been appointed from every county in the State, and the proceedings will be full of interest.

The suicide of member of Congress elect, Eli Hise, Kentucky, is said to have been caused by the fact he had made a false revenue return, the dread of the exposure of which drove him to the act. Were all men, similarly situated, to act thus, how extensive would be the list of suicides!

Rats and bedbugs appear to be instruments of prison discipline and punishment in New York city. The papers speak of both as highly efficacious in the case of prisoner Jenkins, who died lately in the Tombs. The risk of being gnawed by rats and the certainty of assault by animals of the smaller vermin must exercise a salutary moral influence, at least so far as to raise a horror of the punishment.

The New York *Times*, commenting on the signing of the eight hour law by Governor Fenton, remarks on its practical effect as follows: The agitators for this movement have succeeded—they have "regulated labor"—they have got two hours per day for idleness and its expensive luxuries; and what does it cost? Twenty cents out of every dollar that might have gone into their pockets, which, with at least an equal amount that will be wasted during the extra hours of idleness, will be a practical *reduction of forty per cent. in the wages of labor.*

Everybody still remembers the extraordinary dispatch, attributed to Gen. Pope, about the capture by him of ten thousand prisoners and ever so many guns, south of Corinth, in June, 1862. The supplemental report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War contains the correspondence between Pope and Halleck, wherein the former unequivocally denies ever sending to him such a dispatch, and over-hauling the latter pretty severely for not communicating on what authority he forwarded the dispatch to Washington. As the correspondence stands, Halleck has the worst of it, and Pope has succeeded in pretty thoroughly vindicating herself.

The Atlanta *Intelligencer* is of the opinion that it is not in immigration but the labor of the freedmen that the South has the deepest interest. To this reliance it expects the Southern people to turn their attention. To "regulate" the labor that is in their midst, says the *Intelligencer*, "is the first grand consideration to which the Southern people must turn their attention, else our fields will grow up in tares, and industry become paralyzed throughout the whole Southern domain." This is a wise and timely admonition, and it vividly illustrates the wonderful change that has come over the whole face of things in the South.

There has been a fanciful theory of this sort—that the physiognomy and the dispositions of various orders of the inferior animals are represented in the human family. There is some ground for this, in the features, the temper, the movements the aspirations of members of the human species. The most recent case is that of a man who has been seized with an ambition to outjump all his fellow men, offering to test his superiority in the accomplishment of jumping, by one jump, three jumps or ten jumps, for a wager of $1,000. All America is challenged to the contest. Here we see the cropping out of the grass-hopper disposition, or perhaps that of the flea—the most famous of all jumpers. It is not difficult to imagine a lively and exciting contest between two specially athletic fleas, for the championship of the barn yard.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

The wife of John Naugle, in Chicago, on Tuesday last, perished in a vat of scalding water, in a brewery. She went to see her husband, lost her balance, and fell in. The account adds this terrible fact: "There is no reason to doubt that strong drink was the murderer of this woman—as she was under its influence at the time."

A nice old gentleman of seventy-three was to be married recently in Springfield, Mass., but the lady failed to arrive from Wisconsin on the day appointed. A second day was fixed, and a second time was he disappointed. A third day was set, and then the bride appeared. The bridegroom, in a delightful state of palpitation, almost flew to the clergyman's, but found he was absent from the city. However, in the evening the clerical gentleman returned, and the twain, after all their vexatious disappointments, were duly made "one flesh." The bride is forty-seven.

The Janesville (Wis.) *Gazette* says: Thousands of dead locust trees are being cut down in yards and along the streets of this city, that have been killed by that hard working little pest, the borer. The locust was almost universally adopted by the people upon their settlement of the West, as a shade tree, on account of its rapid growth and its hardiness to withstand the severity of our hyperborean winters.

Says the Chicago *Tribune*: As soon as the speculators cease their manipulations, and leave values to be regulated by the laws of supply and demand, we may then look for a healthy shipping trade in corn,—and judging from the course of the market yesterday and to-day, this devoutly-wished confirmation will shortly take place. With a good harvest, the hard times and financial distrust will shortly wear away. Cheap bread means increased production and increased consumption—thus paving the way for a return to a more natural commercial state.

The Richmond *Whig* says that further examination of the Bright Hope Pit, the scene of the late disastrous explosion, has shown that a fire is still burning in the drift. Accordingly it was found necessary on Wednesday last to close the shafts again. The fire now, in all probability, can only be extinguished by a rise of water or by pumping more water in.

An ingenious and philanthropic person at Hartford, Conn., is reported as having invented a contrivance to burn water, and the flame, which is of wonderful intensity, can be produced in three minutes, governed by a thumb screw, and be applied to any purpose as easily as any fire. If we mistake not, we have heard of this "philanthropic person" before. His name is Mr. Humbug.

The distance from New York to Sacramento by the railroad route, is 3,129 miles, of which 1,887 have been completed, and are now in successful operation, leaving but 1,232 miles yet to be built. It is confidently asserted that this gap will be filled up within two years.

"Jo." Coburn, the pugilist, has offered to fight Jim Elliott, the victor in the recent mill near Cleveland, Ohio, for $1,000 a side, any time within a month. Elliott's friends say he will accept.

PERSONAL.

—Among the passengers by the City of Paris from New York on Saturday, were C. A. Perkins, United States Consul to Stockholm; G. W. Smalley, of the New York *Tribune*; Rev. S. Kerr, Pittsburgh; L. J. Nathan, P. Colanan, L. C. de Estrado, T. Flanagan, Mr. Gray, Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. E. Hay and daughter, R. W. Williamson and C. H. Hamrick, of Philadelphia.

—The brother of the Tycoon of Japan was received by Napoleon and Eugenie at the Tuileries with great ceremony and marks of imperial attention. The young man, who, with others of his countrymen, is to remain in Paris to study, made an address complimentary to the Emperor and France.

—The inventor of the Pneumatic Dispatch (for propelling cars or packages by atmospheric pressure), is Ithiel S. Richardson, of Chicago. A company having the name of the invention has just been chartered in New Jersey.

—Mr. J. McC. Crummill, Grand Master of the Grand United (colored) Order of Odd Fellows, died Sunday evening, May 12, at his home in Philadelphia. The deceased, who maintained the highest character for respectability and intelligence, was by profession a dentist, and was highly esteemed by his very extensive circle of acquaintances.

—At a public meeting held in Burslem, England, the temperance reformers of that quarter begged General Neal Dow to accept as a memento of his visit to the Potteries, complete breakfast, dinner and tea-services, numbering above three hundred pieces. With what the General is said to have picked up in the South during the war, this will probably make his assortment pretty nearly complete.

—M. Thiers lately spoke in the French Legislative Chamber for three and a half hours without touching a glass of water, and without notes, and after dinner sat up until 3 o'clock A. M. revising the report of his speech, that it might appear in the morning's *Moniteur*, where it filled fifteen and a half closely printed columns. He is seventy-five years old. He still works, whenever he can, on his "History of Florence."

—The Washington *Republican* says: "Madame Juarez, the wife of the Liberal chief, still remains in this city at the residence of Senor Romero, and has been the recipient of considerable attention. Hon. N. P. Banks, of Massachusetts, who left this city for New York last night, made a visit to the distinguished lady before his departure. The many compliments which have been paid her are regarded as significant." Significant of what? Is not General Banks a married man, and has not Madame Juarez a husband?

—Ex-Senator Cowan has appeared in the Court of Claims as counsel for government against certain claimants of captured cotton. One of Mr. Cowan's points against the claimants is that they were not loyal. Cowan has not been accustomed to except to Southern Congressmen, applicants for seats under the Johnson reconstruction policy, on that account. But perhaps it takes a higher grade of loyalty to hold cotton than a seat in Congress.

—It is whispered that Beecher has some more special reasons for going into fiction than the $100 per column. He has some chance to show up his enemies in these imaginary characters, and we should not wonder if Theodore Tilton appeared as the Mephistopheles of the story, and Horace Greeley under some other name got his "change" for the saucy letter of last fall.

—A New York letter says Bennett is over seventy, Greeley is fast approaching three score, and Raymond looks worn and haggard. Each of these concerns has buried better men than it now employs. The *Herald* has never had so efficient a reporter as poor Attree, who brought Webster's Long Island speech by horses, and distanced the other press; and the *Tribune* has no one to compare with the brilliant and finished journalist, W. H. Fry.

—Mr. Dicey, who attended the wedding of the Czarowitz, has written a book about Russia. He draws the portraits of the Imperial family. To him the Czar appears as "a tall, stately man, with clear cut features and dark hair"—one who would have been counted "one of the most 'kingly of kings if he had not succeeded an Emperor whose personal grandeur of stature and aspect was beyond description." The Empress is "a pale, delicate-looking lady, with handsome, even features, and a graceful figure." And as for the Grand Duchess Maria Federovna, erst the Princess Dagmar, her "grave beauty" obtains a really enthusiastic recognition. The Czarowitz is described as "a strong, well-built lad, over six feet in height, with broad chest, and a look of great strength about his tall, powerful figure." It is delicately hinted that it is doubtful "whether, when the bloom of youth has passed, and the marked lines of the face grow harder, it will be as pleasant a one as his father's to look upon."

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CEDAR CAMPHOR,
BOWDEN'S MOTH PACKET,
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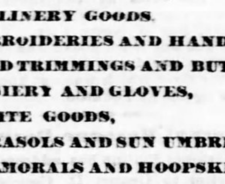

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The Daily Commercial

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

...BANKRUPT LAW OF THE UNITED STATES, 1867, with notes, and a collection of American and English decisions upon the principles and practice of the law of Bankruptcy. Adapted to the use of the Lawyer and Merchant. By Edwin James, of the New York Bar, and one of the framers of the recent English Bankruptcy Amendment Act. Harper and Brothers, Publishers.

We have hastened to make an examination of ...is important volume that we might, without ...navoidable delay, call the public attention to ...in the manner that its merits might seem to ...mand. The name of the author of itself gave ...surance of a work of great merit, and without ...sitation we say that that assurance has been ...lly realized. For many years an extensive ...actitioner in bankruptcy, and one of the ...amers of the last important English Act, he ...s of course thoroughly qualified to perform ...e task of giving to the American people the ...st standard volume upon this subject.

The work of Mr. James has been that of an ...notator, rather than of an author. The basis ...the volume is the text of the Act of Con...ess, each section of which is immediately fol...wed by Mr. James's comments and copious ...tracts from American and English decisions, ...stematically arranged under convenient sub...visions. The extent of the comments and ...ses cited, may be judged of by the fact that ...der the head of Involuntary Bankruptcy ...ey fill fifty-seven pages of the volume. So ...as we have had time and opportunity to ex...ine, the citations of legal authorities have ...en carefully and correctly made.

Mr. James has been careful to note what ...rtions of the law are copied from and mod...d after the English law, and to point out ...erein the former is more excellent in its pro...ions than the latter, and wherein it requires ...endment.

It is not to the discredit of American lawyers ...say that they know but little about ...law of bankruptcy, and that they ...ve much to learn before they are familiar ...h its intricate details. Many may think that ...law will operate only exclusively upon the ...tor and creditor, and that the study of the ...is not necessary, save with the view of ...ctice in the Courts of Bankruptcy. A super...al examination of the volume before us will ...fice to show the error of such an idea, and ...fact that the knowledge necessary to con...t proceedings in Bankruptcy will be of little ...ment compared with that necessary to de...mine the effect of such proceedings upon ...perty and upon the rights and interests of ...sons, parties and those not parties to the ...ceedings as well, in adjudications before other ...bunals.

This law opens up a new field of practice to ...American lawyer, and this volume will be ...him an invaluable guide. The impression is ...most universal that this law will form the ...is of a permanent system of Bankruptcy, ...every lawyer, though some may not prac...e in Bankruptcy, will find it greatly to his ...vantage to study this, as he does all other ...s, in the progress of its development.

...n the merchant's counting house this volume ...l be almost indispensable. It is arranged ...d written so plainly that it does not require ...awyer to interpret its meaning. It may not ...convenient nor advisable probably to con...t a lawyer upon every transaction that may ...ur in a merchant's business, and this book ...not unfrequently answer instead of such ...ensive consultations.

A critical examination and review of this ...ume is unnecessary, as our readers will nat...lly suppose that this subject is as new to us ...other Americans, but we are impelled to say ...t Mr. James has done his work carefully ...l well, and that his volume will be gratefully ...eived by the public. It contains 325 pages ...a copious index; is printed in large, clear ...e and on heavy paper, and is bound in ex...ent style in blue cloth, bevelled edges. ...t is for sale by H. Miner, Fifth street.

...CLOPEDIA OF BIBLICAL, THEOLOGICAL AND ECCLESIASTICAL LITERATURE. Prepared by the Rev. John McClintock, D. D., and James Strong, S. T. D. Vol. I.—A, B. pp. 947. Roy. 8vo. Harper & Bros: N. Y. Rev. R. Hopkins, Agent.

The Harpers have laid the religious public ...ecially under renewed obligations to their ...ise for the noble work of which the title is ...en above—and the first volume of which is ...w ready for distribution to subscribers by R. ...pkins, the Agent for portions of Western ...nsylvania and Eastern Ohio.

The authors and editors of the book are well ...own to the public—Doctor McClintock as an ...inent scholar and clergyman, afterwards ...nister of the American chapel in Paris, ...ere he did good service at the opening of the ...veholders' rebellion, in enlightening both ...ench and English as to the true issues in...ved in the contest. Dr. Strong is known as ...nan of excellent ability and scholarly attain...nts, the author of a valuable Harmony and ...position of the Gospels. The work is the ...ult of their conjoint labor for fifteen years ...t part—of which this is the first volume—is ...t only a *Biblical* but a *Theological* and *Ecclesiastical* dictionary—including in its contents ...der one alphabet the following range of sub...ts:

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This "Cyclopedia," indeed, is intended "to ...a manual of sacred literature, for the use of ...inisters, students, general readers, and Sun...y School libraries; so complete in itself that ...other work will be necessary for ordinary ...rposes of reference in these branches of ...owledge. To be scientific and scholarly, ...t not repulsive to the mere English reader by ...unnecessary display of technical learning; ...contain the substance of all the valuable ...ictionaries of the Bible and of Theology in its ...rious branches, recently issued." To do this ...has of course been necessary to use very freely ...e matter contained in the very numerous ...orks published on the subjects embraced in ...e several departments, and especially has ...ere been largely transferred such matter from ...e general and special Cyclopædia, and diction...es, as conduced to their end.

In the Biblical department, the works of ...ith and Kitto have been freely used, with ...ch revision and modification as were needed; ...t, as the editors tell us, more than half the ...ticles in this department are wholly original, ...d nearly all contain new matter.

In working out the details of their compre...nsive plan, the editors have availed them...lves not only of all the most elaborate and ...st works published, but have also had the ...sistance and co-labors of many very eminent ...holars and theologians, both at home and in ...urope. Every article has been revised by the ...itors themselves, who personally collate the ...tire matter as it passes through the press.

A careful examination and comparison of the ...lume now issued with other similar works, ...inces its decided superiority. As compared ...ith Kitto and Smith, it must at once be given ...e palm. Thus, in the departments which ...ey severally claim as their field, it has a vo...bulary more complete, its articles have all of ...portance that is contained in these works, ...ith considerable additions, and are therefore ...ore full and elaborate. The chronology is ...ore distinctly and minutely indicated. Greater ...tention has been paid to marking the pro...nciation of Hebrew and Chaldaic words. The ...act equivalent is given in English letters, and ...e correct pronunciation and translation ...ven. Much more than usual care has been ...stowed upon the etymology of the names and ...ords treated, so that in this important respect ...e work is very superior. A very valuable fea...re, and indeed one of the chief excellencies of ...Cyclopedia to those who desire thoroughly to ...vestigate any given topic or subject, is the ...troduction of the appropriate literature at the ...ose of the article, so that any one at a glance ...btains a knowledge of the works which treat ...f the subject, and to which therefore reference ...ay be had. This part of the work is copious ...nd discriminative. Few of the articles here so ...argely treated on general biblical topics, noted ...anuscripts and rabbinical subjects, and under ...he department of "Religious Biography," find ...place in the other biblical dictionaries before ...he public or in course of publication, while ...ivisions II. and IV., relating to theology and ...hurch history, are by their very nature and ...urpose wholly excluded from them. Some of ...hese latter subjects are treated in the "New ...merican Cyclopædia," but a comparison of ...orresponding articles shows an immense supe...iority in every respect in this work of the ...Harpers.

This first volume contains A and B complete. ...ts index presents an array of 3,216 titles, al...habetically arranged. Comparing as to the ...umber of articles with Kitto, it will be found that the latter has not quite two-fifths as many articles, and many of these much more brief.

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To-night, the nonsensical burlesque called the BLACK COOK; the Magical Transformation scene; the glittering Palace of Dew Drops; the Demon Dance; the Black Cook Gallop.
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Would beg to call the attention of the public and trade to his large and well assorted stock of BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., all in the latest spring styles; Irish Table Linens, Towelings, &c. Tailors and others would find it to their advantage to give him a call.

INSURANCE.

MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL..........$250,000.
INSURES STEAMBOATS and CARGOES, BUILDINGS, FURNITURE AND MERCHANDISE, On the most Favorable Terms.
Office: No. 87 WATER ST., Bagaley's Building.
DIRECTORS:
James I. Bennett, Jno. W. Chalfant, A. E. W. Painter, Henry A. Weaver, Robert Lea, Isaiah Dickey, I. C. Pershing, William Walker, Mark W. Watson, R. G. Bushnell, John Wilson, Wm. A. Reed, Joseph Walton.
JAMES I. BENNETT, President.
JOHN W. CHALFANT, Vice Pres't.
WM. P. JONES, Secretary.

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH. INCORPORATED 1854.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..........$500,000
CASH..........175,000
Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office: No. 98 WATER STREET.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. A. Caldwell, Jno. McDevitt, Geo. A. Berry, Jno. Atwell, Jas. Woodburn, Saml. B. Robison, R. H. Palmer, Jas. A. Hutchison, William Rea, Robert Dalzell, William Means, R. Wallace, Jno. B. Canfield, D. S. H. Gilmore, James M'Candless.
WM. A. CALDWELL, President.
JNO. McDEVITT, Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY, Secretary.
Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Genl. agent and Surveyor.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
E. S. WINSTON, President.
ASSETS OVER $17,500,000, AND EXCLUSIVELY CASH.
ANNUAL DIVIDENDS
Available Immediately, to Increase the Insurance or Reduce the Premium at the Option of the Assured.
Policy holders and other persons interested in the subject of LIFE INSURANCE are invited to call on the undersigned, Agent of the Company, who will cheerfully give them full information as to the merits and practical working of the Company.
GEO. M. BLACKSTOCK, AGENT,
no24 No. 37 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
Capt. GEO. NEELD, General Agent.
Office, No. 92 WATER STREET, Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of fire and marine risks. A home institution, managed by directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined, by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
DIRECTORS:
Alexander Nimick, James McAuley, Alexander Speer, Rees J. Thomas, Charles J. Clarke, William S. Evans, Philip Reymer, Reuben Miller, Jr., Andrew Ackley, David M. Long, John R. McCune, James P. Hanna, Joseph Kirkpatrick.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor.
Insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Phillips, John Watt, John E. Parke, Frank S. Bissell, J. F. Kirkpatrick, Capt. James Miller, Samuel P. Shriver, Capt. J. L. Rhodes, Wm. Vankirk, Jas. D. Verner, C. Hanson Love, Chas. Arbuckle.
WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
Capt. JAS. GORDON, General Agent.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY
OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor.
WM. BAGALEY, President.
WM. A. SHEPARD, Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.
Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss and damage by fire.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Bagaley, James Park, Jr., W. G. Johnston, B. F. Jones, Samuel Rea, Joshua Rhodes, Barclay Preston, S. M. Kier, John Shipton, James M. Cooper, S. Harbaugh, J. Caldwell, Jr., John S. Dilworth, George Bingham, Wm. A. Rodgers.
Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

MERCANTILE BROKERS.

MALIN & HAMMETT,
IRON COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
PIG METAL AND BLOOMS,
Nos. 69 and 70 WATER ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,
IRON BROKER,
124 FIRST STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Duncannon, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig Irons. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy28

G. S. BRYAN. JOHN A. CAUGHEY.
BRYAN AND CAUGHEY,
(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.,)
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &c.,
No. 74 Water Street,
jy7-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. McALPIN & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS AND
Commission Merchants,
IN EASTERN AND WESTERN
PRODUCE,
FLOUR, BARLEY, RYE, OATS, HAY, FEED, POTATOES, APPLES, ONIONS, POULTRY, GAME, &c., &c.
NO. 337 LIBERTY STREET.

T. C. JENKINS,
Checkered Front,
273 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH.
Commission Merchant,
And Wholesale Dealer in Flour and all Kinds of Produce.
Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors.

L. H. VOIGT. DANIEL SHUPE.
L. H. VOIGT & CO.,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
237 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Receive and sell all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Purchase on orders at the lowest Market price, all kinds of Pittsburgh manufactured goods, and every description of Merchandise.

FURNITURE.

A. ORTLIEB.......C. HARTERICH.......CHR. MATTES
ORTLIEB & CO.,
No. 177 LACOCK STREET,
Bet. Federal and Sandusky sts., Allegheny city, Pa.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS
IN ALL KINDS OF
Furniture.
Having recently enlarged our establishment, we are prepared to furnish our friends and the public in general with a CHOICE ARTICLE OF
Self-Manufactured Furniture,
Of every description, at the Lowest Cash Prices. All orders received will be promptly attended to.
ORTLIEB & CO.,
177 LACOCK STREET,
Allegheny City, Pa.

FURNITURE.
J. W. WOODWELL & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PARLOR, LIBRARY, CHAMBER AND DINING ROOM
FURNITURE,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
97 & 99 Third Street.

DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,
Practical Furniture Manufacturers.
Corner PENN and WAYNE STREETS. Constantly on hand a large assortment of elegant and fashionable FURNITURE. All our work is made by hand and warranted. Orders promptly attended to.

WANTED.
BONDS AND MORTGAGES.
THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS TO LOAN on Real Estate in sums of from $1,000 to $10,000. Real Estate of all kinds bought and sold.
JACOB GLOSSER, Real Estate Broker,
No. 115 Fourth street, Pittsburgh.

RAILROADS.

ERIE & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, APRIL 29, 1867, trains will run on this road as follows:
LEAVE ERIE—SOUTHWARD.
10.25 A. M., PITTSBURGH EXPRESS, stops at all stations, and arrives at A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer at 2:05 P. M., at New Castle at 3:45 P. M., and at Pittsburgh at 6:45 P. M.
5.10 P. M. ACCOMMODATION, arrives at Sharon at 12 M.
4.20 A. M., ACCOMMODATION from Jamestown, arrives at A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer at 5:00 A. M., at New Castle at 7:00 A. M., and Pittsburgh at 10:00 A. M.
LEAVE PITTSBURGH—NORTHWARD.
6.00 A. M. ERIE EXPRESS, leaves New Castle at 8:45 A. M., A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer, at 10:20 A. M., and arrives at Erie at 1:30 P. M., making close connection for Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
3.30 P. M. ACCOMMODATION leaves New Castle at 6:40 P. M., A. & G. W. R. R. Transfer at 8:30 P. M., and arrives at James own at 9:15 P. M.
Accommodation leaves Sharon at 4:00 P. M., arrives at Erie at 11:35 P. M.
Way passengers will be carried on freight trains 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.
Trains connect as follows with the Atlantic & Great Western Railroad at Transfer:
Pittsburgh Express South, connects with Mail West for all points at 2:05 P. M. Erie Express North, connects with Mail East, for Meadville, Franklin and the Oil Regions at 10:20 A. M. Pittsburgh Accommodation South, connects with Accommodation West, for Warren, Cleveland and Ravenna, Ohio. Franklin Express North, makes close connection both East and West.
Trains connect at Rochester with trains for Wheeling and all points in West Virginia, and at Pittsburgh connections for Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Baltimore and Washington, via. Pennsylvania Central Railroad.
Erie Express North, connects at Girard with Cleveland and Erie trains Westward for Cleveland, Chicago, and all points in the West; at Erie with Philadelphia & Erie Railroad for Corry, Warren, Irvington, Tidioute, &c., and with Buffalo & Erie Railroad for Buffalo, Dunkirk, Niagara Falls and New York City.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH, Columbus and Cincinnati R. R.
PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
Trains leave and arrive at Union Depot, as follows:
CHANGE OF TIME. On and after Sunday, April 28th:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Fast Line	9:45 a m	10:05 p m
Walkers Accom	11:00 a m	3:45 p m
Express	2:20 p m	10:05 p m
Mail	2:05 a m	9:45 p m
Mixed	6:10 a m	6:55 p m
Steubenville Accom'n	3:25 p m	10:05 a m
McDonald's Accom'n	5:05 p m	9:40 a m

The 9:45 A. M. Train arrives in Cincinnati at 10 P. M. same evening, 7½ hours in advance of other lines.
No change of cars between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, and but ONE change to St. Louis, Cairo, and the principal points West and Southwest.
When purchasing Tickets be sure and find the Office of the Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad, UNION DEPOT (South Side.)
M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH, Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh.
S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOHN H. MILLER, General Eastern Agent.

1867. THE PITTSBURGH, 1867.
Ft. Wayne and Chicago R. W.,
AND
CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.
Trains arrive and leave at the Union Depot, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Exp	2:00 a m	Chicago Ex	2:00 a m
Cleveland Ex	2:00 a m	Cleveland Ex	2:30 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	6:00 a m	Chicago Ex	10:45 a m
Cl. & Whg M'l	6:15 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:25 a m
Chicago Ex	6:45 a m	Chicago Ex	12:30 p m
Chicago Ex	9:30 a m	Cl. & Whg Ex	3:50 p m
Cl. & Whg Ex	2:00 p m	Erie & Ygn Ex	6:45 p m
Chicago Ex	3:15 p m	Chicago Ex	4:10 p m
Wheeling Ex	4:35 p m	Cl. & Whg Ex	9:30 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
N. Br'tn Acc	8:45 a m	N. Br't Acc	6:50 a m
Leetsdale Acc	10:00 a m	N. Brt'n Acc	8:35 a m
Leetsdale Acc	11:40 a m	Wellsville Ac	9:30 a m
Rochester Ac	1:30 p m	N. Brt'n Acc	11:05 a m
Wells'ANC Ac	3:30 p m	Leetsdale Acc	11:05 a m
Leetsdale Acc	4:50 p m	Rochester Ac	2:50 p m
N. Brt'n Ac	5:20 p m	N. Brt'n Acc	3:50 p m
N. Brt'n Ac	6:15 p m	Leetsdale Ac	4:10 p m
Leetsdale Acc	10:00 p m	Leetsdale Acc	7:00 p m

☞ 10:45 A. M., Chicago Express arrives daily.
☞ 2:15 P. M., Chicago Express leaves daily.
F. R. MYERS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—on and after April 28th, 1867, trains arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Day Express	3:00 a m
Fast Line	1:50 a m	Wall's No. 1	6:30 a m
Wall's No. 1	6:20 a m	Mail Train	8:50 a m
Brinton No. 2	7:50 a m	Wall's No. 2	9:50 a m
Wall's No. 2	8:50 a m	Cincinnati Ex	11:15 a m
Cincinnati Exp	9:20 a m	Wall's No. 3	11:30 a m
Johnstown ac	10:40 a m	Johnstown Ac	2:50 p m
Phila. Express	1:50 p m	Wall's No. 4	3:30 p m
Wall's No. 3	1:30 p m	Phil. Express	4:10 p m
Wall's No. 4	3:50 p m	Wall's No. 5	4:50 p m
Wall's No. 5	5:50 p m	Wall's No. 5	6:30 p m
Wall's No. 6	7:00 p m	Fast Line	10:20 p m
Altoona Ac	4:35 p m	Wall's No. 7	10:50 p m
Emig't train	10:35 p m		

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.
Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.
The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 A. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:00 a. m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12:50 a. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:00 p. m.
NOTICE.—In case of loss, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only and for an amount not exceeding $100.
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—On and after APRIL 28th, 1867, the Passenger trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springdale No. 1	6:50 a m	Mail	6:50 a m
Freeport No 1	8:25 a m	Sharpsbg No 1	7:50 a m
Sharpsbg No 1	9:20 a m	Freeport No 1	9:50 a m
Express	10:50 a m	Sharpsbg No 2	11:40 a m
Sharpsbg No 2	1:20 p m	Express	2:05 p m
Freeport No 2	3:40 p m	Springdale No 1	3:05 p m
Mail	4:25 p m	Sharpsbg No 3	4:10 p m
Sharpsbg No 3	5:35 p m	Freeport No 2	6:05 p m
Springdale No 2	7:05 p m	Springdale No 2	7:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 p. m., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:40 p. m.
Commutation Tickets for sale in packages of twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg, and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.
Through tickets to Butler and Hannahstown, may be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.
The Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding this amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
For further information apply at Depot to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent, Federal Street Depot.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
Change of Time.
On and after WEDNESDAY, April 17, 1867, Passenger trains will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh Depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, as follows:

	Leave Pitts'gh.	Arrive.
First Kiskiminetas	6:30 a m	11:50 a m
Mail (to & from Mahoning)	7:20 a m	7:30 p m
First Soda Works Accom.	9:40 a m	8:00 a m
Second Kiskiminetas Ac	12:30 p m	6:25 p m
Express	3:15 p m	10:15 a m
Second Soda Works Ac	5:30 p m	8:25 p m
Sunday Church Train from and to Soda Works	1:00 p m	2:30 a m

Express, North, makes close connection at Mahoning, with Packets for Franklin and Oil City.
Mail, South, connects with Packets from Franklin and Oil City.
H. BLACKSTONE, Superintendent.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE EAST.
SHORTEST & FASTEST LINE
Between Pittsburgh and New York,
VIA HARRISBURG, READING, ALLENTOWN AND EASTON.
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK.
☞ SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS. ☜
Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh, daily (except Sundays) at 3:10 and 11:00 A. M., 4:20 and 10:15 P. M. On Sundays 11:00 A. M.
Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET, at 9:00 A. M., 5:00 and 8:00 P. M.
Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
On and after THURSDAY, March 15th, 1866, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	10:00 a m
West Newton Accom	6:15 p m	8:30 a m
First McKeesport Accom	11:00 a m	6:50 a m
Second " "	10:00 p m	2:05 p m
Braddock's "	4:10 p m	5:45 p m
Sunday Church train to and from West Newton	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For tickets apply to J. W. KING, Agent.
mh15 W. R. STOUT, Sup't.

BREWERS.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY.
CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,
BREWERS,
MALSTERS & HOP DEALERS,
SUCCESSORS TO
JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Pittsburgh.
WM. W. ANDERSON, Allegheny.
The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our
Celebrated Ales and Porter,
Which we guarantee to be pure and satisfactory the trade. Our
INDIA ALE
Has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.
JOSEPH SPENCER..........JAMES M'KAY
SPENCER & M'KAY,
Malsters and Brewers
OF
ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

HOLIDAY GOODS.
ALL KINDS OF
BRONZE, GILT, CUT AND GLASS
Carbon Oil Lamps.
CHANDELIERS,
Lamp Trimmings, &c.
Also, warranted NON-EXPLOSIVE CARBON OIL, wholesale and retail.
JOHN ROSS & CO.,
No. 64 MARKET ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

DON'T BE DECEIVED
By flourishing advertisements of LOW PRICED Machines, as by patronizing such you only throw your money away, but buy a GROVER & BAKER, at No. 105 FIFTH STREET. 209

CARPETS.

CARPETS.
APRIL, 1867.
THE LATEST PURCHASE OF THE SEASON.
AT THE
Lowest Prices Since the War.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN
Wilton and Velvet,
Body Brussels,
Tapestry Brussels.
BEST 2 AND 3-PLY INGRAIN,
FOR
DRAWING ROOMS, LIBRARIES, CHAMBERS AND DINING ROOMS.
Hall and Stair Carpets to Match.
We offer our Patrons many new and choice Patterns, which are not to be found elsewhere.
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS.
WINDOW SHADES.
CHEAP ALL WOOL 2-PLY CARPETS, AT $1 00 TO $1 25 PER YARD.
☞ Carpet and Curtain Upholstery Work done promptly and in the best style.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,
Second Floor, next Building to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.

CARPETS.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY,
Have Just Opened for the Spring Trade, Their Splendid Assortment of
NEW CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS, SHADES, &c.
Attention is called to our fine stock of Embroidered
Table and Piano Covers.
GREAT DECLINE IN PRICES.
23 Fifth Street.

REMOVAL
TO
No. 51 FIFTH ST.
McCALLUM BROS.,
HAVE NOW OPEN,
AT THEIR VERY ELEGANT AND COMMODIOUS WAREHOUSE,
A full Line of all New and Desirable Patter
MEDALLION VELVETS,
VELVETS, BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
MOQUETTE COVERS,
MOSAIC RUGS AND MATS,
OIL BAIZES,
3-PLY AND 2-PLY INGRAINS,
AND EVERY VARIETY OF
LOW PRICED CARPETING.
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 FIFTH STREET.

NEW CARPET STORE.
NEW AND CHEAP
CARPETS,
DAILY ARRIVING AT
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.'S,
NO. 21 FIFTH ST.
WINDOW SHADES,
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS AND MATS,
Table and Piano Covers,
RUGS, MATS, STAIR RODS, &c.
We offer our entire stock at prices to suit the times. Give us a call.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH ST., second floor,
(OVER BATES & BELL'S.)

PETROLEUM.

OILS, OILS, OILS.
SOHO OIL WORKS.
Buffum, Kehew & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
CELEBRATED SPERM LUBRICATOR,
Petroleum Lubricating Oils,
Sperm, Lard and Whale Oils,
Head Light, Tanners' Oil,
AND
WHEEL GREASE.
ALSO,
STANDARD WHITE BURNING OIL.
no16 No. 1 ST. CLAIR ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SUPERIOR
Lubricating Oil Works.
JOHNSON & PAINE,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
SUPERIOR LUBRICATING OILS,
For COTTON AND WOOLEN MILLS, LOCOMOTIVES, and all classes of Machinery.
JOHNSON'S PATENT PAINT OIL,
WOOL OIL, SCREW CUTTING OIL,
LOCOMOTIVE HEAD LIGHT OIL,
SPERM, WHALE AND LINSEED OILS,
And No. 1 CARBON OIL.
Orders solicited and promptly filled. Send for Circular and Price List.
NOS. 5 AND 7 HANCOCK STREET,
se29 PITTSBURGH, PA.

R. S. WARING. HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.
WARING & KING,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS.
Office, No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa. mh7

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.,
WHITE LEAD WORKS.
South End of the Monongahela Bridge.
OFFICE, AT THE WORKS.
THESE WORKS, JUST COMPLETED, NOW OFFER TO CONSUMERS AND THE TRADE, A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF PURE WHITE LEAD.

NEW CROP TEA.
50 hf chests choice Young Hyson Tea;
25 hf chests choice Young Hyson Tea;
50 hf chests choice Oolong Tea;
25 hf chests Japan Tea;
15 hf chests Gunpowder Tea.
In store and for sale by
J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
130 and 132 Second street.

PRODUCE.
15 bbls Rye Flour, fresh ground; 120 bush bolted Corn Meal; 50 bush bolted Corn, white; 5,000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Rye; 1000 lbs chopped Feed, Corn and Oats; 250 bush Ear Corn; 200 bush Barley; 20 bush Shelled Corn. Now receiving and for sale; 100 bbls Wheat Flour, fresh and new, to arrive; 1,000 lbs Fresh May Butter. In store and for sale by
H. RIDDLE,
No. 183 Liberty street.

HARDWARE.

SADDLERY AND CARRIAGE HARDWARE.
We have just opened for the SPRING TRADE, a splendid assortment of
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
Carriage Hardware,
AND
Carriage Trimmings,
Which has been bought for cash at GREATLY REDUCED RATES. The attention of our customers and the trade in general is directed to our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere.
THOS. HARE & BRO.,
Successors to McWhinney & Hare,
135 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HARDWARE.
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE,
MACHINISTS' TOOLS.
JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
Hardware,
CORNER OF WOOD AND SECOND STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

C. H. WOLF. GEO. J. DUFF. THOS. H. LANE. M. WHITMORE. CHAS. T. NEALE.
WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & Co
Importers and Dealers in
Hardware,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Sign of Anvil, Three Doors above St. Charles Hotel,
No. 50 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Have in stock a complete assortment, adapted to the wants of
MERCHANTS,
MECHANICS AND BUILDERS.
A LARGE VARIETY OF
PLATFORM & COUNTER SCALES.
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

JOHN T. LOGAN. GEORGE PARK. J. E. JOHNSTON. EDWARD GREGG. JNO. B. LOGAN.
LOGAN, GREGG & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Hardware,
POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, MECHANICS' TOOLS, HEAVY HARDWARE,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
ALSO,
LEATHER BELTING.
52 WOOD STREET,
(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

P. H. LAUFMAN..........WM. LAUFMAN.
P. H. LAUFMAN & BRO.,
Importers and Dealers in
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN
Hardware.
Fine Cutlery, Builders' Materials, Mechanics' Tools, Farming and Gardening Implements, Edge Tools, Steel, Cabinet Makers' Material, Household Conveniences in great variety, Heavy Hardware.
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
82 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAYS & GETTY,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,
NO. 71 MARKET STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

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(LATE MILLER & RICKETSON,)
Nos. 221 & 223 COR. LIBERTY & IRWIN STS., PITTSBURGH, PA.
WHOLESALE GROCER,
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Foreign and Domestic Brandy, Wine, Gin and Old Rye Whisky,
And Sole Agent in Pittsburgh for the sale of the celebrated Wines of HENKELL & CO., in Mayence, on the Rhine, and BARTON & GUESTIER, in Bordeaux, France; BRANDENBURG FRERES, in Bordeaux; in Store and in Bond. Always the largest assortment of Brandies, Wines and Liquors of different brands, and in want of pure goods.
BRANDENBURG FRERES' Medoc, Margaux, Chateau La Rose, Chateau Lafitte, Chateau Margaux, H't Sauternes, Chateau Sauternes, Latour Blanche and Youem.
HENKELL & CO'S Laubenheimer, Bierstein, Hockheim, Sparkling Mosel, Sparkling Hockheimer, Sparkling Scharzberg.
MOET & CHANDONS' Vin Imperial, green seal, Verzenay, Epernay.
Bouche, Burgundy Chablis, Chambertin, etc., etc.
Brandenburg Freres Superior Olive Oil.
☞ A liberal discount made to the trade.

PITTSBURGH, MAY 1st, 1867.
SHRIVER, SPENCER & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
Corner of Smithfield and Second streets.
LARGE STOCK OF GOODS as low as they can be bought anywhere.

NEW GROCERY STORE.
PUSEY & STEPHENS
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
AND
TEAS,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
PICKLES, &c.
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ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

NEW CROP TEAS.
150 half chests Oolong Tea;
100 half chests Japan Tea;
75 half chests Gunpowder Tea;
15 half chests Imperial Tea;
50 half chests Young Hyson Tea.
20 bags Rio Coffee;
50 mats Java Coffee;
25 mats Laguayra Coffee;
50 bbls Lovering's Syrup;
20 bbls Imperial Syrup;
20 bbls Franklin Syrup;
20 bbls White Drips.
J. D. DRAVO,
Nos. 23 and 24 Diamond.

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PAINTERS.

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jy28-1y

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They may be had, with or without Stands, at their Warerooms, or of any of the principal Stationers throughout the country.
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650 bags prime to choice Rio Coffee;
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OVER FIVE THOUSAND
Grover & Baker Machines
Are now in use in Allegheny County, and the demand steadily increases from day to day.
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MANUFACTURERS OF
PUMPS AND BRASS WORK,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; DEALERS IN
Gas Fixtures and Tubing
OF ALL KINDS.
Cor. of Pike and Walnut Sts.,
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☞ Call and examine our Steam Pump before purchasing elsewhere. It is plain and substantial; equal if not superior to any Pump now in use.

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WETTACH & MEASON,
Manufacturers of every description of
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And dealers in BELT AND LACE LEATHER.
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BOILERS,
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Pans, Chimnies,
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CONSTRUCTED IN THE BEST MANNER AND WITH PROMPTNESS.
Prices as Low as Superior Work can be afforded by any.
WITHEROW DOUGLASS & SON,
Carson st., Monongahela Borough,
At the South End of the Monongahela Bridge.

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HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
All Descriptions of Cast Steel,
Best Refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-Cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel Machinery, Plow Steel, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.
Office and Works, CORNER HARRISON AND PIKE STREETS, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Warranted equal to the best English steel.
Orders may be left at No. 37 FIFTH STREET.

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Extra Quality Tool Cast Steel,
Cast and German Spring and Plow Steel,
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STEEL WORKS,
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Manufacturers of best quality Refined Cast Steel, square, flat and octagon, all sizes.
Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.
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LADIES' GOLD WATCHES,
A New and Handsome Lot of the Celebrated Makers,
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Copper-Distilled
PURE
RYE WHISKY,
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RINGS RINGS RINGS RINGS RINGS RINGS
RINGS To Restore RINGS
RINGS Gray Hair to its RINGS
RINGS Original Color, Eradicate RINGS
RINGS Dandruff and RINGS
RINGS Vegetable Ambrosia RINGS
RINGS IS RINGS
RINGS WARRANTED! RINGS
RINGS Humors from the Scalp, RINGS
RINGS and prevent Baldness. RINGS
RINGS TRY A RINGS
RINGS BOTTLE. RINGS
RINGS RINGS RINGS

RING'S VEGETABLE AMBROSIA
IS THE MIRACLE OF THE AGE.
Gray-headed people have their locks restored by it to the dark, lustrous, silken tresses of youth, and are happy!
Young people with light, faded or red hair, have these unfashionable colors changed to a beautiful auburn, and rejoice!
People whose heads are covered with dandruff and humors, use it, and have clean coats and clear and healthy scalps! Bald-headed veterans have their remaining locks tightened, and the bare spots covered with a luxuriant growth of hair, and dance for joy! Young gentlemen use it because it is richly perfumed! Young ladies use it because it keeps their hair in place! Everybody must and will use it, because it is the cleanest and best article in the market!
For sale by Druggists generally. Price $1.00 per bottle. E. M. TURNER & CO., Proprietors, Peterborough, N. H.
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REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE,
(ESTABLISHED 1806.)
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX,
Is the Universal Remedy for
Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, and all Flesh Wounds; for Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Piles, and Old Sores; Eruptions, Blotches, Salt Rheum, and all cutaneous diseases.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE is a purely vegetable ointment, made from the very best materials, and combines in itself greater healing powers than any other preparation before the public. Its timely application has been the means of saving thousands of valuable lives, and of relieving a vast amount of suffering. It has been used and has proved itself in reality Sixty Years' General Use of the Russia Salve is a Noble Guarantee of its Incomparable Virtues as a Healing Ointment.
The very large sale of REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE, during the past sixty years, in the hundreds of thousands of families, and in all parts of the country, has proved the efficacy of this salve above all opposition, the RUSSIA SALVE is in all respects as truly a reliable preparation, having a steady demand, in every city and town, and never deteriorating in quality, and is sold by all Druggists and Apothecaries, in bottles at 25 cents each.
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PLUMBERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS
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And Corner Beaver and Chestnut Streets,
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All kinds of WATER, GAS and STEAM FIXTURES kept constantly on hand.

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the world prefer and recommend the
GROVER & BAKER
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TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE
FOR COAL,
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BLACK OAK
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Made expressly for Bituminous Coal, which for Beauty, Economy, Cleanliness and Utility stands unsurpassed, being the best Range for its cost ever offered in this market.
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Please give us a call or send for our Circular.
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T RAILS, 16 and 30 inch to yard.
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ROOF AND TRUSS BOLTS,
COAL CAR WHEELS AND AXLES,
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Among which are the celebrated NATIONAL, TALISMAN, TROPIC and PILOT, Coal Cook Stoves. Also, VETERAN, POMONA and IRONSIDES—Wood Cook Stoves.
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Manufacture and keep constantly on hand a strictly first-class FIRE BRICK of Clarion Clay. Also, Tile of all descriptions made to order. Particular attention paid to making Fire Brick of all shapes and sizes, Brick and Tile. All warranted and given on trial to our customers. Lumps and Ground Clay specially prepared for Glass Manufacturers always on hand. Orders left at the office will be promptly attended to. All Brick shipped packed in saw dust.
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MANUFACTURERS OF FINE PRESSED
FLINT GLASS WARE,
WAREHOUSE, NO. 116 WATER ST.,
FIVE DOORS BELOW MONONGAHELA HOUSE,
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Cor. Carroll and Smallman Sts.,
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WILLIAM SMITH,
MANUFACTURER OF
Cast Iron Bowl Pipe,
FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.
My pipe are all cast vertically in Pits, in Dry Sand, and TWELVE FEET LENGTHS.
Also, a full assortment of
GENERAL CASTINGS FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.
I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

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BOILER, STILL AND TANK
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MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER
Steam Boilers,
CHIMNEYS, BRITCHES, FIRE BEDS, ASH PANS, STEAM PIPE, SALT PANS, IRON BRIDGES, OIL STILLS, OIL TANKS, AGITATORS, SETTLING PANS, CONDENSERS, PRISON DOORS, GASOMETERS.
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CUT NAILS AND SPIKES,
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AND
PATENT HAMMERED
Horse and Mule Shoes,
Would call especial attention to our Shoes, which we claim to be of a
Very Superior Quality.
Offices: 93 WATER ST., and at 116 ETNA STREET, Pittsburgh.

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OFFICE:
No. 12 Smithfield, cor. First street,
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ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, of all descriptions,
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Agents for the "GIFFARD" INJECTOR for feeding Boilers.

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FOR IRON, STEEL, BRASS, ZINC, COPPER, SILVER, GOLD, STRAW BOARDS, PAPER, AND INDIA RUBBER WORKS.
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Office, COR. DUQUESNE WAY AND POINT ST.
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Have facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and are prepared to PROMPTLY and SATISFACTORILY fill all orders for
STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS,
RAILROAD AXLES
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Together with every description of SHAPE WORK.

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Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Driving Pipe, with Bollmann's patent wrought iron bands; Sugar Kettle, House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either bead or flange; Bolts turned, and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of rolling mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. je13-1y

PITTSBURGH BOLT COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT HOT HAMMERED
Bolts and Nuts; Washers,
Carriage, Plough,
Car and Bridge Bolts,
Wood Screws, Rivets, and
FISH PLATE BOLTS FOR RAILROADS,
Corner MORTON & BUTLER STREETS, Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
WAREHOUSE, No. 63 WATER STREET.

HARPER, GUTMAN & CO.,
Successors to F. ESCHLEMAN & T. HARPER.
Keep on hand and manufacture to order,
Wagons, Carts, Drays,
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Special attention given to EXPRESS AND GLASS WAGONS.
Sole manufacturers of the EXCELSIOR HUB BORERS.
WEST MANCHESTER, PA.

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MACHINE WORKS
SANDUSKY ST., NEAR ROBINSON,
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MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.
We have always on hand and make to order, Steam Engines for Oil Wells, with or without boilers; common sized Steam Gauges, Ac., &c. feb-tf

LYON, SHORB & CO.,
SLIGO IRON WORKS,
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Warehouse and Office, 113 WATER ST. Branch House, 112 and 134 WEST WATER STREET, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

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MANUFACTURERS OF
RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKES.
Office, cor. Water street and Cherry alley. 5th-1y

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

MECHANICS' LYCEUM.—An interesting meeting of the Mechanics' Lyceum of Birmingham, was held in Odd Fellows' Hall, on Saturday evening.

COMMON COUNCIL.—A special meeting of the Common Council of this city will be held at their chamber this evening.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—An adjourned meeting of the Board of Managers of the Allegheny County Agricultural Society will be held this morning, at the office of Phelps, Parke & Co., on St. Clair street.

CO-OPERATIVE MEETING.—A meeting of the Co-Operative Club, of the Fourth ward, Allegheny, was held at Excelsior Hall on Monday evening, but owing to the small attendance, caused by the inclemency of the weather, the meeting was adjourned until some future time.

OBITUARY.—Mr. Edward Spencer, formerly a well-known merchant tailor of this city, died at his residence on Chatham street, yesterday morning. Mr. Spencer had been confined to the house for some time past. The body will be buried with Masonic honors to-morrow afternoon at half-past one o'clock.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.—The young ladies of the First Methodist Church, Fifth street, taking the example from the young men, have presented Mrs. Clark, the amiable wife of their pastor, with a most beautiful silk dress and shawl. These little episodes are noteworthy, for they manifest a spirit of kindly feeling that is pleasant to all.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.—The first instalment of new potatoes, green peas and pine apples from the South, arrived in the city yesterday. The Charleston (South Carolina) potatoes sold at eleven dollars per barrel, and the Bermuda potatoes at twelve dollars. Green peas from Charleston sold at ten dollars per barrel, and pine apples at twenty dollars per hundred.

LICENSES.—The seventy-first section of the Internal Revenue laws prescribes that no person, firm or corporation shall be engaged in, prosecute or carry on any trade, business or profession, until he or they shall have paid a special tax, formerly termed a license. As these special taxes are required to be paid by the 15th of May, (next Saturday,) it would be well for persons to make immediate payments, and to avoid a heavy fine and imprisonment, which is the penalty for a violation of the law.

EXONERATED FROM BLAME.—Conductor Eastham, who was running the Express train which met such a serious disaster on the Pan Handle Railroad, near Steubenville, in March last, has, upon investigation, been fully exonerated from blame. Mr. Mooney, conductor, and Mr. Tate, engineer of the Accommodation train, which collided with the Express train, have also been exonerated.

BRONZE MEDALS FOR SOLDIERS.—Soldiers who enlisted in West Virginia regiments from Pennsylvania, by sending their address to the Adjutant General of that State, at Wheeling, will receive an elegant bronze medal, struck by order of the Legislature for presentation to all men who enlisted in West Virginia regiments. There were two or three companies from this city in West Virginia regiments.

AN EXTRA ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.—Petitions are being circulated and freely signed by persons residing on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad between Greensburg and Irwin station, praying the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to run an accommodation train from Greensburg to Pittsburgh—the train to leave the former place at or about six o'clock in the morning, and returning, arrive between seven and eight o'clock.

BASE BALL.—A new Club, called the "Hogle-Chambers Base Ball Club," has been organized, and the following officers elected: President—J. Ferris; Captain—William Brown; Secretary—John Divin; Treasurer—William J. Jones; Directors—William Hunter, T. McClusky and C. Henry. The Club have accepted a challenge from the "Pittock Base Ball Club," and a match game will come off on Saturday next.

The "Peep O'Day Base Ball Club," of the Sixth Ward, has been organized and the following officers elected: President—John Doyle; Vice President—James McClain; Treasurer—James Curtin; Secretary—George Kaller; Directors—P. McClowry, W. Long and W. Rodgers.

THE RAILROAD ROBBERY.—Another man, named John Gordon, has been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the robbery at Kiskiminitas Station at the junction of the Western Pennsylvania and Allegheny Valley Railroads, about a week since. A. M. Hackett, special detective for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, made an information against Gordon and Wm. Livingston (whose arrest we noticed a few days ago) before Justice Singer, of Greensburg. They were committed to the Westmoreland county jail, and will probably be tried this week. They are both night watchmen, and the evidence against them is of the strongest circumstantial character. The amount of money stolen from the Station was $215 34, as follows: $110 50 from the Allegheny Valley Railroad, $64 34 from the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, $32 50 from Adams Express Company, and $8 00 from Thomas H. Maher, the agent.

HONORS TO A PITTSBURGH STUDENT.—We are gratified to learn that Mr. David R. Breed, of Pittsburgh, now a student at Hamilton College, in New York State, has been selected by the faculty of that popular institution one of the six members of the graduating class who will contend for the Clark (a much coveted) prize at the forthcoming commencement in June. The prize will be awarded to the author of the best oration. Its delivery, of course, is taken into consideration by the judges. Having once heard Mr. Breed deliver an oration, we are prepared to say that he possesses all the qualifications necessary for his success this time. He is a member of the graduating class of '67, and stands pre-eminent among his fellow students for his oratory. His able editorial management of the College periodical clearly evinces his fine scholarship. Old Hamilton has sent forth many able champions of truth, among whom is our fellow citizen, the Rev. Herrick Johnson, pastor of the Third Presbyterian Church. We understand that Mr. Breed designs entering upon a systematic course of theological studies after he graduates, preparatory to entering the Gospel ministry.

Found Drowned in the Ohio.

A little boy, while passing along the bank of the Ohio river, near what is known as the "Dead Man's Ripple," between Edgeworth and Leetsdale, this county, on Sunday evening last, discovered the body of a man lying face downwards, in the water some distance from shore. He gave notice of the fact and the body was secured. The remains had evidently lain a long time in the water, and the clothing and hair were filled with sand. At first, owing to the bruises on the face, resulting from lying with the face against the bottom of the river, it was almost impossible to tell whether the deceased was white or colored. It was ascertained however, that he was a white man. Coroner Clawson being absent from the city, Alderman J. A. Butler, of the Sixth ward, proceeded to Sewickley yesterday afternoon and held an inquest on the body. No evidence that would lead to the indentity of the body was adduced, and the jury returned a verdict of "found drowned." The deceased wore a pair of blue army pantaloons, blue overalls, a common country flannel shirt, a checkered cassimere coat and a pair of boots. There was found on his person six dollars and seventy-eight cents in money, and a Sixth army Corps badge. No papers whatever were found on his person. The body will be buried in the Sewickley cemetery to-day.

THE COURTS.

Calendar for This Day.

DISTRICT COURT.

No. 115. H. J. Lyle vs. Jeremiah Wilson.
No. 126. James Gordon et al. vs. Pennsylvania Railroad Co.
No. 66. J. G. Davis vs. John F. Sabita.
No. 67. J. G. Davis vs. Hery Schneilbaugh.
No. 133. G. H. Anderson vs. Wm. McOwen.
No. 137. R. F. Rynd vs. Andrew G. Myers.
No. 138. S. J. Crist vs. Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Co.

COMMON PLEAS.

No. 26. Ed. McGinniss vs. Robert Douglas.
No. 36. J. P. Vance vs. James O'Neal & Co.
No. 37. W. P. Davis et ux vs. M. A. Arnhold.
No. 1. Allegheny City vs. C. C. Smith.
No. 2. Marshall Cooper vs. Allegheny City.
No. 6. Margaret Henry vs. John Nolan and wife.
No. 7. John J. Mitchell vs. Andrew Fulton.
No. 8. Hartman & Lare vs. James Grant.
No. 9. Wm. K. Stewart vs. McCombs & Cain.
No. 10. Henry O'Brien vs. Alex. Bates.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—The May term of the United States Circuit Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, will convene in this city, commencing to-day. The following is the list of cases for trial:

CASES IN COMMON LAW.

No. 1. Wesley Throckmorton vs. Samuel Scott.
No. 2. United States vs. John Hastings, et. al.
No. 3. B. F. Quinley & Co. vs. A. O. Sturgeon.
No. 4. Samuel C. Smith vs. Daniel Hantz.
No. 5. William J. Florence vs. Joseph O. Sefton, et al.
No. 6. James Andrews vs. George W. Patterson, et al.
No. 7. John McFarland vs. James Hays, et al.
No. 8. Philip R. Kincaid vs. John C. Bidwell.
No. 9. George E. Brewer vs. John M. Fleming, et al.
No. 10. George E. Brewer vs. John M. Fleming, et al.
No. 11. R. W. Courts vs. the County of Allegheny.
No. 12. Lewis Moore vs. Maffett & Old.
No. 13. Lewis Moore vs. Minch, Beaver and others.
No. 14. James Bradley vs. S. T. Hunt, et al.
No. 15. George D. Turner vs. the County of Allegheny.
No. 16. Isaac M. Pennock, for use, vs. Wm. S. Woods, et al.
No. 17. Henry Miltinger vs. the Union Planing Mills.
No. 18. H. H. Sauther vs. the City of Pittsburgh.
No. 19. Josiah B. Evans vs. the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company.
No. 20. A. Islan vs. the County of Allegheny.
No. 21. Chas. Moran vs. the City of Pittsburgh.
No. 22. Wendlow L. Sauther vs. the City of Pittsburgh.
No. 23. Chas. Moran vs. the City of Pittsburgh.
No. 24. George W. Dehbu vs. the County of Allegheny.
No. 25. James L. Morgan vs. the City of Pittsburgh.
No. 26. Kennedy Marshall vs. Heydricks Brothers Oil Company.

CASES IN EQUITY.

No. 1. James Bradley, et al. vs. William Reed, et al.
No. 2. Bachus & Morse vs. Alfred Heidekoper, et al.
No. 3. G. C. Vincent, et al. vs. Thos. Hayt, et al.
No. 4. Edward A. Roberts vs. Alex. Hamar.
No. 5. Edward A. Roberts vs. Albert E. Nickerson.
No. 6. Horace Wilkins vs. Abeal Drake, et al.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Before Judge McCandless.

The case of the United States vs. George Winer alias George Weyman, indicted for passing a counterfeit one hundred dollar note on the New York Central National Bank, went to the jury yesterday morning. The jury, after a brief absence, rendered a verdict of guilty. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

United States vs. Dr. Wm. J. Smith, of Lawrenceville, indicted for passing, attempting to pass and having in his possession counterfeit fractional currency. The accused, it will be remembered, was arrested in the grocery store of Messrs. Shields & Boucher, on the 10th of April last, while attempting to pass a counterfeit fifty cent note. In his possession was found two packages of the bogus money, amounting to about eighty-five dollars. He was also charged with having passed some of the bogus stuff on Louis Buchter, Edward Lynch and others. The defense offered no witnesses, except as to good character. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty. The Court then sentenced the prisoner to pay a fine of one thousand dollars to the United States, the costs of prosecution, and to undergo an imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for the term of seven years. Dr. Smith has been arraigned twice before on similar charges, but was discharged both times, on one time saving himself by turning State's evidence.

On motion of Hon. R. B. Carnahan, H. B. Swope, Esq., of Clearfield county, on motion of Thomas J. Keenan, Esq., Joseph B. McNally, Esq., of same county, and on motion of W. S. Purviance, Esq., B. J. Reid, Esq., of Clarion county, were admitted to practice in the United States Courts.

The bail of Robert Black, against whom two indictments for passing counterfeit money are pending, has been forfeited, and a process issued for his arrest. This is the only case remaining on the docket for trial, and as Black will probably not be apprehended to-day, the court will adjourn this morning, when Judge McCandless will take his seat on the circuit bench.

DISTRICT COURT.—Before Judge Hampton.

The case of Joseph Fleming vs. H. Darlington & Co., which has occupied the District Court since last Wednesday, was concluded yesterday morning at ten o'clock, by a verdict for plaintiff of $11,341 65.

The history of the case is as follows: Joseph Fleming held H. Darlington & Co.'s note for $11,783, with interest from November 1st, 1865, against which Darlington & Co., brought an offset of about $13,000, thus bringing Fleming in their debt. The verdict of the jury allowed them an offset of $1,560, thus reducing the plaintiffs' claim from $12,900 to $11,300.

The next case taken up was that of J. G. Davis vs. John McCall. Action on judgment note. Hill Burgwin, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Bruce and Negley for the defendant. The case is still on trial.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Before Judge Stowe.

The case of P. Y. Bite vs. the Western Transportation Company, reported yesterday, is still on trial.

Before Judge Sterrett.—The case of R. E. Miller vs. Moses Depuy, action on ejectment, is also still on trial.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—Sarah Peebles, who was arrested and committed to jail on two charges—one for selling liquor on Sunday, and the other for selling liquor without license—was brought into Court yesterday, and was released on giving bail for her appearance at the June term to answer.

THE ORPHAN ASYLUM.

Annual Meeting of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Orphan Asylum—Reports of the Secretary and Treasurer—Board of Managers Elected, &c.

The thirty-fifth annual meeting of the contributors to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Orphan Asylum, was held yesterday afternoon at three o'clock, at the Asylum, on Ridge street, Allegheny City.

Rev. S. F. Scovil, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, this city, opened the meeting with prayer. After singing and recitations by the orphans, the annual reports of the Secretary and Treasurer were read by the Hon. Robert McKnight, which were as follows:

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Your Board of Managers desire to offer to you, to-day, their earnest congratulations on the successful completion of this new Home for the Orphans.

In reviewing the checkered history of the past thirty-five years, we trace the guiding hand of God. From very small beginnings we have attained strength. Thirty-five years ago this institution opened a home for orphans in a small rented house with two or three little ones. Now your Board meet in this spacious and convenient building, which we hope you will examine for yourselves. Go through its clean and well ventilated dormitories, its cheerful play-rooms, and see the many arrangements that facilitate the management of so large a family. We have had the usual experiences of institutions relying for support on the benevolence of the public. When our hearts have been saddened by a well-nigh exhausted treasury, friends have been raised up to supply our need, and the promise made in olden times to the widow, has been realized by the orphans. Among the many blessings vouchsafed to us, we note with pleasure that we have still the benefit of the experience and advice of three of the original managers, one of whom still continues to be our honored First Directress.

The convenience of this building in all its details and its perfect adaptation to the purpose for which it was designed, are chiefly owing to the care and supervision of that kind friend of the Asylum, who collected the funds necessary to supplement the generous legacy of the late Charles Brewer, Esq.

The building formerly occupied by the orphans, on Webster street, Allegheny, has been sold to the Widows' Home Association and thus continues to do good service in the cause of benevolence. Our increased accommodations have enabled us to receive a much larger number of orphans. Necessarily there has been some change in the management of the family and school. The Society are still able to retain the valuable services of Mrs. Sterling as Matron. Miss Hervey, so long the faithful instructress, has been appointed assistant matron. Miss Hardy has been engaged as teacher, and the school-room not affording sufficient accommodation for all the pupils, seventy of the younger ones have been placed in a separate room under the tuition of one who was herself reared in the Asylum.

One hundred and ten children have been received during the year, 85 of these soldiers' orphans; 15 have been placed in homes or returned to friends; 39 soldiers' orphans have been sent to schools or their homes by the State Superintendent; two have died—one a tender babe, whose form quietly rests in the Orphans' lot in Mount Union Cemetery; the other a soldier's orphan, whose remains were sent to his mother's home, in Mercer county, for interment. These are forever sheltered from the woes of orphanage in the fold of the good Shepherd who has said "of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

At present there are one hundred and eighty-seven children in the Asylum; one hundred and fourteen of them soldiers' orphans, under State control, which contracts for their support. However, the last payment was two months overdue, and we are notified that the Legislature made no provision for the month of December, 1866, and the $834 68 due for that month cannot be paid until a special appropriation is procured from the next Legislature.

The Board would gratefully acknowledge the untiring attention and skillful care of Dr. O. L. Miller, who has given his services gratuitously during the last year. We are also indebted to Dr. Sterrett for special services, where the skill of the oculist was required.

Our legal advisers, too, claim our thanks for important services rendered. We continue to receive most gratifying accounts of many of the children apprenticed by the Board. Several of them have united with Evangelical churches, and are commended for their consistent christian character. One of the children who was indentured sixteen years ago, to a farmer, after the end of his apprenticeship entered the army; and since the close of the war bought a farm with his bounty money, has married, applied for, and received a boy from the Asylum to rear.

Extracts from some of the letters received from the children and those to whom they have been apprenticed may prove interesting: Miss L. writes, "Is daily increasing in size, knowledge, and the fear of the Lord. She is learning the labors a farm house, and assists in all its duties. She is an affectionate girl, and has so won upon our regards, that I and the family love her as if she was our own sister and daughter." And J. writes to us, "I return you my humble and sincere thanks that in the midst of heavy public duties, you have not forgotten one of your orphan girls. As you so kindly advise, I will be as obedient and respectful as possible to those under whose charge I am placed. I will endeavor to do my duty in that station of life in which it has pleased God to place me. I have not read the Bible every day, but I have read it every Sunday, and I make a practice of praying to God every morning and evening. I like very much the family in which I live, especially my Aunts S. and E. I now feel I could always live with them and love them. I have been in excellent health,—my weight is about one hundred pounds. Whenever I was unwell I had the constant attendance of a doctor, and the most anxious care of my aunts. It may please God to change my condition in life, but wherever I may be, I will always keep the kindness of this family in grateful remembrance."

M. B. says of Johnny: "He is a very good and affectionate boy, biddable and industrious; has made great progress in learning his trade; regularly attends church and seems to take an interest in what he hears; he seems almost as near to us as if he were our own child. He will write soon; he wants to know who is Matron, and who of the children have left since he did?" Mr. P—— writes, "A. attends church, school and Sunday school regularly; has learned nearly all the chatechism. We never found any trouble teaching her anything. She is a child of truth; you can trust her with anything about the house."

G——, a little boy, writes, "I seat myself to answer your kind and welcome letter. I have very good health ever since I came to the country. I am going to school; am not improving as well as I might if I had a better teacher. I read in my bible every day. I like my place very well. I like to live in the country. I have nothing more to write this time, but thank you kindly for writing to me."

In a very well written letter, L—— says "I like the place very well. I like my domestic trade. Last summer I had my photographs taken and have given them all away. I intend to get more this summer and will send you one."

C—— writes, "I would like to hear from the children and know how many are in the Asylum. There were one hundred and twenty-five when I was there last."

Mr. I—— says, "Y—— is well contented; attended school all winter; is progressing well at his book and in his trade. I never saw a better boy in all my life."

J—— writes, "I received your letter. I recite in mental arithmetic, geography, fourth reader, &c. I have got to the sixth Psalm and took the premium in Sunday School. I like to stay here, but I would like to go back to see how they are getting along. I love uncle and aunt very much."

One who has adopted four of our orphans writes of the boys: "We have much pleasure in W. and R., we believe, is a sincere Christian. Our little girls, S. and M., last year both made a public profession of their attachment to Jesus, and have talked consistently ever since. S., gained the highest prize at Sunday School, having repeated nearly four thousand verses, and M., over three thousand. They wish me to thank you for your kindness and will write soon."

These expressions of gratitude and reports of well-doing, richly reward your Board for past anxieties and toil, and encourage them to more earnest labor and faith in the future. "Cast thy bread upon the waters and after many days thou shalt find it again."

LOIS J. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Mrs. H. B. Logan, Treasurer, in account with the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Orphan Asylum:

DR.

Balance on hand at the last meeting	$1,405 00
Legacies	10,650 00
Donations	588 50
Sale of the old Asylum	15,000 00
Investments called in for use	2,209 18
Boarding of Soldiers' Orphans	5,815 18
Boarding of other children	805 85
Interest on Notes and Coupons matured	933 95
Dividends of Railroad and Bridge Stock	744 75
Ladies Collections	205 00
Fines	9 97
	$38,177 66

CR.

Visiting Committee	$3,549 92
Bread	2,610 50
Milk bill	1,385 84
Shoe bill	696 77
Salaries	671 25
Wages	963 50
Marketing	900 02
Repairs	85 01
Coal bill	364 65
Insurance	22 50
School Books	66 09
Gas bill	76 80
Medicine	34 00
Undertakers' bill	7 00
Cleaning and furnishing the new house	3,281 39
Invested in Allegheny Valley Railroad bonds	18,000 00
Government Stamp on Deed for old Asylum	15 00
Sewer assessment	400 40
Money loaned on interest	2,995 33
On deposit with Messrs. N. Holmes & Co.	2,184 27
	$38,177 66

May 11.—Balance in the hands of Treasurer, $2,184 27. Errors and omissions excepted.

H. B. LOGAN, Treasurer.

The undersigned Auditors certify that we have examined the foregoing account, and compared the same with the vouchers and find it correct.

Signed, A. C. THAW, } Auditors.
H. S. ROTHROP, }

From the above it will be seen that the actual expense of maintaining the institution during the past year is $11,221 36.

One thousand dollars must be drawn from the amount in the bank to pay the expenses of the past month.

The grading and paving of the three streets, Ridge, Lincoln and Grant avenue, will be a heavy tax upon our resources.

Since making this report we have received from the Superintendent of the Soldiers' Orphans $1,669 36, being the amount due for the months of January and February. December, 1866, has not yet been provided for from this source.

The reading of the reports was followed by further exercises in singing by the pupils of the school, and a recitation of Longfellow's Psalm of Life in concert, after which an address was delivered to the members of the association by Rev. J. S. Dickerson. The address was full of interest, and delivered in his usually happy style.

BOARD OF MANAGERS.

The election for a Board of Managers to serve for the ensuing year was then held, when the following ticket was put in nomination and unanimously elected:

Mrs. E. F. Denny,	Mrs. R. S. Hays,
" Geo. Robinson,	" M. Jackson,
" Mary Wilkins,	" Vankirk,
" B. F. Campbell,	Miss Hamilton,
" J. T. Logan,	" Lothrop,
" F. R. Brunot,	" Shaw,
" H. Childs,	" Micheltree,
" R. Robison,	" M. Smith.

The Decalogue and Lord's Prayer were recited in concert by the little children, after which the benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dickerson and the meeting adjourned.

Altogether the meeting was one of unusual interest, and every person appeared pleased with the exercises. The progress displayed by the orphans, and the advancement they showed yesterday, reflects the highest credit upon the management of the institution, and affords strong proof that it is well worthy the patronage of our citizens.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon about two o'clock, Mr. Stewart Hamilton, a resident of the First Ward, Allegheny, met with a very painful accident while at work at Messrs. Neece & Co.'s Saw Mill, at the mouth of Chartiers' Creek. It appears that he was tending a cross-cut saw, when he stepped on a roller, and his foot slipped, catching his left leg in the saw. Before he could extricate himself, the saw cut his leg to the bone, producing a wound of about twelve inches in length. He was taken into a boarding house near where the accident occurred, and a physician summoned, who dressed the wound. The physician is of the opinion that with great care the limb can be saved.

Public Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—This beautiful house will be opened this evening as a first-class place of amusement, where the legitimate drama will be presented, and the most prominent and talented actors in the country will be supported by an excellent stock company. This evening, the distinguished patriot-actor, James E. Murdoch, will make his first appearance here in eight years in a dramatic rôle, that of "Alfred Evelyn," in Bulwer's comedy of "Money." He has recently concluded successful engagements in Washington and Philadelphia, where the unanimous opinion of his large, fashionable and intelligent audiences was that he never before performed so well. As a reader he has not his equal on the American stage; while his stage action is easy and graceful. He will receive fine support from the stock company, and a rare performance may be anticipated this evening. Give him a hearty, enthusiastic greeting. To-morrow evening, the ever popular comedy, "School for Scandal," will be performed, with Mr. Murdoch in his great character of "Charles Surface."

OPERA HOUSE.—There is no perceptible diminution in the size of the vast audiences attracted to the Opera House to see the "Black Crook." The elegant costumes, wonderful transformations and beautiful scenery are as attractive now as on their first presentation. To-night, the great "Demon Dance," which has been in rehearsal for some days past, will be given for the first time. This new feature, it is said, adds greatly to the interest of the play.

PITTSBURGH THEATER.—Large audiences are delighted nightly by the performances of Charlie White's combination troupe. The dancing of the ballet troupe of ten beautiful young ladies, is much admired, and deserves to be, for its artistic execution is seldom, if ever excelled. An excellent bill is presented for to-night.

VARIETIES.—The funny burlesque, "The Black Cook," kept a large audience in a continued roar last evening, during its performance, while the songs, dances and gymnastics of the Variety Troupe were roundly applauded. The burlesque will be given again to-night.

CIRCUS.—Haight & Chambers's great Circus and Menagerie, one of the most complete exhibitions now traveling, will be exhibited for a few days only at the Red Lion Lot, commencing on Monday next. The Menagerie feature of the exhibition is somewhat more extensive than any that recently visited the city, while the Circus department is full and complete. The entertainment, as a whole, is highly spoken of by the press and public wherever Haight & Chambers have spread their canvass. Two morning exhibitions will be given Wednesday and Thursday.

AQUATIC SPORTS.

The Approaching Contest Between Hamill and Brown—The Latter's Former Trainer Tells a Bad Story of Him—Match Between Sam. Brown and Joseph A. Scott.

As was stated at the time, John Shea, who came to this city with Walter Brown in the capacity of his trainer, for the forthcoming match with Jimmy Hamill, had a difficulty with his pupil, which caused him to leave him. Brown, in a card to a Portland paper, states that he dismissed Shea for the reason that Shea thought he was training himself instead of Brown. Since his return to Boston, Shea has written a letter to the *Illustrated Sporting Times*, in which he charges Brown with offering to sell the race to John Hamill for $700. This corroborates a story that has been known to a few for some time; still Shea's statements may not all be correct, and should be received with caution, considering the circumstances under which he parted with Brown. Shea's statement that John Paisley is Hamill's backer in the present match is not true; he has not invested a dollar in Hamill's behalf. The *Times* says:

"The statement of Mr. Shea is, that he went to Pittsburgh at the request of Brown's friends to train him for the race, it being agreed by Brown that he should receive $150 for his services if he should win. Shea did not consider the money an object, but thought that if Brown should win it would reflect credit enough upon his trainer to recompense him. He was with Brown at his training quarters about two weeks, during which time, as Shea assures us, he was training well.

"On the 29th of April Brown told Shea that he proposed to sell the race for $700 to the other party; that he had made the offer to John Hamill, who conveyed it to his brother James, the rower, and the reply was that James said he had only about $700 to bet on the race, and that he felt so confident of winning, that he preferred betting it to buying Brown off. Shea was very indignant, and asked Brown what he meant by making such an infamous proposition. He told Brown he was a good way from home, had come there to help Brown win if possible, and he would have nothing to do with taking such chances. Shea states that Brown then proposed that the race should be sold to as many of Hamill's friends as they could induce to bite, and that Shea should get away with the money before the race came off, and then he, Brown, would go ahead, and win the stakes if he could. His words to Shea were, "you take the money on the one part, and thus we'll win anyhow." Shea told him he never had anything to do with such mean business, and never would; and, if that was Brown's intention, he would leave him, which he did on the 1st of May, at Glenwood, about seven miles from Pittsburgh, the training quarters. Brown cried when Shea left him, and tried hard to induce him to stay.

"When he left, John Hamill went to the depot with him, and told him before parting he would write him a letter apprising him and his Eastern friends what sort of a man they had sent down there to row for the championship of American waters. Hamill was evidently unaware that Shea was posted in regard to the offer Brown had made him.

"At this interview there were present James McLaughlin, trainer of James Hamill, for his late race in England, John Paisley, backer of Hamill in his present match, and another friend.

"When Shea arrived in New York, on the 2d of May, he apprised Michael Phelan, Brown's principal backer, of the conduct of Brown, but Phelan had made the final deposit on the 1st, and it was too late to remedy the matter.

"Mr. Shea says that Brown is a good rower, and his friends believe he could beat any man in the world if he did not lack honesty and judgment, two qualities one should have to compete successfully for the championship. Shea states that on the 24th of April, between the hours of two and three o'clock, Brown rowed three miles and sixty yards, good measure, over a one and a half mile course, in twenty-one minutes and thirty seconds, beating considerably the best time on record, viz: that of Hamill, which was twenty-two minutes and twenty-eight seconds for three miles. After Brown had performed this feat, he came into the boat house and danced a jig and whistled 'Yankee Doodle.'

"When Shea left Brown, April 20th, his weight was 159 pounds, height 5 feet six inches, measure of breast 40½ inches, muscle 14½ inches. Brown is an American; he was born at Newburgh, N. Y., and he is 27 years old."

The *Sporting Times* concludes the article with the following remarks:

"We have given the statement of Brown's trainer to our readers, not through any ill-will to the New England champion, but from a sense of duty to the public. It is difficult to guess what course Brown will pursue when the match comes off, but the *expose* made by Mr. Shea will detract from the interest of the race and probably diminish the betting considerably. If he should win his offer to sell out will be looked upon as having been extremely mean and contemptible, and if he should lose, thousands will now believe that the race was 'thrown,' even though he should in reality do his best to win. We regret exceedingly that Mr. Brown has placed himself in such an unfortunate position."

Brown has been in active training for the past ten days at his post above the Dam, and is reported to be in excellent condition, and confident of his ability to win. He has never yet been over the lower course, but proposes to come down on Thursday, and take up his quarters opposite the city.

Jimmy Hamill has continued to take his regular exercise at his boat-house, and his daily spin over course. He is in prime condition, and is now down to his rowing weight. He feels perfectly at ease on the result of the contest, and believes he will retain the championship which he has so long and honorably maintained.

ANOTHER SCULLING MATCH.

Some days ago we made mention of a proposed single scull race between Sam. Brown, of Port Perry, and Joseph A. Scott, of this city. We now learn that the match has been finally arranged to come off on the 30th inst., for two hundred and fifty dollars a side. The forfeit money is already in the hands of the stakeholder, Mr. Vorhees, proprietor of the Revere House. The race is to come off on the Upper Monongahela course. Brown is a member of the Port Perry crew, a well known and able oarsman, and has many backers who will support him with their last dollar.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH.—A meeting of the congregation of the First Methodist Church, Fifth street, was held on Monday evening, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of disposing of the church now occupied by them, or rebuilding the same. A committee was appointed to take the matter into consideration, and to suggest at a future meeting what improvement would be most needed. It was thought that it would be advisable to sell the church and parsonage and build new one in another part of the city, more in the center of the present congregation. The report of the committee will be anxiously waited for by the congregation.

SHADY SIDE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—We record to-day the sale of another of those splendid Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs to the new Presbyterian Church at Shady Side. It has two banks of keys and four complete sets of reeds or vibrations, which are operated on by eight draw stops or registers, which can be used singly or collectively, and produce various shades of tone, from a whisper to the loudest accompaniment, such as is fit to be used while singing such choral tunes as "Old Hundred." The instrument was purchased from C. C. Mellor, 81 Wood street, the sole agent in this city for the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, and will be used for the first time during the Fair which is to be given on next Thursday afternoon and evening for the benefit of the church.

EXECUTION OF FOGLER TO-DAY.—To-day, between the hours of twelve and one o'clock, Robert Fogler, the convicted murderer of Robert W. Dinsmore, of Washington county, will expiate his crime on the scaffold. The execution will take place in the jail yard, in the borough of Washington, and will be performed by Sheriff Smith. Not much excitement is anticipated in Washington, and but few persons will witness the execution. The COMMERCIAL will be represented by a reporter, and we will furnish our readers with a detailed account of the execution together with a brief review of the murder, arrest, trial, conviction, sentence, etc., in to-morrow's issue.

White and Colored Marseilles Quilts, the best assortment, and cheapest in the city, at J. M. Burchfield & Co's.

Table Linens, Towels, Napkins and Dolley's, a large assortment at J. M. Burchfield & Co's.

OPERA HOUSE.—This evening will be produced in the Black Crook, the grand Demon Dance and other new attractions.

BLACK CROOK.—Wednesday and every evening the great Demon Dance will be performed at the Opera House.

EXPERTO CREDE.—Dr. Holmes's celebrated Ague mixture has never failed in curing permanently the Ague disease. Thousands have given it a trial and received the most desirable benefits. Sufferers, trust to those who have experience. Try Dr. Holmes's celebrated Ague mixture. For sale by all respectable druggists.

WHITE GOODS.—The place to buy white goods is at the new store of J. M. Burchfield & Co.

White Sheed Muslins for ladies' basques at J. M. Burchfield & Co.

French Mulls and Nainsooks, plain and plaid, all fresh and clean, at the new store of J. M. Burchfield & Co.

COD LIVER OIL.—The purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is Caswell's Cod Liver Oil, manufactured by Caswell, Mack & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. MW*

THE DEMON DANCE in the latest dramatic sensation—the Black Crook, produced to-night.

CATLIN'S Sash Supporter at 24 Fifth street, up stairs. cod

OPERA HOUSE.—The latest New York sensation in the Black Crook, the Demon Dance, will be produced this evening.

ROSSTON'S YEAST POWDER is contained in neat air tight tin boxes. No yeast or baking powder will keep in paper packages. Housekeepers bear this important fact in mind. Use only Rosston's. The best in the market. Send to your grocer for it. Try it.

HANDSOME and cheap artificial flowers at Abel & Co's., 54 St. Clair street.

GODFREY & CLARK manufacture the best paper sacks in the United States for putting up flour, corn meal, &c. Call and see them. Warehouse, No. 357 Liberty street.

DON'T FAIL TO WITNESS the Demon Dance in the Black Crook, this evening, at the Opera House.

DEMON DANCE, in the Black Crook at the Opera House, Wednesday and every evening.

DYSPEPSIA CURED by the Indian Herb Doctor; Jacob Schneid, inn-keeper, Sharpsburg, has been troubled with dyspepsia, and is now cured by the Indian Herb Doctor.

From the proprietor of the Mansion House. This gentleman has been troubled with liver complaint and dyspepsia for a number of years. The Indian Herb Doctor has cured him.

From a widow woman: I called on the Indian Herb Doctor some weeks ago. I was troubled with a very bad cough, pain in my breast, general debility, &c. I told the Doctor I was a widow woman. He gave me medicine free of charge, that has benefitted me very much.

MARY MARSHALL,
No. 60 Lacock street, Allegheny.

The Doctor's office is 194 Liberty street.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GARMENTS and tailoring goods for Gentlemen and Youths; also, furnishing goods, including all the novelties, at R. Mitchell's, Merchant Tailor, No. 91 Federal street, Allegheny.

THE BEST YEAST OR BAKING POWDER, is Clayton & Davidson's. Ask your Grocer for it. This Baking powder is warranted to give perfect satisfaction. Manufactory corner of Penn and St. Clair streets.

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!! at Yagles, No. 2 Diamond, west side, Allegheny.

DEMON DANCE at 9:30 this evening. One of the latest sensations in the Black Crook, at the Opera House.

GO AND SEE THE DEMON DANCE, in the Black Crook, at the Opera House this evening.

GENT'S PLAIN LINEN POCKET HANDERCHIEFS at Putnam & House, No. 72 Fifth street.

GENTS' HEM STITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS at Putnam & House, No. 72 Fifth street.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, No. 100 Wood street.

DEXTER'S UNCLE.—Star Henry will be exhibited on Monday, May 20th, during the exhibition. All persons wishing to improve their breeds of horses would do well to call and see him, as he will remain at the Oakland Park this season. For style, speed and beauty, he cannot be surpassed in this country.

THE REAL GENUINE CABINET CARTE PHOTOGRAPHS, only at B. L. H. Dabbs' Gallery, Nos. 46 and 48 St. Clair street.

CLAYTON AND DAVIDSON'S BAKING POWDER *will* retain its properties in any climate for any lenghth of time, either in bulk or in *paper packages*, as thousands who have used it can testify. Remark—As a proof of its superiority, *none has ever been returned to the manufacturers.*

IF JEFFERSON DAVIS had ordered a suit of clothes from H. Oppenheimer & Co., No. 83 Wood street, prior to leaving Fortress Monroe for the city of Richmond, the Cabinet at Washington would have decided that Jeff. was disposed to adopt *loyal habits*, and should be encouraged. H. Oppenheimer & Co. are furnishing the most desirable spring and summer garments to order that can be had in this section of the country.

A WORD IN SEASON.—As we have frequently had occasion to refer to the elegant Hat and Cap Establishment of Messrs. Graham & Byrne, 52 St. Clair street, opposite the St. Clair Hotel, it may be well to state in this connection that Mr. Graham was long and favorably known on Wood street, at the store of Wm. Fleming, the *soi disant* leader of the fashion.

"'TIS NOT FOR MAN TO TRIFLE! Life is brief,
Our age is but the falling of a leaf;
We have no time to sport away the hours—
All must be earnest in a world like ours.
Not many lives, but only one have we,
How sacred should that one life be."

Mishler's Herb Bitters will invigorate and strengthen the human body and prolong human life. The best tonic medicine extant. Sold by all druggists. Branch House, No. 26 Market street, Pittsburgh.

Heavy Gro grain silks for ladies' sacques, at J. M. Burchfield & Co's.

GENTS' PRINTED BORDER HANDKERCHIEFS at Putnam & House's, No. 72 Fifth street.

OAKLAND PARK.—The entries for the premium of $50, free to horses that never trotted in 3 minutes, and $50 free to horses that never trotted in public closed with six entries each on on Saturday evening last, at the Revere House.

Sam. Keys enters b. g. Bineridge.
J. Carson enters gr. h. Shoemaker.
Owner enters b. m. Molly.
Owner enters br. m. Rosey.
Owner enters br. g. John.
Owner enters s. g. Jerome.

Remember this will take place at Oakland Park, on Monday, May 20th, and on Thursday, May 23d, at three o'clock. Admission to Park $1 00 to all those not having season tickets. All persons wishing to become members can obtain tickets at the Revere House, or at the Park. Persons holding tickets will please be ready to pay for them on the 20th inst.

Pools will be sold at the Revere House on Saturday evening, May 18th, on the above trots. Also, all persons wishing to enter their horses for the list of premiums offered for the spring season can do so. The list is large and numerous, giving all good and valuable animals a chance to show their good qualities. Remember the 18th, at 8 o'clock P. M. H. B. Van Voorhis, Proprietor. WAS.

All the World Over!

There are but few spots on our globe where HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS are not known; and, when known, appreciated.

In the UNITED STATES and BRITISH AMERICA it has become a household word. As a protective against malaria, epidemic fevers, Fever and Ague, and other diseases, produced by miasmatic influences, it stands far ahead of all other preparations, and is so considered by the most eminent physicians of the day.

In SOUTH and CENTRAL AMERICA, MEXICO and WEST INDIES it has obtained a firm hold on the minds of the people, and is implicitly relied upon as a certain preventive and cure for the many malarious diseases incident to those tropical regions.

In AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, NEW ZEALAND, and adjacent Islands, its progress has been marvelous. Merchants, Miners, Farmers, Manufacturers and Squatters, all endorse it. Thousands already has it saved from the pernicious effects of miasma arising from the low swampy grounds so prevalent in those countries.

In CHINA and the EAST INDIES it is working its way with rapid strides, and is extensively used in the hospitals.

In Conservative EUROPE, even, its influence is being felt; and the day is not far distant when HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS will become in the old world what it now is in the new—a never-failing joy to the afflicted.

DIED:

YOUNG—At Truckee Meadows, Nevada, April 8th, 1867, Mrs. MARY J., wife of Mr. Peter R. Young, and daughter of Maj. H. Alexander, of Allenburg, Clarion county, Pa., aged twenty-three years and three days.

Clarion papers please copy.

SPENCER—On Tuesday morning, May 14th, EDWARD SPENCER, in the thirty-seventh year of his age.

Funeral services will take place at the Smithfield M. E. Church, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at 1½ o'clock.

50,000 WHEELER & WILSON LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINES

Sold last year, being nearly equal to the sale of all others combined. Satisfaction guaranteed to all persons purchasing from us.

WM. SUMNER & CO., 47 Fifth street.

ROSSTON'S INDIGO BLUE
ROSSTON'S YEAST POWDER,
ARE THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
For sale by all Grocers.

PIANOS.

PIANOS,
Cabinet Organs and Melodeons
AT VERY LOW PRICES BY
JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
NO. 160 SMITHFIELD STREET, two doors above Sixth.
First-class PIANOS from $325 upwards.
superior MELODEONS from $50 upwards.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, TRIMMINGS and STRINGS.
TEN PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN IN OTHER MUSIC STORES.

CHAS. B. BARR..HERMAN T. KNAKE..WM. L. BUETTLER
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
(Successors to Wamelink & Barr,)
No. 12 St. Clair Street,
DEALERS IN
PIANOS, ORGANS,
AND
Musical Goods Generally.
Sole Agents for the celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMAKER & CO., Philadelphia,
PIANOS.
Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "Cottage," and S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S "American"
ORGAN,
AND TILTON'S PATENT GUITAR.
The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. no17

ATTORNEYS.

THOMAS M. MARSHALL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CORNER FIFTH AND GRANT STREETS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

ISAAC TRESCOTT, 129 MAIN ST.,
SALEM, OHIO,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, PAPER STOCK,
WALL AND WINDOW PAPER,
Yankee Notions, Gold Pens,
General Stationery,
Fancy Soaps and Fancy Goods.
Also, General Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL, containing the largest amount of reading matter of any paper in the State. oc18

JOHN LINNENBRINK,
(near Pitts., Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. Depot,)
ROCHESTER, PA.
Dealer in
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c.
Penknives manufactured by the Pittsburgh Cutlery Co., Rochester, Pa.
Agent for the PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL.

HARRISON & BRO.,
FURNISH STONE FLAGS,
For Floors requiring the greatest durability; Garden Walks, Hearths, Pavements, &c. These Flags are from 1 1-2 to 4 inches thick, and having the control of the
LARGEST AND BEST QUARRY
in the West, we can supply them in any quantity and at a very reasonable rate. Also, dealers in FREEPORT and COMMON STONE.
Office and Yard, corner BUTLER and BOUNDARY STREETS, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh.

BAR, TANK AND SHEET IRON.
GRAFF, BYERS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BAR, TANK AND SHEET IRON,
HAMMERED RAILROAD AXLES,
GAS PIPE,
For Conveying Steam, Water and Gas.
ALSO,
OIL WELL TUBING,
HAMMERED IRON FOR
OIL WELL TOOLS.
WAREHOUSE:
98 WATER AND 122 FIRST ST.,
mh21 PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE—A SECOND HAND DOUBLE CYLINDER PRESS. Size of bed, 31x46. Address COMMERCIAL

7-30 BONDS
CONVERTED INTO
5-20 BONDS, 1865,
ON PRECISELY GOVERNMENT TERMS,
WITHOUT CHARGE.
BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS.

MAY, JULY AND NOVEMBER
COUPONS,
BOUGHT AT HIGHEST RATES
BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON
LONDON, PARIS, FRANKFORT, O-M., &c.
For Sale in Sums to Suit Purchasers.
PH. R. MERTZ,
118 WOOD STREET.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.
Having made special arrangements with JAY COOKE & CO., our correspondents, we are prepared to convert SEVEN-THIRTIES into
5-20 Bonds of 1865,
WITHOUT CHARGE.
BONDS ON HAND FOR DELIVERY.
IRA B. McVAY & CO., Bankers,
COR. OF FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

SELL YOUR 7-30's
AND
BUY 5-20's.
Holders of Seven-Thirties will find an advantage of OVER 1-4 of one per cent. by converting on this plan.
IRA B. McVAY & CO., Bankers.
CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

TUESDAY EVENING, May 14th, 1867.

No change is noticeable in the local money market to-day, except, perhaps, an increased demand for loans. This demand is more legitimate than what has characterized the loan market for sometime back—it arises more from the increased activity of our manufacturing interests, and a corresponding sympathy from the mercantile trade. Although the latter does not compare with the volume of business that is usual to the spring trade, yet there is much to encourage every business man. The present is well sustained by strong assurances of abundant harvests, a sound financial policy that is daily strengthening as it develops, and the national securities mainly in the hands of the people, which constitute the safest investment in the world. There is nothing in the political, commercial or financial horizon to disturb the quiet and steady working of trade, and as one of our exchanges remarks: What will the gold speculators get into a frenzy about, now that peace has been established in Europe? Prior to the war panic they had the impeachment panic; prior to that they had constant panics about the action of Congress on one thing or another; and so we might go back to the time that our own war furnished them a daily panic.

—Ira B. McVay & Co., bankers, report the following quotations for Governments to-day in the New York market, as received from their correspondents, Jay Cooke & Co.:

6s 1881	111⅛
5-20s, 1862	109
" 1864	105⅛
" 1865, May and November	106⅛
5-20s, 1865, January and July	107⅞
10-40s	99⅛
December '64 Compounds	116⅞
August 7-30s	106¼
June 7-30s	105⅝
July 7-30s	105⅝
Gold	136⅞

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth and Wood streets, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

U. S. 6s, 1881	111⅛
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	109⅝
U. S. 5-20s, 1864	105½
U. S. 5-20s, 1865	106⅛
U. S. 10-40s	99⅛
5-20s, 1865, January and July	107⅞
August 7-30s	106¼
June 7-30s	105⅝
July 7-30s	105⅝
December Compounds, 1864	116⅞

—S. S. Bryan reports the quotations of Railway stocks in New York to-day, up to noon, as follows:

Michigan Southern	68⅝
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	73⅞
P., F. Wayne & Chicago	96⅞
Erie	64
Chicago & Rock Island	89⅞
Chicago & Northwestern	35⅞
Chicago & Northwestern preferred	60⅝
New York Central	97⅞
Reading	103⅞

—Stocks sold Tuesday evening, May 14th, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, A. McIlwaine, Auctioneer:

Bank of Pittsburgh	$83 50
M. and M. National Bank	65 25
Exchange National Bank	66 37½
Allegheny National Bank	58 50

—Subjoined are the highest prices obtained for the leading stocks sold at the first regular session of the New York Stock Exchange on each Saturday of the past four weeks:

Stocks.	Apr. 20.	Apr. 27.	May 4.	May 11.
Atlantic Mail	84	89⅝	94	96⅛
Alton & Terre Haute RR.	31	34½	36¼	37
Alton & Terre Haute pref.	61	—	—	66
Boston Water Power	27⅝	27⅝	31¼	30
Canton Company	42½	43½	44	43
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	67⅝	71½	72⅝	73¼
Cleveland & Toledo	111	115	112¾	112⅞
Chicago & Rock Island	86⅝	89	91⅛	89¾
Chicago & N. W.	30¼	34	35⅝	35
Chicago & N. W. pref.	57⅝	57⅞	62⅞	60⅞
Cumberland Coal	28	30½	31	31⅜
Cleveland, Col. & Cin.	—	98	99	94½
Delaware & Hudson Canal	—	146	148¾	152
Hudson River	90	97¼	96⅜	94
Illinois Central	112⅝	114	113⅝	114¼
Michigan Central	108	—	109	109½
Michigan Southern	65	68	69	68¼
Milwaukee & St. Paul	25	34	35⅜	38¼
Milwaukee & St. Paul pref.	49	56	55⅝	57¼
Mariposa Mining	6⅝	7⅜	—	—
Mariposa preferred	19½	21	20	—
New York Central	97	98⅞	98¼	98⅜
New York & Erie	56⅝	59½	64¼	63⅝
New York & Erie pref.	—	70	72⅝	72⅞
Ohio & Mississippi cer.	22	22⅝	23⅝	22½
Pacific Mail	125	128½	129	129
Pittsburgh & Ft. Wayne	91⅝	93⅝	97½	97
Quicksilver Mining	29	29	29¼	—
Reading Railroad	99¼	103½	104	104⅛
Toledo & Wabash	35	38	38	41½
Western Union Tel.	35½	39½	42⅝	43⅜

—Government securities were quoted on each Saturday of the past four weeks as follows:

	Apr. 20.	Apr. 27.	May 4.	May 11.
Sixes of 1881	109⅞	109⅜	110⅝	111⅜
Sixes of 1867	133	132½	132	134
Sixes of 1868	130½	132	130	133
Ten-forties	98⅞	98⅝	99	99⅝
Five-twenties of 1862	109⅝	110⅝	107⅝	109
Five-twenties of 1864	108⅛	109	105¾	105⅝
Five-twenties of 1865	108⅜	109⅜	106	106⅜
Five-twenties of '65, new	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	108
7 and 3-10ths, 1st series	106	106⅛	106¼	106⅛
7 and 3-10ths, 2d series	105⅝	105⅜	105⅝	105⅞
7 and 3-10ths, 3d series	105⅝	105⅜	105⅝	105⅞

—The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: There has been an unusually light spring trade this season, and although merchants generally prepared for it by purchasing less goods than usual, the result is seen in the continued demand for money. At this time of the year, currency should be plenty in this market, and lines of discount should be diminishing, but the experience has just been the contrary; capital is kept actively employed, and most bankers find it difficult to meet the demand for loans even on the most approved paper; this is likely to continue for some time, for already arrangements are being made to move the new clip of wool, and although it will eventually assist in easing up our market, for the time being, it will absorb a large amount of currency; at the same time it will give us a good supply of exchange and stop the drain of money toward the seaboard.

—The public are anxiously expecting some official report from the Comptroller of the Currency relative to the Selma Bank failure and robbery. The bank appears to have been a fraud from the start. It never had a *bona fide* capital; its circulation was used to pay for the bonds upon which it was obtained; and the bonds deposited to secure Government deposits were borrowed. The stock was principally held by the president, who is charged with having carried off nearly every dollar that could be reached, including a treasury deposit of $75,000. The Government may reduce its loss by means of the bonds deposited at Washington, but for the depositors, who were tempted by the assumed guarantees of the national system, not one cent is available. Of course the fraud implies perjury on the part of the president and directors; but even this scarcely explains the possibility of such disgraceful frauds. The New Orleans *Times* hints that the Selma Bank, in common with other national banks in the South, granted a consideration to the Government agents for the loan of the public deposits.

—One of the officers of the Bank of England said the other day that "in all its dealings with the United States the bank had never lost a dollar by an American." The largest "piece of paper" ever discounted by this bank was a bill for £800,000, and the largest amount in one day was £2,500,000. This was during the panic of May, 1866, when the whole city of London was rushing to the bank for relief.

—S. S. Bryan, Broker in Government, Railway and other Bonds, and Bank and Railway Stocks, &c., Apollo Building, Fourth street. Orders for the purchase and sale of stocks executed at the New York, Philadelphia and Boston Stock Boards at the regular rates of commission current in those cities.

Iowa Crops.

We learn from the Dubuque *Herald*, of the 9th inst., that during the week ending on that date, the farmers throughout the State have been busily engaged in putting in their spring crops. A greater quantity of ground has been sown to wheat this year than at any other season, and thus far all promises well for its growth. The scarcity of this valuable cereal during the past spring has taught our farmers a lesson they will not soon forget, and if they are short again it will be through no fault of theirs. As a general thing there is no surplus grain in the West, and, as all are aware, many have been compelled to procure grain and feed from Illinois and Wisconsin. Exchanges from different parts of the State speak very highly of the condition of the crops, especially in the interior and southern portions of the State. Gentlemen who have traveled in that locality report that, although the season is remarkably backward, the winter wheat never looked better. The high prices which grain now commands have induced all to sow their last inch of available ground, and from present indications the granaries of Iowa will be filled to overflowing the coming fall.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—Flour firm at $15@17 50 for extra. Wheat heavy; sales of State red at $3 30. Corn declining; yellow $1 23. Oats—Sales 3,000 bush at 78c. Whisky unchanged. Provisions quiet.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
TUESDAY EVENING, May 14, 1867. }

The general and produce markets were moderately active to-day, but without any material variation in prices. The demand continues to be strictly limited to the current wants of consumption, but, notwithstanding the small amount of business transactions, there is a cheerful feeling in commercial circles. The flour market continues firm and brisk at the late advance in figures. The corn market is dull and a shade lower. There is no wheat offered for sale. Rye is scarce and in demand. Groceries are moderately active. Eggs are in better demand. Butter is very dull and lower.

The receipts of leading articles of produce, per river and railroad, since our last, were as follows: Flour 1,798 bbls; cheese 66 boxes; corn 2,465 sacks; barley 451 sacks; wheat 1,363 sacks; rye 63 sacks; oats 220 sacks; butter 41 packages and bulk meats 5,503 pieces.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale prices, unless otherwise stated:

BUTTER—The market rules dull and prices nominally 20@23c, from store, for choice roll. Sales reported of 20 packages at these figures, but we hear of sales as low as 18c ℔ lb. The receipts have been more than adequate to supply the demand, and continue good.

BEANS—Choice beans are scarce and in demand. We quote prime small white selling from store at $2 75 @3 00 ℔ bush.

BACON, LARD, &C.—There is a moderate trade doing, though prices are without change. The demand is strictly confined to the wants of the trade. Sales from packers reported at 14c for plain Hams; 15¼@15½c for S. C. Hams; 16¼@16½c for canvassed S. C. Hams; 11¼@11¾c for sides; 9½@9¾c for shoulders; 23c for Dried Beef; 13½c for Lard and $23 50 ℔ bbl for Mess Pork. A sale of 20 packages country Lard at 12c, reported.

CHEESE—New Cheese begins to arrive more freely and selling from store at 13@15c for W. R. Sweitzer Cheese is quoted at 20c ℔ lb.

EGGS—There is a good demand and a small advance over the prices current a few days ago. Those in good order readily sell, from store, at 16c ℔ dozen. We quote at 15@16c as to condition.

FRUIT—Green Apples are getting rather scarce and in good demand. Prices range from $5@8 ℔ barrel, as to quality. The general quotations, from store, are $6@6 50 ℔ barrel, but an occasional barrel of very choice assorted brings higher figures, whilst inferior qualities sell nominally at lower prices. There is not much doing in Dried Fruits, and prices are to some extent nominal. Apples from store are quoted from 8@10c ℔ lb, as to quality, and Peaches at from 12@20c ℔ lb, a wide range. Sales reported at all these figures.

FLOUR—The market is firm and brisk at the late advance, and prices, from all appearance, will likely be sustained, and perhaps advanced, at least until we have some receipts of the new crop. The imports to this market continue very light, and sales are frequently made several days ahead of receipts. We note sales, to-day, of the following brands: 240 bbls Desplaine's, from store, at $15 00; 100 bbls Emerald, on the track, at $11 90, and 100 bbls Dayton Snow Flake, from store, at $16 00 ℔ bbl. Also sales of 50 bbls spring at $15@15 50 ℔ bbl.

RYE FLOUR—There is a good demand at $10 00 ℔ bbl from store.

CORN MEAL—Market reported firm at $1 25 ℔ bush from store.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—The season being over there is very little doing. We quote at $3 75@4 00 ℔ hundred from store.

GRAIN—There is no wheat selling in this market. The receipts are all on account of millers, and are light in amounts. There is little prospect of receiving in any considerable quantity from any source before harvest. In New York we hear of the purchase of upwards 100,000 bushels California, to arrive from San Francisco within the next sixty days, on private terms. Prices in this market are entirely nominal.

CORN—The market is dull and drooped some in prices, on account of the Eastern decline, which is attributable, says the *Commercial List*, to the falling off in the demand, owing to the reduced limits of shippers' orders, and the firmness of ocean freights contributing to the result. The corn in this market is of a superior quality, compared with the shipments from Western markets to the East, with at least 10c ℔ bush more, consequently large holders are not disposed to sell at any material reduction from the prices current for some time past, feeling sanguine that the Eastern markets will again rally in a short time. The only sale we have reported is 1 car of shelled, delivered, at $1 11 ℔ bush, but offers to sell were made by a few dealers at $1 05@1 08 ℔ bush.

OATS—We have reported sales of 2 car loads, on the track, at 60c ℔ bush; 150 bush, delivered, at 63c ℔ bush, and sales in small lots from store at 65c ℔ bush.

RYE—No sales reported and quotations are given at $1 60@1 65 ℔ bush.

BARLEY—Receipts very light. We note a sale of 150 bush fall at $1 35 ℔ bush.

POTATOES—There appears to be a more active demand. Sales reported of 65 bbls mixed at $2 50 ℔ bbl, and of peachblows at $3 00@3 25 ℔ bbl, and in bags at 95c@1 00 ℔ bush.

SORGHUM—Sales were made at 45@50c ℔ gallon.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
WEDNESDAY, May 15, 1867. }

Business, since our last, was very dull. In fact, the sales were among the smallest we have reported for some time. Buyers appear inclined to hold off and see whether lower prices will be established. The river to Oil City continues in good navigable order, there being plenty of water. The receipts were to a fair extent, reaching in the aggregate 9,417 bbls, by river and rail. Of course, we have reference to the raw material. The largest portion of the receipts go to complete lots that were sold some time since for future delivery. The crude operations were as follows: 600 bbls, bulk, good gravity, at 7c, being equal to 12c, packages included. We also note sales of 1,300 bbls, bulk. The terms were withheld.

REFINED OIL—The market was inactive. Buyers were disposed to hold off. The result was a dull market, the only sale reported being 500 bbls bonded, standard white, on call during 1867, Philadelphia, at 29c, the purchaser paying $1 ℔ bbl for the contract. There were no lots disposed of for immediate delivery.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

Clarke & Co	26	McDonald & Co	10
Lewis & McClure	25	Fisher Bros	3,862
Dilworth & Bro	5,501		
Total			9,417

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

Clark & Sumner, 275 bbls ref. to P Wright & Sons, Philadelphia.
Liberty Oil Works, 185 bbls ref. to C W Morse, Philadelphia.
J Benny, Jr., 200 bbls ref. to F A Dilworth, Phila.
Forsyth, Bro & Co, 101 bbls ref. to I. Wilcox, Phila.
Forsyth, Bro & Co, 50 bbls ref. to W G Warden, Philadelphia.
Mackeown & Bro, 56 bbls refined to W P Logan, Phila.
Lucesco Oil Co, 169 bbls ref. to Brewer, Burke & Co, Phila.
Aladdin Oil Co, 280 bbls ref. to Tack Bros & Co., Philadelphia.
H H Byram, 50 bbls crude, to W Lincoln, Boston.
W P Logan, 118 bbls ref. to J Logan, Phila.
Willis Booth, 59 bbls crude, to E L Kloman, Phila.
Union Ref. & St. Co, 275 bbls ref. to Tack Bros & Co, Phila.
Duff & McCuin, 60 bbls ref. to W P Logan & Co, Philadelphia.
Waring & King, 102 bbls ref. to Waring & King, Philadelphia.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

The receipts of cattle at Chicago during the past week were 8,720 head, and the shipments 6,633 head. The total receipts of cattle for the four months ending April 30th, 1867, were 103,092 head, against 133,303 head the same time last year. The sales during the past week were 8,651 head. Under enormous receipts the market at the opening on Tuesday, says the *Tribune*, was considerably depressed, and prices were weak and irregular. But holders were firm in their views, and, with an excellent quality of stock offering, and under cheering advices from the markets abroad, prices were tolerably well sustained, the decline amounting to not more than 10@15c ℔ 100 lbs on good first and second class steers. The reduction on common and medium grades was more marked, owing to the fact that the demand for these descriptions was comparatively light on the opening days of the week. Sellers, however, were in most instances enabled to realize by conceding 15@25c. There has been throughout a healthy, strong demand on Eastern account, and all desirable shipping stock has been readily absorbed at prices generally satisfactory to sellers. While nearly all principal Eastern points have been represented here, New York, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Philadelphia buyers have taken up the larger share of the offerings, at prices ranging at $7 50@8 00 for medium to good shipping steers, and good fat oxen, and $8 50@9 00 for prime to very extra smooth fat bullocks, averaging from 1,200 to 1,400 lbs and over. The inquiry for stock steers was rather more animated during last week and the week before but the supply of this class of stock was quite sufficient to meet all demands, and prices ruled steady at $6 00@6 50 for common to medium mixed lots, and $6 75@7 25 for fair to good lots. On Saturday the market was quiet, but the feeling was firm, and the little business transacted was at full rates. With the exception of a few "scallawags" the pens were cleared of stock, and the market closed firm at the following quotations:

Extra Beeves—Fine, fat, well formed, 4 to 6 year old steers, and averaging 1,200 lbs and upwards	$8 50@8 87½
Prime Beeves—Good, well fatted, finely-formed steers, averaging from 1,100 to 1,400 lbs, at	8 00@8 25
Fair Grades—Fair steers, in fair flesh, averaging 1,000@1,200 lbs, at	7 25@7 50
Medium Class—Medium steers and good cows, fit for city slaughter and averaging 800@1,000 lbs, at	6 25@7 00
Stock Cattle—Common cattle in decent flesh, averaging 800@1,100 lbs, at	5 75@7 00
Inferior—Light and thin cows and steers	4 50@5 75

HOGS—The receipts, though falling some 3,200 head below those of last week, were liberal for this season of the year, but, under an active demand for the markets of Buffalo, Boston, Baltimore, New York and Philadelphia, prices have been thoroughly sustained, and each day has closed with the pens well cleared. On Saturday the market was active to the full extent of the offerings, everything being readily taken up at $5 75@6 25 for stock hogs and common grades, $6 50@6 75 for medium to fair, and $6 80@7 00 for good to choice hogs.

We give below the closing prices of this week, compared with those of last:

	This week.	Last week.
Good to choice	$6 80@7 00	$6 70@6 85
Medium to fair	6 50@6 70	6 35@6 50
Common	6 00@6 35	6 00@6 25
Stock hogs	5 00@5 75	5 00@5 75

SHEEP—There has been a lively demand throughout, both on shipping account and to supply the wants of the local trade, but, owing to the large arrivals, prices have been barely sustained, shading off 15@25c in favor of buyers. We quote:

Good to choice grades	$7 75@8 00
Medium to fair grades	7 25@7 50
Common grades	6 25@7 00
Inferior	5 75@6 00

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The dry goods market is dull and cotton goods depressed. Standard sheeting are steady at the concession, and selling at 18c for best makes, 17½c for seconds, and 12c for inferior. Unbleached muslin lower; Bartlett 4-4 is down to 19c; Harris 4-4 to 19c; Clinton C C C to 19c; Hill 4-4 to 22½c; do ⅞ to 20c; Lyman Cambric 16½c; Wambek E 4-4 22½c; Londondale 4-4 and Uxbridge 4-4 16½c. Hebron extra heavy 17½c; Booth 5-4 21c. Cottonades lower; Hamilton 21c; Pemberton 30c; New York Mills, plaid, 32½c.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Parkersburg.

PER STEAMER LENI LEOTI.—Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Company, 52 bundles printing paper; J S Dilworth & Co, 2 boxes candles, 1 barrel syrup, 2 empty oil barrels, 18 do boxes, 28 do barrels; James Hamilton, 32 bales hay, 102 sacks corn; Valentine Pitcairn, 30 wagon tongues, 12 pcs boiler stuff; Fetzer & Armstrong, 17 sacks meal; Head & Metzgar, 16 sacks meat; Graff & Reiter, 4 kegs apple butter, 5 tubs butter, 2 barrels eggs; James Irwin & Co, 11 empty carboys; Clarke & Co, 1 engine, boiler and fixtures, 50 barrels oil, 2 casks earthenware; H T Price & Co, 30 barrels oil, 1 letter; Leamon & Weise, 6 dozen chairs, 2 rockers; James Collins, 78 new oil barrels; Fleming & Co, 105 new oil barrels; William Smith, 238 sacks corn; Page, Zellers & Duff, 11 barrels fire clay; Dr Jno Wilson, 1 dog power; William Bingham, 10 bales dry hides; Schomaker & Lang, 165 barrels flour; Stein Brothers, 4 boxes clothing; McElroy & Harrison, 632 bundles paper; J W Rhule & Co, 2 boxes books; Joseph McAlpine & Co, 28 bales hay; James Glenn, 10 sacks oats, 1 bundle sacks; Geo R Porter, 1 half ale barrel, William J Snodgrass, 1 spring wagon and hoister; Campbell & Aiken, 55 bales hay; Andy Jackman 1 bay horse.

Pitts. Brownv. and Geneva U. S. Mail Line.

M W Eckley, 25 bushels wheat; William Pollock & Co, 240 feet lumber; William Scott, 2 boxes merchandise; Britton & South, 120 sacks corn; J F Walter, 2 boxes merchandise; B A Fahnestock, Son & Co, 2 packages sundries; Reymer & Bro, 11 return packages, 1 barrel vinegar; Little, Baird & Patton, 1 box sundries; Hooper, Gutman & Co, 1 pair timber wheels; Pettit & Newlin, 4 barrels, 1 box eggs; M W Rankin, 2 barrels eggs, 1 box sundries, 4 sacks rags; Schomaker & Lang, 18 sacks corn; G Poundstone, 32 sacks oats; A C Whitehouse, 20 bales hay; W J Steel & Bro, 1 sack rags; B Brighouse, 1 buggy, 1 wagon; Mr Wilson, 56 empty packages, 5 barrels do; Means & Coffin, 83 bxs window glass; R C Schmertz, 191 do do; J L Moorhouse, 200 bundles straw boards.

Pitts. Brownv. and Geneva Peoples' Line.

Newcomer, Goe & Co, 1 cask, 14 pieces, 4 shoulders bacon, 9 jars lard; L H Voigt & Co, 3 boxes, 1 cask bacon, 3 sacks rags, 2 barrels eggs; J S Cunningham, 134 barrels whisky, 20 bales hay; Wm Bingham, 22 sacks oats; H Schmertz, 2 boxes butter; H Stamm, 2 packages eggs; M W Rankin, 1 barrel eggs; M Stockdale 7 rolls leather; Johnson & Payne, 1 barrel oil; J Woodwell & Co, 25 return packages.

New York Finance and Trade

Gold Closed at 137@137⅛.

NEW YORK, May 14—P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Money abundant and easy, continuing the sale of loans at 4@5 per cent.

GOLD

More animated and higher, closing at 137 bid, and 137⅛ asked. The shipment to-morrow will be large. The Persia has already $1,375,000 engaged. This is the main reason of the advance.

GOVERNMENTS

Opened lower on 1862 5-20s, and closed quiet and steady. Registered '81, 111⅛@111⅜; Coupons '81, 111⅛@111⅜; 5-20 Coupons '65, 106⅛@106⅜; do January and July, 107⅞@108⅛; 10-40s Registered, 99⅛@99⅜; Coupons, 99⅛@99⅜; August 7-30s, 106¼@106⅜; June 7-30s, 105⅝@105⅞.

STOCKS.

Railway speculation opened with a general improvement in prices. Erie was the great feature, and rose to 64⅝, with large dealings. Northwestern preferred was the great point of interest, and touched 61⅜. Hudson more active and advanced to 102¾. The market was firm at the one o'clock board, but less active and lower at the second board. Prices were steady at the last open board, but a fraction lower, and subsequently closed steady.

CLOSING PRICES.

5:30 prices: Gold, 137@137⅛; Ohio certificates, 23⅞@24⅛; Canton, 43⅝; Cumberland, 30½; Mariposa, 7½; do preferred, 19¼@19⅜; Western Union, 43⅛@43⅜; Pacific Mail, 128@128⅛; Atlantic, 98@98⅜; Erie, 63⅞@64; do preferred, 72@73; New York Central, 97⅞@97⅜; Hudson, 102@102⅛; Reading, 103⅞@103⅜; Michigan Southern, 68@68⅛; Illinois Central, 114@114⅛; Pittsburgh, 74⅛@74⅜; Toledo, 112⅞@114; Rock Island, 89⅞@89⅞; Northwestern, 35⅝@35⅞; do preferred, 60⅝@60⅞; Fort Wayne, 96⅝@97.

THE MINING MARKET

The Mining Board experienced another sensation to-day, disorder being developed in Charter Oak Copper; over 500 shares were bought in under the rule at $20, showing a clear loss to a broker of $9,000.

BORDER STATE BONDS

Are firmer with a sharp advance; New Tennessee 6s, 62½; old Virginia 6s, 65½@66; new North Carolina 6s, 46½@47; Missouri 6s, 93@93¼; Hannibal and St. Joseph bonds 81¼@81½; Pacific bonds, 96⅛@96¼.

STEAMSHIP SHARES

Steady. Coal and miscellaneous shares firmer.

MINING SHARES.

No marked advance and prices generally lower; Gregory, $7 25; Corydon, $1 45@1 50; Quartz Hill, $1 60; Smith & Parmelee, $4 60.

Receipts at the sub-Treasury to-day, $4,256,370; payments, $2,778,464.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Money steady with a fair business at 4@6 percent. on call. Sterling firmer at 109⅝@109⅞, gold, for first-class bills. American gold firmer, opening at 136⅞, and closing at 137⅛. Government stocks without decided change. Freights to Liverpool firmer.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, May 14, 1867.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged; spring extra $12 75@14 50.

WHEAT—Quiet and 5@5½c lower; sales of No. 2 at $2 58@2 64, closing at the inside.

CORN—2½@3c lower; sales at 92@95c for No. 1; 86@88c for No. 2, closing dull.

OATS—Dull and 2c lower; sales of No. 2 at 62½@64½c, closing quiet at the inside.

RYE—More active and 1@2c high, at $1 51@1 54 for No. 1; $1 47 for No. 2.

BARLEY—Quiet and steady.

PROVISIONS—Dull. Mess pork $22 50@22 75. Lard 12½@13c.

BEEF CATTLE—Tolerably active at $6 50@7 00 for common steers; $7 75@8 75 for good to choice shipping.

HOGS—Fairly active at $6 60@7 00 for good to choice smooth.

SHEEP—Dull at $7 25@8 00.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Cotton a shade firmer; sales 2,000 bales at 28c for middling uplands. Flour—Receipts 2,533 bbls; market less active and closes a shade easier; sales 5,100 bbls at $11 50@12 40 for superfine State and Western; $12 90@14 60 for extra Western; $14 75@15 80 for choice do; $14@15 for shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio; $15 10@16 20 for trade brands. California without decided change; sales 1,200 bbls and sacks. Rye flour less active; sales at $8 50@9 600. Whisky firmer; sales 1,500 bbls in bond at 31@33c. No receipts of wheat; market dull and drooping; sales 4,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee at $2 82½, and 7,500 do inferior do at $2 75. Rye opened steady and closed heavy and lower; sales 6,500 bushels Western at $1 65@1 71. Barley quiet. Malt nominal. Receipts of corn 53,257 bushels; market unsettled and 5@10c lower; sales 3,000 bushels at $1 17@1 19 for old mixed western in store, $1 20@1 22 for do delivered; $1 00@1 15 for new mixed western Indiana and white western; $1 23@1 24, for yellow southern, and 80c for damaged mixed western. Receipts of oats, 5,045 bush; oats 2@3c lower: sales 26,000 bush at 85@85c for western; 80c for State. Rice higher; sales 25 tierces Carolina at 11¼@11½c. Coffee quiet. Sugar dull and unchanged; sales 400 hhds at 10¼@10½c for Cuba, and 11c for Porto Rico. Molasses quiet at 52@55c for Cuba; 60@63c for Porto Rico. Petroleum quiet at 16c for Crude, and 26@26½c for refined in bond. Hops quiet. Pork firmer and quiet; sales 2,250 bbls at $23 25 for new mess, closing at $23 35, regular; $22 for old; $19 00@19 25 for prime; $22 for prime mess; also 250 bbls do mess at $23 30, buyers 10 days. Beef firm; sales 310 bbls at previous prices. Tierce beef quiet. Beef hams—sales 160 bbls at $30@41. Bacon steady at 10½c for Cumberland cut; 11@11¼c for long. Cut meats—sales 360 packages at 8½@10c. Lard heavy and lower; sales 950 bbls at 13¼@14c. Butter quiet and unchanged. Cheese unchanged.

LATEST—5 P. M.—The flour market closed dull and 10@15c lower on medium and good grades. Wheat dull and 2@3c lower; No. 2 spring $2 73@2 82; No. 1 spring $2 85@3 00. Rye lower and heavy at $1 65 for Western. Oats dull and lower; Western 82@84c. Corn dull, unsettled and decidedly lower; old shipping mixed Western $1 16@1 17 in store, and $1 19 afloat for new mixed Western. Pork dull. Beef steady and in fair demand. Cut meats in fair inquiry at steady prices. Bacon steady at 12¼c for short clear, and 10¼c for Cumberland cut. Lard firm at 13⅝@13⅞c for fair to prime steam, and 13½@13¾c for kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 14.—Flour dull but prices not lower; superfine $12 50@13 50; trade brands $14@16 50. Wheat dull and prices nominal; some forced sales were made at $3 20@3 25 for No. 1 red winter, but it is held generally 15@20c above this; the millers are doing little or nothing. Corn very dull and prices unsettled; sales of 100,000 bush No. 1 mixed at $1 03 sacked; at close it could not be resold at over 90c, bulk; the market is quite demoralized. Oats irregular, but are selling at 72@73c in elevator, and 75c in bags. Rye steady at $1 70. Barley unchanged and quiet. Whisky advanced to 29@30c, closing with no seller below 30c. Cotton unchanged and firm at 25c for middling, but the demand is light. Provisions unchanged and dull; but little demand for any article. Mess pork is held at $22 50. Bulk meats 7¾c for shoulders, and 10c for sides. Bacon quiet and unchanged; shoulders 9c, and clear sides 12c. Lard sold at 12½c, but the demand is light. Groceries steady. Butter dull at 26@28c. Cheese dull; new 12@14c. Eggs 16c, and in good demand.

Dry goods dull, and all kinds of cotton goods are 3@5c per yard lower. Standard brown sheetings 17@18c. Bleached muslins 19c for Hope, for 4-4. Merrimac prints 16@17c; Sprague's 16c; American and Allen's 15c, and Arnold's 15c. Delaines are down to 20@21c, being a decline of 7c. Gold closed buoyant at 136⅞ buying, and 137 selling.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—Tobacco brisk, with an improved feeling for all grades, but prices are unchanged. Cotton dull at 25c for middling. Flour—Low grades very dull and tending downwards; higher grades firm; fall superfine, $11; Extra $12 50@13; double extra, including choice, $13 50@17 50. Wheat languid and drooping; spring, $2 65@2 85; choice fall, $3 25@3 70. Corn dull and declining, at $1 10@1 13, the latter for strictly choice. Oats firmer at 85@92c. Barley 50c@$1 10 for common to good spring, sacks returned. Rye $1 50@1 52, sacks returned. Mess Pork quiet and unchanged. Bacon firmer, and more doing; clear sides, 12¾@12⅞c; Pork house shoulders, 8¾@9c; plain hams 12¼@13¼c; 14c for canvassed; 15¼c for sugar cured canvassed. Lard quiet at 12½c for choice keg.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, May 14.—Flour firm; sales 550 bbls spring at $14 50; western spring $15. Wheat quiet and Canadian amber $3 25; white $3 50 spring $3 85. Corn dull and heavy, closing with a downward tendency; sales 17,000 bush old mixed western at the close. Oats are dull, nominally 83c for Ohio, and 78c for western. Rye wanted; market bare. Mess pork firm. Lard unchanged. Highwines $2 23 at retail. Ice will not further impede vessels entering or leaving the harbor, as the channel is clear.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, May 14.—Cotton irregular and easier; sales 2,700 bales; low middling 24½@25c. Receipts for three days 2,666 bales; exports 17,849 bales. Sugar and molasses nominal. Flour dull and depressed; superfine $13 25. Corn dull and drooping; sales at $1 45. Oats firm at 90@95c. Lard firm and unchanged. Pork firm at $24 25@24 50. Bacon in fair demand and unchanged. Gold 135⅝. Sterling 145@149. New York sight exchange par @⅛ premium.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, May 14.—Sales 234 hhds leaf tobacco at $2 50@16 75 for light lugs to medium leaf. Superfine flour inactive at $10@11. Red winter wheat $3. Corn firm; shelled, delivered, $1 16@1 20; ear in bulk 93c. Oats in bulk 81c. Cotton—Low middling 23@23½c. Mess pork $22 50. Bacon shoulders 9@9¼c. Clear sides 12¼c. Lard in tierces 12½c for leaf. Raw whisky $2 20@2 22.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Coffee unchanged. Flour nominal. Wheat nominal and unchanged. Corn declined. Oats steady at 79@80c. Sugar dull and unchanged. Provisions quiet. Bulk meats steady; shoulders 9c, sides 10½@10¾c, loose and packed. Bacon dull. Mess pork $23 75. Lard 13½c for city and western in tierces. Whisky in bond 30@31c.

Cambridge Cattle Market.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., May 14.—Beef cattle—receipts 362; average quality better than last week, and prices ½@¾c higher; extra $14 00@14 75; first quality $13 00@13 50; second quality $12 00@12 50; third quality $11 00@11 50. Sheep and lambs—receipts 769; prices ½c higher; sales at 5@10c; spring lambs, $6@9.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, May 14.—Flour quiet. Wheat nominally lower; amber Michigan is held at $3 27 without buyers. Corn opened at 95c, for No. 1, advanced 2c, but closed with the advance lost; No. 2 82@84c. Oats 1c lower; sales at 69c. Rye scarce. Lake freights nominal at 4c on corn by steam to Buffalo.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, May 14.—Flour quiet and steady; double extra, $13 50@14 50; extra, $12 25@13 37½. Wheat declined to $2 90 for No. 1, $2 76@2 78 for No. 2. Oats dull at 67@67½ for No. 2. Corn dull at $1 00 for No. 1 old; 95c for new shelled.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, May 14.—Cotton quiet and firm; receipts 112 bales; no exports. Corn firm at $1 35@1 37. Oats firm at 95@97c. Hay higher at $30@32. Pork $24@24 50. Bacon—clear sides 13@13½c. Lard 13½@14c. Other markets unchanged.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.
HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
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Dealers in EXCHANGE, COIN, COUPONS, &c.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
GOVERNMENT BONDS,
SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON,

BUNGS,
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I am prepared to furnish Oil Dealers, Refiners, Brewers, &c., with a very superior article of TURNED AND PRESSED BUNGS.
Orders respectfully solicited.
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THE
GROVER & BAKER
Has stood the test on every conceivable kinds of work, and has outlived the criticisms and envy of all its opponents and rivals. For sale at No. 105 FIFTH STREET.

BUNGS,
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We are now manufacturing a superior article of
COMPRESSED AND CUT BUNGS,
And would respectfully call the attention of Oil Dealers, Refiners, Brewers, &c., to our stock before purchasing elsewhere. And have also on hand a large stock of Rosin, Pitch, Irish Moss, Wood Shovels, Corks, Plugs, Taps, &c., which we will sell at Eastern prices.
ARMSTRONG, BRO. & CO.,
123 and 125 THIRD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
Constantly on hand; quality warranted. Liberal inducements to parties buying in lots.
W. M. GORMLY,
tf 371 Liberty street.

RIVER TELECRAMS.

Oil City.

OIL CITY, May 14th, 7 P. M.—Weather cool and raining slightly. River five feet and rising slowly.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 14.—The river is falling very slowly, with eight feet eight inches water in the canal by the mark.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, May 14.—The river has fallen four inches to-day. Weather hot.

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Gallatin	Carlisle	Greensboro.
Elector	Phillips	Greensboro.
Elisha Bennett	Cox	Greensboro.
Fayette	Donaldson	Brownsville.
Grey Eagle	Brennan	Parkersburg.
Ida Rees No. 2	Rees	Oil City.

Departed.

Gallatin	Carlisle	Greensboro.
Elector	Phillips	Greensboro.
Elisha Bennett	Cox	Greensboro.
Fayette	Donaldson	Brownsville.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Leni Leoti	Hamilton	Parkersburg.
Spray	Smith	Portsmouth.
Wild Duck	Adams	St. Louis.
Urilda	Russell	Oil City.

THE RIVER AND MATTERS ALONG THE WHARF.—The weather since our last was changeable—on Monday night we had heavy rains, and at various points not far from this city we had heavy hail storms. The Monongahela marks indicate six feet six inches; the Allegheny marks, seven feet six inches. The Argosy came in with a big trip. She leaves this day at noon for Cincinnati and way points. The Spray left last evening for Portsmouth with a good trip. The Parkersburg packet, Leni Leoti, left on time with a good trip. The sidewheel steamer Grey Eagle leaves for the Parkersburg oil regions this day at noon. The Wild Duck, with the model barges Dove and Swan, left last evening for St. Louis with a good trip. The Kenton is the only boat loading for Memphis and New Orleans. Shippers will bear this in mind; she will go through without re-shipping. The Urilda left for Oil City with a fair trip. The Kate Robinson is announced for Cairo and St. Louis; and will be the first boat to leave. The Julia No. 2, a first class packet, is announced for Louisville and Nashville on Saturday. The following named towboats came in since our last: Wild Cat, Lioness, Greyhound, Lion, Star. From present appearances these boats will not have to wait long for a return trip.

THE steamers Minnie and Belle were advertised to leave Cincinnati for this port on Tuesday.

THE towboat Boaz passed Cairo on her way up from New Orleans with a tow of empty barges.

FREIGHT at Evansville for New Orleans is very plenty.

THE Parkersburg packet for this day is the side wheel steamer Grey Eagle, Captain Brennan. She has fine accommodations and attentive officers.

BOATS IN PORT.—Glendale, Maggie Hays, R. C. Gray, Kate Robinson, Julia No. 2, Spray, Grey Eagle, Delaware, Lorena, and Kenton.

THE steamers Belle Vernon and Armenia arrived at Cincinnati on Saturday night loaded to their utmost capacity, and left on Sunday morning for St. Louis.

PEOPLE who travel on the Richmond will have to keep their mouths closed, as one of the passengers on the last trip not only lost his money but had his teeth extracted. So says the Louisville *Democrat*.

THE Great Republic paid the Baltic $2,000 to lay over at St. Louis Friday and Saturday, a good trip for the Baltic made in port. Of course she did—and had plenty left to pay the same amount for some time to come.

THE tow-boat Wild Duck left yesterday for St. Louis, with the model barges, Wild Duck and Swan, in tow. The pilots were Albert Williamson and L. C. Patterson.

ST. PAUL, MINN., May 11.—The steamer Julia, of the Northwestern Packet Company, was snagged and sunk near Mankato. The passengers escaped, but the cargo was lost.

THE fine St. Louis packet Kate Robinson, Captain R. Robinson, is the regular packet for Cairo and St. Louis. This boat has the best of accommodations, and is well found in every respect. Our old friend J. A. Bears does the honors in the office, and they are well done.

HO! FOR THE SUNNY SOUTH.—The fine packet Kenton, Captain Dunlap, is announced for New Orleans direct, being her third trip this Spring. This boat is noted for superior accommodations and attentive officers. Call early and secure a stateroom.

THE steamer Nashville arrived at Cairo with 225 hhds of tobacco from Nashville, the largest amount of tobacco brought from the Cumberland since the war.

ST. LOUIS.—The wharfmaster's report made to the Council at St. Louis, states that he received for wharfage in one year the sum of $79,098 70, out of which he expended $12,466 70, but gives no items. It will thus be seen that the collections exceeded the outlay over $65,000.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* says: Business during the last week was no exception to the past several weeks. One or two days were marked with moderate activity, but the aggregate may be stated in one word—dull. Prospects, we regret to observe, are very unfavorable for a short and unprofitable season. This result may possibly be averted, but experienced steamboatmen pronounce it a foregone conclusion.

IN TOWN.—We are pleased to meet our friends Capt. Evans of the Westmoreland, and Capt. J. M. Vandergrift, Assistant Clerk of the same steamer. They are in the enjoyment of excellent health—long may it continue. They report Hayes, of the Louisville *Democrat*, in the last stage of ——.

THE punctual steamer Argosy, Captain Vandergrift, leaves this day at noon for Cincinnati and way points. This boat has unsurpassed accommodations and is in charge of careful and experienced officers. Mr. Scott who has charge of the office will see that passengers have the best of attention.

THE following steamers were in port at Cincinnati on Monday: Camelia, John H. Groesbeck, Westmoreland, Pine Grove, Lizzie Hopkins, New York, Wauanita, Starlight, Golden Eagle, Nightingale, Leonora No. 2, Leonidas, Tahlequah, Emma No. 3, Rowena, Amazon, Anglo Saxon, Louisiana, Emerald, Ezra Porter, W. F. Curtis, Magnolia and Major Anderson.

BUILDING SNAG BOATS.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* has the following: It is rumored that the contracts for building three snag boats for the United States Government, for service on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, will be awarded as follows: Marine Railway Company, of Cincinnati, to build two hulls; Dennis Long, of Louisville, one pair of engines and machinery, and the Madison Works one pair of engines and machinery; and William Jones, of New Albany, one hull.

THE arrival of the coal fleet at Louisville during the past week amounts to 100 barges and 40 flatboats, containing 1,915,000 bushels. Out of the above amount of coal, about 1,560,000 bushels have gone below the falls, destined for the lower market. Capt. Thomas Fawcett's new towboat Boaz, will take 275,000 bushels of this coal to New Orleans, and would leave on Monday, the 13th inst.

THE Louisville *Democrat* of Sunday says:

The Minnie left for "Smoketown" last evening. She had a sugar-loaf pilot house on her, with the Goddess of Liberty, in a dirty dress, on top of that. Ought to give the "old girl" a new frock—short kind. The Lake Erie No. 2 is coming from New Orleans with sixteen empty barges. A big load that.

CAPT. D. DE HAVEN, of New Orleans, President of the Mississippi Valley Navigation Company, is at the Spencer House, explaining his new project for the construction of an immense steamer for navigating the Mississippi River between Cairo and New Orleans. The hull is to be 365 feet, over all, sixty-three feet beam, with thirteen feet depth of hold, and ample power. Captain De Haven will be pleased to explain his project to all interested in steamboating, at his rooms at the Spencer House, Cincinnati.

THE Louisville *Democrat* man is rather severe on his brother of the *Courier*. If you don't think so, listen:

"The *Courier* of yesterday 'howls' piteously about other boats from other ports coming here and carrying off freights. The Louisville merchants and shippers won't encourage their own boats, and because they patronize other people's boats, the *Courier* pitches in and abuses the boats for it. The *Courier* would *dam* any river in the world or anything else it has anything to do with. Ought to build a rail fence across the river above this city, and stop other people's boats from carrying off freight from here."

A SAD PICTURE.—The Plaquemine *South* says: Most of the larger sugar estates on the east bank of the Mississippi, in the parishes of Ascension and Iberville, in former times so productive and thoroughly tilled, are nearly all lying comparatively idle and growing up in weeds and bushes, as fast as neglect and a rich soil and tropical climate can produce such a result. The large plantations of Ed. Moore, Charles A. Brusle, Pritchard, General R. C. Camp, Hagan and J. H. Chestnut, in Iberville, and the yet larger estates of Minor, Tillotson, Brown, Doyal, Trasimond, Landry, Gov. Manning and others, in Ascension, are still lying comparatively unworked, and in several instances entirely abandoned.

THE Richmond has not yet made her three day trip to Louisville. The *Democrat* reporter has come to the conclusion that the time has arrived for this boat to do something. The *Democrat* of Sunday has the following:

THE RICHMOND.—This new New Orleans packet did not leave until late last evening, in consequence of having her buckets attended to. They took in too much water, or in other words the wheels had too much "dip." We hope it will improve her running capacity. The public are on the tip-toe of expectation, awaiting an opportunity for Capt. Neal to "let her out." If she does not do some tall running soon, the public will give her up, and the river columns of the *Courier* will "bust" "sky-hi."

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

G W Coffin, 7 bundles oars; Fairbanks, Morse & Co, 11 boxes scales; Anderson, Boyd & Co, 25 pieces un. marble; W McWhinney & Co, 43 bundles spokes; B L Fahnestock & Co, 1 box vials, 3 barrels glass; B Wolff, Jr & Co, 3 half barrels tools, 5 boxes pipes; E Wormsley, 20 caddies tobacco; O'Hara & Robinson, 7 casks bottles; E Lythe, 1 cask ware; Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co, 15 boxes cheese; L H Voigt & Co, 32 boxes cheese, 45 barrels potatoes, 5 barrels eggs, 2 tubs butter, 10 barrels apples, 1 half barrel butter; Schultz, Son & Co, 1 barrel eggs; W J Steel & Bro, 1 keg butter; Thomas Mitchell, 5 packages produce; J H Hilleman, 1 box merchandise; John Schnauper, 1 box; Parke, McCurdy & Co, 2 barrels and 1 box copper, 1 still; L B Dickinson, 1 car potatoes, Schultz & Danner, 1 barrel eggs; T C Jenkins, 2 barrels eggs, 13 boxes cheese; Alexander Martin, 11 empty boxes; J M Tate, 24 chimney tops; J McAlpine & Co, 11 barrels potatoes, 6 sacks; Totten & Co, 5 barrels flour; James Glenn, 7 sacks rye; Campbell & Brown, 2 half barrels butter; P Cummings, lot of household goods; E H Myers & Co, 14 barrels sugar; Arbuckles & Co, 38 barrels sugar, 37 boxes do; Evans, Dallas & Gilmore, 200 bales oakum; J D Dravo, 100 bxs soap; Schomaker & Lang, 160 do do; Head & Metzgar, 120 do do, 6 barrels seed, 1 keg lard, 1 keg butter; J England, 1 box hardware; William Flaccus & Son, 10 rolls leather; Adam Hare, lot of household goods; James Connor, 56 doz brooms; O Barnett, 1 barrel and 1 keg eggs, 1 tub butter; E Heazelton, 2 boxes cans.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—J Hutchinson, 30 dozen brooms; R T Kennedy & Bro, 1 car wheat; J D Laying, 6 cars coal.

Pitts. Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Parke, Bros & Co, 293 bars steel, 33 bundles do; T C Jenkins, 400 barrels flour; T Maiony, 14 crates scrap iron; Wright & Deaton, 1 car wheat; Deatrich & Son, 200 pigs lead; E Heazelton, 100 barrels flour, 6 doz washboards; J Gardiner & Co, 100 barrels flour; Kirkpatrick, Herron & Co, 100 do flour; E H Myers & Co, 100 do flour; B L Fahnestock, Son & Co, 2 barrels japan; S Ewart & Co, 2 doz tubs; W H Kirkpatrick & Co, 3½ doz tubs, 8 doz pails, 10 boxes cheese; J D Dravo, 3 doz tubs; Arbuckles & Co, 15 dozen pails, 9 do washboards; Henry Rea Jr, 211 sacks oats, 50 sacks corn; R F Weddle, 1 wagon; G Spencer, 6 plows; Hall & Speer, 4 bundles plow points, 1 Tslide, 6 plows, 36 points; D Wallace, 23 sacks corn; H Riddle, 5 barrels eggs, 1 firkin butter, 1 barrel tallow, 10 boxes cheese; W J Steel & Bro, 1 barrel eggs, 4 boxes butter; W W Bradshaw, 1 case hardware; Demmler & Bro, 1 do do; A Hoevler & Co, 11 hhd horns, 4 boxes do, 5 barrels do, 1 cask do, 1 package tails; Shriver, Spencer & Co, 1 keg tobacco; Schnelbach & Schott, 1 car hay; Newcomer, Goe & Co, 12 boxes cheese; J Woodwell & Son, 2 boxes hardware; McElroy & Harrison, 160 bundles paper; John Porterfield & Co, 1 box tobacco; Godfrey & Clark, 54 sks rags; J Hall & Co, 1 car plow handles; J B Canfield & Son, 6 tubs butter.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—R T Kennedy & Bros 1 car wheat; Pittsburgh National Plow Co, 15 plow, 10 points; Beggs & Co, 1 box; T Aitwater & Co, 2 cars stone; R M Martin, 1 car hay; Ewer, Hamilton & Co, 60 sacks seed, 1 empty keg; D De Haven & Co, 5 barrels clay, 5,000 fire brick; Anschutz & Son, 141 tiles; C & J, 1 barrel empty bottles; D Wenkle, 5 boxes; J Harbison, 2 sacks seed, W P Townsend, 16 casks; Owens & Kennedy, 36 barrels apples; Kohen & Bro, 2 barrels cider; Crawford & Co, 72 sacks oats, 13 sacks corn, 15 baskets, 2 boxes eggs; W R Coates, 2 lots household goods; W M McCreery, 89 stakes; Superior Iron Company, 5 cars limestone; H Johnston, 1 lot household goods; C Coleman, 1 rake; S M Cummings, 1 crank; J Lautner, 4 bundles hoops; T Heppart, 5 cases boots; Albert & W, 5 rolls leather; J Stevenson, 2 boxes hardware; Means, McC & Co, 1 car hay; R T Kennedy & Bro, 2 cars wheat.

Pitts. Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad.

T C Jenkins, 9 barrels dried apples; Schnelbach & Schott, 10,000 lbs mill feed, 10 barrels, 40 sacks flour, 27 sacks rye, 5 sacks rags, 4 barrels vinegar; A Means 6 sacks oats, 8 sacks corn; W J Goodman, 4 barrels scrap iron, 1 keg do; Schomaker & Lang, 23 half barrels fish; McCullough, Smith & Co, 10 do do; McHenry & Hood, 27 sacks barley, 20 sacks oats; M W Rankin, 2 barrels flaxseed, 3 sacks dried apples; J D Whitcombe, 24 bars iron; Buffum, Kehew & Co, 11 barrels oil; John S Dilworth & Co, 1 barrel beans; Shriver, Spencer & Co, 1 barrel eggs, 1 do dried apples, 1 box butter, 1 keg butter, 3 sacks potatoes; Bricker & Co, 71 sacks corn; Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, 1 keg nuts; P H Laufman & Co, 5 bundles hoes; Logan & Gregg, 20 bundles hoes; J H Parker, 12 tierces hams; J M Tate, 3 boxes ranges, 1 water cask; Frauenheim, M & Co, 15 sacks barley, 6 sacks oats.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Martin Brickell & Co, 1 car nails; J Laughlin, 1 car pig iron; J Woodward, 1 car stone; H Langkamp, 5 doz bushel baskets; Patrick Hoops, 13 pcs grading tools; William Flaccus & Son, 19 rolls leather; E Heazleton, 3 sacks seed, 1 box butter; D Gill, 2 half [illegible] Schwalm, 6 boxes, 2 firkins butter, 1 [illegible] chests tea; Allegheny Fertilizing Company, 1 car lime; Lewis & Hoffman, 4 sheep, 6 lambs; P Shearer, 40 bushels potatoes, 40 sacks oats; John Hoffman, 7 sheep, 15 lambs, 7 calves; H McCready, 29 sacks [illegible]; S Young, 34 bushels potatoes; Monongahela House, 8 packages marketing; Various owners, 3 cars marketing.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Fry & Scott, 335 boxes glass; S Ewart & Co, 1 keg lard; C M Templeton, 1 box merchandise; Reymer & Bro, 1 box cheese, 1 do tobacco; William McCune, 1 car lumber; C P Markle & Co, 40 bundles printing paper; J Lowman, 1 lot lumber; W F Armstrong, 117 bundles sheet iron; J Dunlay, 16 do do; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 1 coil and 4 bundles rope, 1 shaft, 30 bales oakum.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE IN PACKAGES OF ONE HUNDRED EACH.

CLEAR BACON SIDES.
10 hhds handsome CLEAR BACON SIDES.
30,000 lbs handsome CLEAR RIBB SIDES.
SUGAR CURED HAMS.
100,000 lbs very choice, just received. Also 10,000 pieces CANVASSED S. C. HAMS, for summer use;
100 boxes BREAKFAST BACON;
100 bbls DRIED BEEF ROUNDS;
150 dozen LARGE BEEF TONGUES;
50 kegs SPICED PIGS FEET.
F. SELLERS & CO.,
PORK PACKERS & LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,
Penn and Wayne sts., Pittsburgh.

RIVER PACKETS.

Monongahela River.

1867 MONONGAHELA RIVER 1867
PITTSBURGH,
BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA
MAIL LINE,
PACKET COMPANY,
Will run four elegant side-wheel Passenger Packets.
ELISHA BENNETT........M. A. COX.
FAYETTE........CAPT. P. DONALDSON.
GALLATIN........CAPT. A. S. CARLISLE.
FRANKLIN........CAPT. Z. W. CARMACK.
TELEGRAPH........CAPT. D. BODOHER.
To all Points on the Monongahela River, Leaves Pittsburgh daily at 8 A. M. and 3 P. M.
No Commission on Eastern Freights.
J. L. MOORHOUSE,
AGENT, PITTSBURGH.
LEVI COLVIN, Brownsville.

TO ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.
PEOPLE'S LINE.
1867. 1867.
The new and elegant side-wheel Passenger Packets
CHIEFTAIN........CAPT. S. R. ABRAMS.
ELECTOR........CAPT. R. T. PHILLIPS.
LEAVE PITTSBURGH DAILY AT 8 P. M.
Wharfboat foot of Grant street.
No Commission on Eastern Freight.
J. S. CUNNINGHAM, AGENT.

Wheeling and Matamoras.

Regular Pittsburgh, Wheeling and Matamoras Packet.
LEAVES PITTSBURGH EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY—11 O'CLOCK A. M.
The fine side-wheel packet INGOMAR, FRED. KIMPLE, Master, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

St. Louis Advertisement.

1867. 1867.
NORTHERN LINE
FROM
ST. LOUIS TO ST. PAUL.
One of these elegant Steamers leaves St. Louis daily for St. Paul and all intermediate points on the Upper Mississippi River. Through receipts for freight and Passengers given by Pittsburgh Line Boats, connecting with Northern Line at St. Louis, thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates.
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JOHN FLACK, Agents, or to
B. C. GRAY.

Marietta and Parkersburg.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,
Marietta & Parkersburg Line
1867. 1867.
Leaving Company's Wharf boat, foot Wood st., Daily at 12 M.
MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.
BAYARD........GEORGE D. MOORE, Master.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
LENI LEOTI........J. HAMILTON, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE........C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

Pittsburgh and Portsmouth.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis and Portsmouth.
EVERY TUESDAY, 3 P. M.
The fine passenger steamer SPRAY, GEO. SMITH Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JOHN FLACK,
C. BARNES, Agents.

For Marietta, Gallipolis and Portsmouth
EVERY FRIDAY AT 4 P. M.
The new and splendid passenger steamer ROBERT MOORE, H. KERR, Commander, will run as a regular packet leaving as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK,
C. BARNES, Agents.

Cincinnati.

For Cincinnati.
REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET.
LEAVES WEDNESDAY—12 M.
The new and splendid steamer ARGOSY, Captain LOUIS VANDERGRIFT, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
BARNES & COLLINS, Agents.

Cincinnati and Louisville.

For Cincinnati, Louisville and Nashville
SATURDAY, MAY 18—4 P. M.
The fine passenger steamer JULIA NO. 2, WILLIAM COULSON, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Louisville and Cincinnati.
EVERY SATURDAY, at 12 M.
The fine passenger packet BELLE, LAUGHREY Commander, will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
C. BARNES, Agent.

St. Paul.

For St. Louis, Keokuk, Dubuque and St. Paul.
WEDNESDAY, 15TH INST.—4 P. M.
The splendid steamer KATE ROBINSON, Captain ROBINSON, will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
JOHN FLACK, Agents.

Memphis and New Orleans.

For Memphis and New Orleans.
THURSDAY, MAY 16.
The splendid passenger steamer KENTON, J. H. DUNLAP, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
BARNES & COLLINS,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
JOHN FLACK, Agents.

R. HUTCHINSON'S COAL WORKS.—TO STEAMBOATMEN
These works are situated one and a half miles below Bellaire. Messrs. ROBERT HUTCHINSON & CO. are prepared to
FURNISH STEAMBOATS WITH LUMP COAL
of the best quality at 7 cents per bushel, and nut coal at the lowest price. A share of patronage is respectfully solicited. tf

FOR SALE.
21 SHARES
OF PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA UNION PACKET LINE.
Inquire at 135 WYLIE STREET.
tf WM. McELROY.

PROPOSALS.

WESTERN RIVER IMPROVEMENTS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Superintending Engineer of the Western River improvement, &c. No. 4, Public Landing, Cincinnati, Ohio, until WEDNESDAY, the 22d of May, 1867, for removing obstructions to the navigation, such as snags, wrecks, sunken barges, logs, boats, or the like, from the Missouri river, or from the Arkansas river, separate proposals being required, naming the river in which the bidder proposes to work; the intention being to have one boat, &c., equipped, as below named, on each river.

Bidders will specify the price per day for each day's work for which they will agree to furnish everything necessary to do the work under the superintendence of a person to be appointed by the said Engineer; said price to cover the furnishing of a light draught steamer, one strongly decked flat, one crane and crane boat, and the necessary screws, chains, ropes, levers, saws, axes and requisite utensils, fixtures, &c., suitable for such work, and including the pay and expenses of Captain, Pilot, Steam Engineer and Crew, and ten men for running the steamer and doing the work. All expenses to be paid and all risks borne by the party proposing, it being understood that the Government will be responsible for the payment of nothing more than the sum per day that may be agreed upon.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids, if it may be deemed to the interest of the Government to do so.

For more particular information apply, by letter or otherwise, at the Office above named, in Cincinnati, Ohio, where may be obtained the printed forms for making bids and naming the sureties, a close conformity to which forms must be observed to insure attention to the bids.

By order of the Chief of Engineers U. S. Army.
JOHN N. MACOMB,
Colonel of Engineers U. S. Army,
In charge of Improvement of Missouri and Arkansas Rivers.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS
ARE NOW CONSIDERED
Superior to any others in Market
S. S. MARVIN,
LATE R. & J. DAVIS,
No. 91 LIBERTY STREET, foot of Fourth.

TO BUSINESS MEN.—A RELIABLE PERSON of experience as Book-keeper and Salesman, desires a
PERMANENT ENGAGEMENT,
Either in this city or East. Reference such as desired. Address, "WARREN,"
Box 49, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. H. KNOX. ROBERT C. ORR.
KNOX & ORR
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 268 Liberty St.
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